abcam

ab157185

Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)]

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 50% Tissue culture supernatant, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR11449(B)
Purity	Tissue culture supernatant
Specificity	The mouse and rat recommendation is based on the WB results. We do not guarantee IHC-P for mouse and rat.

Reactivity data

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50 - 1/100
Notes	The mouse and rat recommendation is based on the WB results. We do not guarantee IHC-P for mouse and rat.

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/10 - 1/100
Notes	-

Flow Cyt

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/60
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/10000 - 1/50000
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information ADRM1

Function Component of the 26S proteasome, a multiprotein complex involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins (PubMed:16815440, PubMed:16906146, PubMed:16990800, PubMed:17139257, PubMed:18497817,

PubMed:24752541, PubMed:25702870, PubMed:25702872). This complex plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins, which could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required (PubMed:16815440, PubMed:16906146, PubMed:16990800, PubMed:17139257, PubMed:18497817, PubMed:24752541, PubMed:25702870, PubMed:25702872). Therefore, the proteasome participates in numerous cellular processes, including cell cycle progression, apoptosis, or DNA damage repair (PubMed:16815440, PubMed:16906146, PubMed:16990800, PubMed:17139257, PubMed:18497817, PubMed:24752541, PubMed:25702870, PubMed:25702872). Within the complex, functions as a proteasomal ubiquitin receptor (PubMed:18497817). Engages and activates 19S-associated deubiquitinases UCHL5 and PSMD14 during protein degradation (PubMed:16906146, PubMed:16990800, PubMed:17139257, PubMed:24752541). UCHL5 reversibly associate with the 19S regulatory particle whereas PSMD14 is an intrinsic subunit of the proteasome lid subcomplex (PubMed:16906146, PubMed:16990800, PubMed:17139257, PubMed:24752541).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C

Notes

Species reactivity
Mouse, Rat: We have preliminary internal testing data to indicate this antibody may not react with these species. Please contact us for more information.

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	ADRM1 known also as ARM-1 or arm protein is an essential component of the proteasome system playing an important role in ubiquitin-proteasome pathway. Its molecular mass is about 42-46 kDa. ADRM1 protein is expressed across various tissues with significant presence in tissues requiring active protein degradation such as liver muscle and neurons. This protein interacts with other subunits in large protein complexes contributing to the regulation of protein turnover.
Biological function summary	The ADRM1/ARM-1 protein binds ubiquitinated substrates and shuttles them to the 26S proteasome for degradation. It acts as a receptor on the regulatory particle of the proteasome complex where it recruits deubiquitinating enzymes. This positions ADRM1 as an integral part of the protein degradation machinery ensuring removal of damaged misfolded or unnecessary proteins and maintaining cellular protein homeostasis.
Pathways	ADRM1 plays a significant role within the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway which is important for protein catabolism. It partners with regulatory proteins like Rpn13 to mediate the recognition and processing of polyubiquitinated substrates. The efficient functioning of this pathway highlights its importance in regulating the cell cycle and various signaling pathways including NF-kB signaling which affects immune response and apoptosis.
Associated diseases and disorders	Dysfunction of ADRM1 can lead to pathological consequences. Its aberrant activity links to cancer particularly in solid tumors due to its role in controlling the degradation of cell cycle proteins. Additionally alterations in ADRM1 functionality can affect Alzheimer's disease as proper protein turnover is important in preventing accumulation of protein aggregates. Interactions with proteins like USP14 and UCHL5 further illustrate ADRM1's involvement in these pathologies marking it as a potential therapeutic target.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

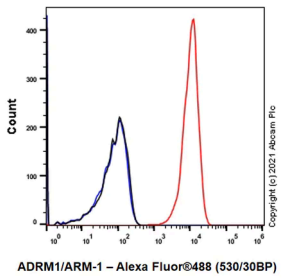
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

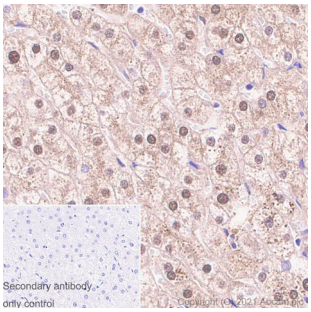
8 product images



Flow Cytometry - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 Flow Cytometry staining using rabbit Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody

