abcam

ab181367

Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242]

Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) is a rabbit monoclonal antibody detecting RAB10 in **Western Blot, Flow Cytometry (Intra)**. Suitable for **Human, Mouse, Rat**.

- KO validated for confirmed specificity
- Biophysical QC for unrivalled batch-batch consistency

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR13242
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.115 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human

Dilution info	1/10 - 1/100
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/10 - 1/100
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/10 - 1/100
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

ICC/IF

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/5000

Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/5000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/5000
Notes	-

IHC-P

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information RAB10

Function

The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes (PubMed:21248164). Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion (PubMed:21248164). RAB10 is mainly involved in the biosynthetic transport of proteins from the Golgi to the plasma membrane (PubMed:21248164). Regulates, for instance, SLC2A4/GLUT4 glucose transporter-enriched vesicles delivery to the plasma membrane (By similarity). In parallel, RAB10 regulates the transport of TLR4, a toll-like receptor to the plasma membrane and therefore may be important for innate immune response (By similarity). Also plays a specific role in asymmetric protein transport to the plasma membrane (PubMed:16641372). In neurons, involved in axonogenesis through regulation of vesicular membrane trafficking toward the axonal plasma membrane (By similarity). In epithelial cells, regulates transport from the Golgi to the basolateral membrane (PubMed:16641372). May play a role in the basolateral recycling pathway and in phagosome maturation (By similarity). May play a role in endoplasmic reticulum dynamics and morphology controlling tubulation along microtubules and tubules fusion (PubMed:23263280). Together with LRRK2, RAB8A, and RILPL1, regulates ciliogenesis (PubMed:30398148). When phosphorylated by LRRK2 on Thr-73, binds RILPL1 and inhibits ciliogenesis (PubMed:30398148). Participates in the export of a subset of neosynthesized proteins through a Rab8-

Rab10-Rab11-dependent endososomal export route (PubMed:32344433). Targeted to and stabilized on stressed lysosomes through LRRK2 phosphorylation where it promotes the extracellular release of lysosomal content through EHBP1 and EHNP1L1 effector proteins (PubMed:30209220). (Microbial infection) Upon Legionella pneumophila infection promotes endoplasmic reticulum recruitment and bacterial replication. Plays a role in remodeling the Legionella-containing vacuole (LCV) into an endoplasmic reticulum-like vacuole.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

What is this antibody validated in?
Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) is a rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody and is validated for use in Western Blot (WB), Flow Cytometry (Intra) in Human, Mouse, Rat samples.

What is the molecular weight of RAB10?
Anti-RAB10 [EPR13242] (ab181367) specifically detects a band for RAB10 (UniProt: P61026) at a molecular weight of 22kDa.

Specificity confirmed
The specificity of Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) has been confirmed by Western blot testing in RAB10 Knockout A549 cell line, ab261868.

Other related products
We have a range of other formats of antibody clone [EPR13242] also available for your convenience: ab181367, Carrier free - ab224886, Carrier free - ab259752, Biotin - ab322767

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Trial sizes available!
Test your antibody or perform pre-screening before committing to a larger quantity. Sold in 20µl. Discover our selection of trial-size antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	RAB10 also known as RAB10 member RAS oncogene family is a small GTPase belonging to the RAB protein family. It has a molecular weight of approximately 24 kDa. RAB10 is ubiquitously expressed with higher levels observed in brain liver and lung tissues. It cycles between an active GTP-bound state and an inactive GDP-bound state regulating various membrane trafficking events within the cell. Its role extends to modulating the transport of proteins from the Golgi apparatus to the plasma membrane therefore influencing cellular logistics and function.
Biological function summary	RAB10 participates in vesicular trafficking and transport processes. It is part of the endosomal and exocytic complexes contributing to the sorting and delivery of cellular cargo. RAB10's activity affects the delivery of glucose transporter type 4 (GLUT4) to the plasma membrane impacting glucose uptake and metabolism. It also plays a critical role in the polarized transport of cargo in neuronal cells influencing neuronal signaling and function.
Pathways	RAB10 integrates into the insulin signaling and polarized epithelial cell transport pathways. Within these RAB10 cooperates with proteins like GLUT4 and the TBC1D4 a RAB GAP protein essential for GLUT4 vesicle translocation. These interactions ensure efficient response and coordination of cellular trafficking required for metabolic regulation and cellular growth processes.
Associated diseases and disorders	RAB10 shows connections to metabolic disorders and neurodegenerative diseases. Its role in glucose transporter trafficking links it to type 2 diabetes as improper GLUT4 trafficking disrupts glucose homeostasis. In the realm of neurodegenerative diseases proteins involved in neuronal transport and function such as APP and Tau may be influenced by RAB10-mediated pathways impacting diseases like Alzheimer's disease. The ability of RAB10 to interact with numerous cellular partners places it as a significant contributor to cellular dysfunction observed in these conditions.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

