abcam

ab183343

Anti-CD79b antibody [SP240]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 1% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	SP240
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A/G
Concentration	0.011 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →
Purification notes	Purified from TCS by protein A/G.

Reactivity data

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100

Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/200
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information CD79B

Function	Required in cooperation with CD79A for initiation of the signal transduction cascade activated by the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) which leads to internalization of the complex, trafficking to late endosomes and antigen presentation. Enhances phosphorylation of CD79A, possibly by recruiting kinases which phosphorylate CD79A or by recruiting proteins which bind to CD79A and protect it from dephosphorylation.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	CD79b also known as Ig-beta is a protein that plays a mechanical role as part of the B-cell antigen receptor complex. This protein with a mass of approximately 40 kDa is mainly expressed on the surface of B lymphocytes. It is an important component of the heterodimeric complex composed of CD79a (Ig-alpha) and CD79b which associates with membrane-bound immunoglobulins to form the B-cell receptor (BCR). CD79b is essential for transducing activation signals following antigen binding to the BCR.
Biological function summary	The primary role of CD79b within the immune system is to support signal transduction. Upon binding of an antigen to BCR on B cells CD79b as part of the BCR complex initiates signaling cascades which lead to B-cell activation proliferation and differentiation. These processes are critical for humoral immunity ensuring adequate antibody production. CD79b is often found in association with CD19 another important B-cell surface protein and together they aid in amplifying the signals required for B-cell response.
Pathways	CD79b is deeply involved in the B-cell receptor signaling pathway and the broader adaptive immune response. Once the BCR is engaged by an antigen CD79b helps

	activate intracellular signaling pathways that involve kinases such as SYK and BLNK which help propagate and amplify the immune response. These pathways also interact with other receptor components like CD22 and CD19 creating a network of interactions ensuring effective pathogen recognition and response.
Associated diseases and disorders	CD79b carries significant relevance in the context of B-cell malignancies such as chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) and some types of lymphoma. Dysregulation or mutations in CD79b can affect BCR signaling leading to unchecked B-cell proliferation characteristic of these diseases. Additionally CD79b's interaction with proteins such as SYK in the signaling pathways makes it a potential therapeutic target in treating B-cell related cancers. Researchers are actively investigating anti-CD79b therapies to disrupt abnormal signaling in B-cell malignancies.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

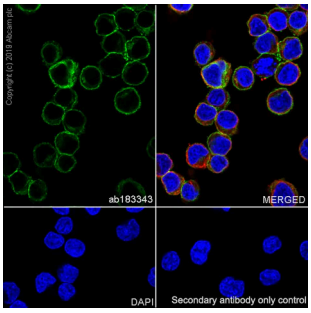
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

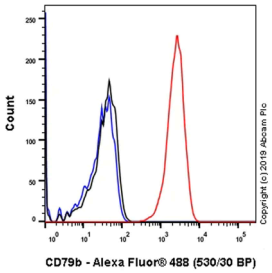
4 product images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-CD79b antibody [SP240] (ab183343)

CD79b Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-CD79b antibody

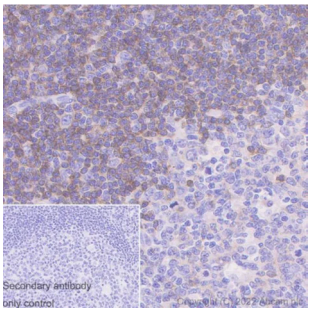
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of Daudi (human Burkitt's lymphoma lymphoblast) cells labeling CD79b with purified ab183343 at 1/50 (4.12 µg/ml). Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. Cells were counterstained with ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) 1/200 (2.5 µg/ml). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1000 (2 µg/ml) dilution. DAPI (blue) was used as nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-CD79b antibody [SP240] (ab183343)

CD79b Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-CD79b antibody

Flow Cytometry analysis of Daudi (Human Burkitt's lymphoma lymphoblast) cells labeling CD79b with purified ab183343 at 1/200 dilution (1.05 µg/ml) (red). Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilised with 90% methanol. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) secondary antibody was used at 1/2000 dilution. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) / Black. Unlabeled control - Unlabelled cells / blue.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-CD79b antibody [SP240] (ab183343)

CD79b Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-CD79b antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue labeling CD79b with ab183343 at 1/100 (0.11 µg/ml) followed by Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101). The section was incubated with ab183343 for 10 mins at room temperature. The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument. Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Citrate buffer (pH 6.0, epitope retrieval solution 1) for 20 mins was used.



Western blot - Anti-CD79b antibody [SP240] (ab183343)

CD79b Western blot staining of Daudi Cell Lysate using rabbit Anti-CD79b antibody

This image was generated using the same antibody clone from a different batch.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-CD79b antibody [SP240] (ab183343) at 1/100 dilution

All lanes:
Daudi Cell Lysate

Predicted band size: 26 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.