abcam

ab176339

Anti-GNAI3 antibody [EPR11900]

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR11900
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Specificity	The peptide immunogen shares a 94% and 93% homology with human GNAI1 and GNAI2 respectively, therefore we believe cross-reactivity is highly likely but this has not been experimentally assessed.
Concentration	0.148 - 0.161 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50 - 1/100

Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/10 - 1/100
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Predicted

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-3

Function

Heterotrimeric guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) function as transducers downstream of G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs) in numerous signaling cascades. The alpha chain contains the guanine nucleotide binding site and alternates between an active, GTP-bound state and an inactive, GDP-bound state. Signaling by an activated GPCR promotes GDP release and GTP binding. The alpha subunit has a low GTPase activity that converts bound GTP to GDP, thereby terminating the signal (By similarity). Both GDP release and GTP hydrolysis are modulated by numerous regulatory proteins (PubMed:18434541, PubMed:19478087, PubMed:8774883). Signaling is mediated via effector proteins, such as adenylate cyclase. Inhibits adenylate cyclase activity, leading to decreased intracellular cAMP levels (PubMed:19478087). Stimulates the activity of receptor-regulated K(+) channels (PubMed:2535845). The active GTP-bound form prevents the association of RGS14 with centrosomes and is required for the translocation of RGS14 from the cytoplasm to the plasma membrane. May play a role in cell division (PubMed:17635935). The active GTP-bound form activates the calcium permeant TRPC5 ion channels (PubMed:37137991).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks

Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	GNAI3 also known as the guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) alpha-3 subunit is part of the heterotrimeric G protein family. Its molecular weight is approximately 41 kDa. This protein plays a role in transmitting signals from extracellular stimuli through cell-surface receptors to the intracellular signaling pathways. GNAI3 is expressed in various tissues including the brain and heart where it facilitates important cellular responses by interacting with other proteins in signaling pathways.
Biological function summary	GNAI3 contributes to inhibiting adenylate cyclase activity reducing cyclic AMP levels and therefore modulating downstream signaling events. It forms part of the heterotrimeric guanine nucleotide-binding protein complex which consists of alpha beta and gamma subunits. By interacting with this complex GNAI3 regulates processes like cell division immune response and sensory perception demonstrating its diverse functional roles within the cell.
Pathways	GNAI3 is involved in the G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR) signaling pathway which is essential for transmitting numerous extracellular signals to the inside of the cell. GNAI3 modulates signals from neurotransmitters and hormones that activate this pathway. Additionally GNAI3 interacts with other proteins such as

	beta-arrestins which are important for receptor desensitization and signal termination within the GPCR signaling system.
Associated diseases and disorders	Researchers have linked GNAI3 disruptions to auriculocondylar syndrome and certain forms of cancer. In auriculocondylar syndrome mutations in GNAI3 contribute to craniofacial abnormalities. Additionally alterations in its signaling pathways might contribute to tumor progression by failing to regulate cell proliferation properly. GNAI3 interacts with proteins including RGS proteins which help in temporally regulating signal transduction showing its significance in health and disease contexts.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

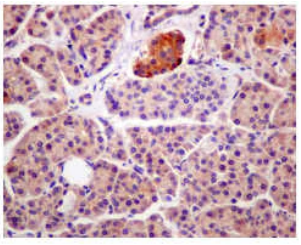
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

4 product images

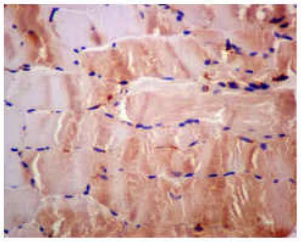


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-GNAI3 antibody [EPR11900] (ab176339)

GNAI3 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-GNAI3 antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human pancreas tissue labeling GNAI3 with ab176339 at 1/50 dilution.

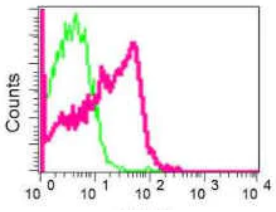
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-GNAI3 antibody [EPR11900] (ab176339)

GNAI3 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-GNAI3 antibody

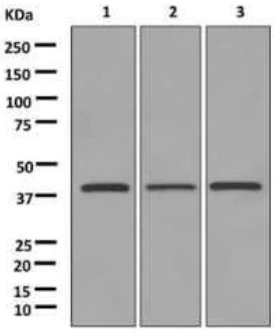
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human skeletal muscle tissue labeling GNAI3 with ab176339 at 1/50 dilution.
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-GNAI3 antibody [EPR11900] (ab176339)

GNAI3 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-GNAI3 antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of permeabilized A431 cells labeling GNAI3 with ab176339 at 1/10 dilution (red) or a rabbit IgG (negative) (green).



Western blot - Anti-GNAI3 antibody [EPR11900] (ab176339)

GNAI3 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-GNAI3 antibody

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-GNAI3 antibody [EPR11900] (ab176339) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Fetal brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Fetal kidney lysate at 10 µg

Lane 3:
A431 cell lysate at 10 µg

Predicted band size: 41 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.