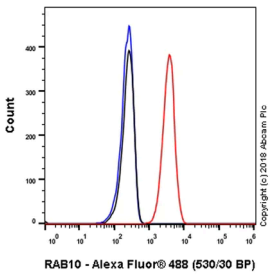
We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

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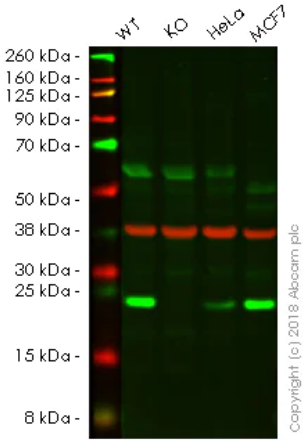
5 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367)

RAB10 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-RAB10 antibody

Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling RAB10 with Purified ab181367 at 1/20 dilution (10 µg/ml) (red). Cells were fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) secondary antibody was used at 1/2000. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black). Unlabeled control - Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue).



Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367)

RAB10 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-RAB10 antibody

Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab181367 observed at 25 kDa. Red - loading control, ab8245, observed at 37 kDa.
ab181367 was shown to specifically react with RAB10 in wild-type A549 cells as signal was lost in RAB10 knockout cell line ab261868 (knockout cell lysate ab261677). Wild-type and RAB10 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab181367 and ab8245 (Mouse anti GAPDH loading control) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1/1000 dilution and 1/20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preabsorbed ab216773 and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed ab216776 secondary antibodies at 1/20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type A549 (Human lung carcinoma cell line) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Western blot - Human RAB10 knockout A549 cell lysate (ab261677) at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Western blot - Human RAB10 knockout A549 cell line (ab261868)

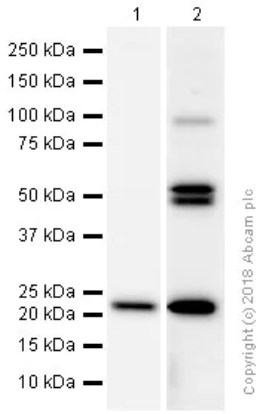
Lane 3:
HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma cell line) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 22 kDa

Observed band size: 25 kDa



Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367)

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
U-87 MG (Human glioblastoma-astrocytoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysates at 15 µg

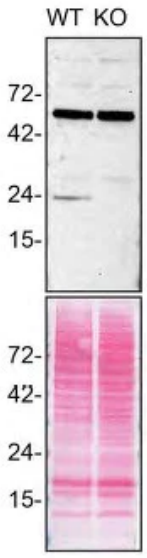
Lane 2:
HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysates at 15 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 22 kDa

Observed band size: 22 kDa



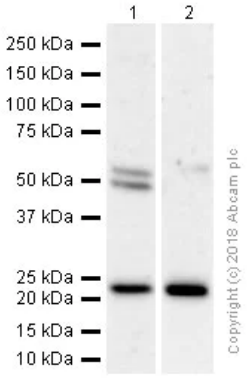
Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367)

ab181367 was shown to react with RAB10 in wild-type HAP1 cells in Western blot with loss of signal observed in a RAB10 knockout cell line. Wild-type HAP1 and RAB10 knockout cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membranes were blocked in 5% milk in TBST for 1 hr before incubation with ab181367 overnight at 4 °C at a 1/1000 dilution. Blots were incubated with secondary antibodies at 0.2 µg/mL before imaging.

These data were provided by YCharOS Inc., an open science company with the mission of characterizing commercially available antibody reagents for all human proteins. Abcam and YCharOS are working together to help address the reproducibility crisis by enabling the life science community to better evaluate commercially available antibodies.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HAP1 lysate at 40 µg

Lane 2:
RAB10 knock-out HAP1 lysate at 40 µg



Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367)

RAB10 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-RAB10 antibody

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-RAB10 antibody [EPR13242] (ab181367) at 1/2000 dilution

Lane 1:
NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysates at 15 µg

Lane 2:
C6 (Rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysates at 15 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 22 kDa

Observed band size: 22 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.