abcam

ab137020

Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR9393
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.09 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/100 - 1/250
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/100 - 1/250
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Expected

Species	Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IP

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/250 - 1/500
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat, Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/10 - 1/100
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Expected

Species	Rat, Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information ATP2A2

Function This magnesium-dependent enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the translocation of calcium from the cytosol to the sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen (PubMed:12542527, PubMed:16402920). Involved in autophagy in response to starvation. Upon interaction with VMP1 and activation, controls ER-isolation membrane contacts for autophagosome formation (PubMed:28890335). Also modulates ER contacts with lipid droplets, mitochondria and endosomes (PubMed:28890335). In coordination with FLVCR2 mediates heme-stimulated switching from mitochondrial ATP synthesis to thermogenesis (By similarity).

Isoform 2. Involved in the regulation of the contraction/relaxation cycle. Acts as a regulator of TNFSF11-mediated Ca(2+) signaling pathways via its interaction with TMEM64 which is critical for the TNFSF11-induced CREB1 activation and mitochondrial ROS generation necessary for proper osteoclast generation. Association between TMEM64 and SERCA2 in the ER leads to cytosolic Ca(2+) spiking for activation of NFATC1 and production of mitochondrial ROS, thereby triggering Ca(2+) signaling cascades that promote osteoclast differentiation and activation.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	SERCA2 ATPase also known as sarco/endoplasmic reticulum Ca^{2+}-ATPase 2 or ATP2A2 is an important pump responsible for the active transport of calcium ions from the cytosol into the sarcoplasmic or endoplasmic reticulum. This protein has a molecular weight of 110 kDa. It plays an important role in maintaining calcium homeostasis in muscle cells and is expressed in various tissues but particularly in cardiac and skeletal muscle. This pump uses energy from ATP hydrolysis to move calcium ions against their concentration gradient.

Biological function summary	The proper regulation of calcium ion levels by SERCA2 ATPase is essential for muscle contraction and relaxation cycles. SERCA2 exists as a part of the complex machinery in muscle cells closely interacting with phospholamban in the cardiac muscle to regulate its activity. Efficient functioning of SERCA2 directly influences calcium ion storage in the sarcoplasmic reticulum affecting muscle physiology and performance.
Pathways	The involvement of SERCA2 ATPase in the calcium signaling pathway and excitation-contraction coupling is significant. The protein's function is intimately linked with RYR2 (ryanodine receptor 2) as they both participate in the regulation of calcium ion flow in muscle cells. This interaction is necessary for the proper release and uptake of calcium ions during muscle contraction and relaxation cycles.
Associated diseases and disorders	SERCA2 ATPase mutations or dysregulation can lead to cardiac diseases such as heart failure and muscle disorders like Brody myopathy. Heart failure often results from impaired calcium handling due to disruptions in the interaction between SERCA2 and associated proteins like phospholamban. Abnormalities in SERCA2 expression or function can lead to either excessive storage or insufficient release of calcium contributing to the pathological state of these conditions.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

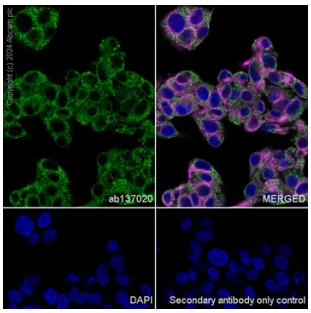
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

6 product images

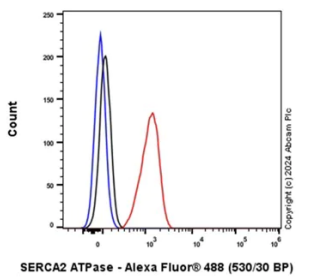


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized HepG2 (human hepatocellular carcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling SERCA2 ATPase with ab137020 at 1/50 dilution followed by a secondary antibody ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed used at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution (Green).

Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining in HepG2 cells (shown in green). The counterstain was observed in magenta. Nuclear DNA was labeled with DAPI (shown in blue). Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).

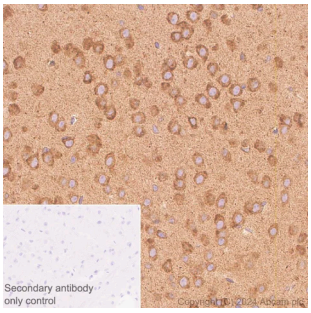
ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 (2.5ug/ml) dilution (Magenta). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

SERCA2 ATPase Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody

Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling SERCA2 ATPase with ab137020 at 1/200 dilution (0.25µg) following Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) used at 1/2000 dilution (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

SERCA2 ATPase Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody

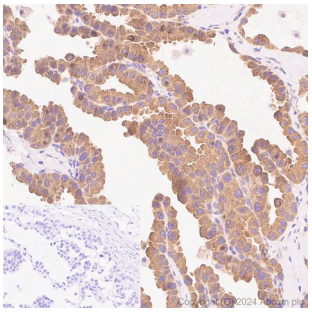
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse cerebrum tissue labeling SERCA2 ATPase with ab137020 at 1/5000 (0.018 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeciaDS9800 (BondTM Polymer Refine Detection). Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Positive staining on mouse cerebrum.

The section was incubated with ab137020 for 10 mins at room temperature.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0 Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

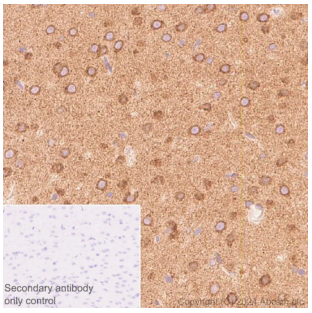
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse lung cancer tissue labeling SERCA2 ATPase with ab137020 at 1/5000 (0.018 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeciaDS9800 (BondTM Polymer Refine Detection). Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Positive staining on mouse lung cancer.

The section was incubated with ab137020 for 10 mins at room temperature.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0 Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

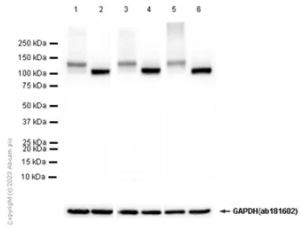
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat cerebrum tissue labeling SERCA2 ATPase with ab137020 at 1/5000 (0.018 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeciaDS9800 (BondTM Polymer Refine Detection). Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Positive staining on rat cerebrum.

The section was incubated with ab137020 for 10 mins at room temperature.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0 Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins.



Western blot - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

SERCA2 ATPase Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-SERCA2 ATPase antibody [EPR9393] (ab137020)

Lane 1:
Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia T lymphocyte) whole cell lysate, boiled at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia T lymphocyte) whole cell lysate, unboiled at 20 µg

Lane 3:
C6 (Rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysate, boiled at 20 µg

Lane 4:
C6 (Rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysate, unboiled at 20 µg

Lane 5:
NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate, boiled at 20 µg

Lane 6:
NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate, unboiled at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Observed band size: 115 kDa

Exposure time: 20s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.