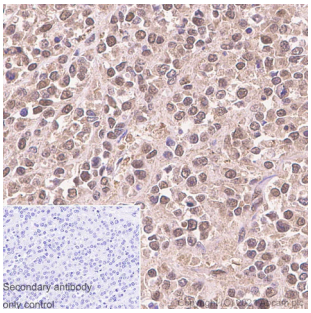
Flow Cytometry analysis of K-562 (Human chronic myelogenous leukemia lymphoblast) cells labelling ADRM1/ARM-1 with Purified ab157185 at 1:60 dilution (10 µg/ml) (Red). Cells were fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilised with 90% Methanol. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) secondary antibody was used at 1:2000. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black). Unlabelled control - Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody

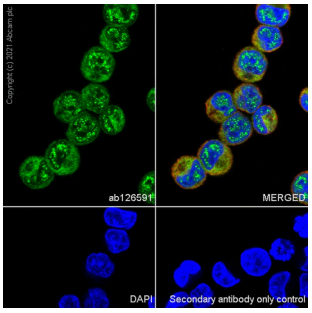
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human liver tissue sections labeling ADRM1/ARM-1 with Purified ab157185 at 1:9000 (0.07 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Heat mediated antigen retrieval using Bond™ Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0) . Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101) secondary antibody was used. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody

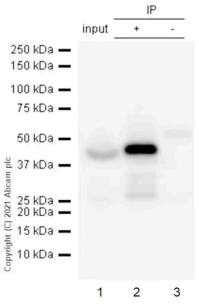
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human gastric cancer tissue sections labeling ADRM1/ARM-1 with Purified ab157185 at 1:9000 (0.07 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Heat mediated antigen retrieval using Bond™ Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0) . Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101) secondary antibody was used. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody

Immunocytochemistry analysis of K-562 (Human chronic myelogenous leukemia lymphoblast) cells labeling ADRM1/ARM-1 with Purified ab157185 at 1:1000 dilution (0.6 µg/ml). Cells were fixed in 100% Methanol and permeabilized with 0.1% tritonX-100. Cells were counterstained with ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A]+H21:L21 - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) 1:200 (2.5 µg/ml). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) was used as the secondary antibody at 1:1000 (2 µg/ml) dilution. DAPI (blue) was used as nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg Raji (Human Burkitt's lymphoma B lymphocyte) whole cell lysate 10 µg with 157185 at 1/100 dilution (2µg). VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution.
Lane 1: Raji (Human Burkitt's lymphoma B lymphocyte) whole cell lysate 10 µg

Lane 2: ab157185 IP in Raji whole cell lysate

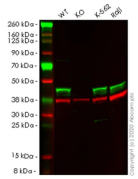
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab157185 in Raji whole cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

Predicted band size: 42 kDa

Observed band size: 42 kDa



Western blot - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody

Lanes 1-4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab157185 observed at 42 kDa. Red - loading control ab8245 observed at 36 kDa.
ab157185 Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] was shown to specifically react with ADRM1/ARM-1 in wild-type HEK293T cells. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab266765 (knockout cell lysate ab257816) was used. Wild-type and ADRM1/ARM-1 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab157185 and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HEK293T cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
ADRM1 knockout HEK293T cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Western blot - Human ADRM1 (ARM-1) knockout HEK-293T cell line (ab266765)

Lane 3:
K-562 cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
Raji cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) at 1/10000 dilution

Predicted band size: 42 kDa

Observed band size: 42 kDa



Western blot - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

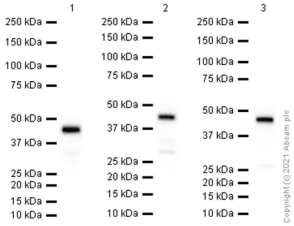
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185) at 1/1000 dilution

All lanes:
Raji (Human Burkitt's lymphoma B lymphocyte) whole cell lysate

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 42 kDa



Western blot - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185)

ADRM1/ARM-1 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-ADRM1/ARM-1 antibody [EPR11449(B)] (ab157185) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1:
Ramos (Human Burkitt's lymphoma B lymphocyte) whole cell lysate at 15 µg

Lane 2:
HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate at 15 µg

Lane 3:
K-562 (Human chronic myelogenous leukemia lymphoblast) whole cell lysate at 15 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 42 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.