abcam

ab184557

Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)]

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR2855(2)
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.107 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

Species	Mouse

Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/20
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information SMAD2 pS250

Function	Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGFB1-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma (PubMed:8752209).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Smad2 also known as Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2 (MAD2) or MADR2 is a signaling protein involved in the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-β) receptor pathway. Smad2 has a molecular mass of approximately 58 kDa and expresses in various tissues including epithelial mesenchymal and endothelial cells. Smad2 undergoes phosphorylation on serine residues in response to TGF-β signaling converting it into phosphorylated forms often referred to as p-Smad2 or phospho-Smad2. These phosphorylated forms are critical for the relay of signals from the cell surface to the nucleus.
Biological function summary	Smad2 acts as an intracellular mediator for TGF-β signaling a pathway important for regulating cell proliferation differentiation and apoptosis. Smad2 typically functions as part of a heteromeric complex with Smad4 another key player in TGF-β signaling. Upon activation phosphorylated Smad2 combines with Smad4 to form a complex that translocates into the nucleus. This complex then binds to specific DNA sequences to regulate the transcription of target genes involved in processes such as cell growth inhibition and extracellular matrix production.
Pathways	Smad2 is integral to the TGF-β and activin receptor signaling pathways. These pathways are essential in controlling cell growth and immune responses. Smad2 interacts with other proteins such as Smad3 in addition to Smad4 to modulate gene expression effectively. The interaction between Smad2 and these proteins ensures precise control of cellular responses to external stimuli emphasizing its pivotal role in maintaining cellular homeostasis.
Associated diseases and disorders	Smad2 correlates with various pathological conditions including fibrosis and cancer. Aberrant Smad2 signaling can contribute to the development of these diseases as excessive TGF-β signaling promotes fibrotic tissue deposition and tumor progression. Smad2 connects with other proteins like Smad3 in these pathological contexts both acting as mediators of abnormal cellular behaviors. Understanding the regulatory mechanisms of Smad2 can help develop therapeutic strategies against disorders linked to dysregulated TGF-β signaling.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

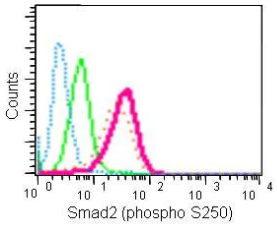
We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

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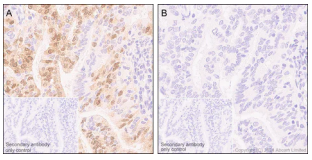
7 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

Smad2 (phospho S250) Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of2% paraformaldehyde-fixed and permeabilized HeLa cells labeling Smad2 (phospho S250) with ab184557 at 1/20 dilution (red) compared to a Rabbit monoclonal IgG isotype control (green), followed by Goat anti rabbit IgG (FITC) secondary antibody at 1/150 dilution. HeLa cells labeled using ab184557 preincubated with Smad2 (phospho S250) peptide (blue) or non-phospho-Smad2 peptide (orange).



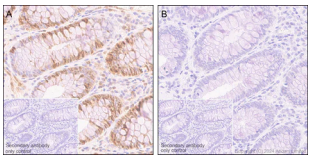
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human endometrial carcinoma tissue labeling Smad2 (phospho S250) with ab184557 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by a ready to use Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101).

Positive staining on human endometrial carcinoma without alkaline phosphatase treatment (image A). No signal was detected when tissues were treated with alkaline phosphatase (image B). The section was incubated with ab184557 for 30 mins at room temperature.
The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101).

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

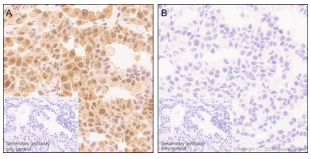
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon tissue labeling Smad2 (phospho S250) with ab184557 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by a ready to use Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101).

Positive staining on human colon without alkaline phosphatase treatment (image A). No signal was detected when tissues were treated with alkaline phosphatase (image B).
The section was incubated with ab184557 for 30 mins at room temperature.
The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.

Counterstained with hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101).

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins.



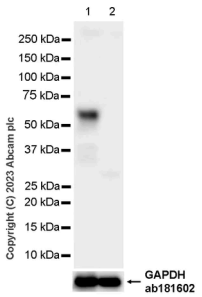
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse lung cancer tissue labeling Smad2 (phospho S250) with ab184557 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by a ready to use Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101).

Positive staining on mouse lung cancer without alkaline phosphatase treatment (image A). No signal was detected when tissues were treated with alkaline phosphatase (image B).
The section was incubated with ab184557 for 30 mins at room temperature.
The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (ab209101).

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins.



Western blot - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

Smad2 (phospho S250) Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody

In Western blot, ab184557 was shown to bind specifically to SMAD2. Target of interest was observed at 58 kDa in wild-type HeLa cell lysates (lane 1) with no signal observed at this size in SMAD2 knockout cell line (lane 2) (lane 2, knockout cell line ab255430).

In Western blot, Anti-GAPDH antibody [EPR16891] - Loading Control (ab181602) staining at 1/200000 dilution.

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

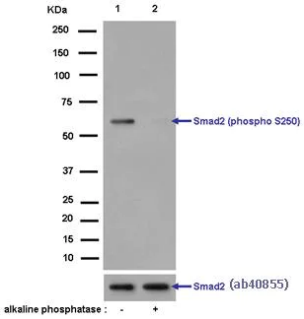
Lane 2:
SMAD2 knockout HeLa whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Observed band size: 58 kDa

Exposure time: 10s



Western blot - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
untreated HeLa cells lysates at 10 µg

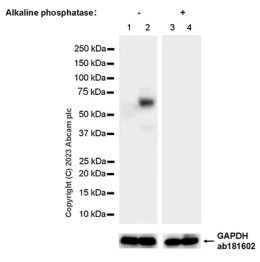
Lane 2:
HeLa cell lysate treated with alkaline phosphatase at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugate at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 52 kDa

Observed band size: 58 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557)

Smad2 (phospho S250) Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody

The expression of Smad2 (phospho S250) is upregulated in response to PMA treatment.

In Western blot, Anti-GAPDH antibody [EPR16891] - Loading Control (ab181602) staining at 1/200000 dilution.

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Smad2 (phospho S250) antibody [EPR2855(2)] (ab184557) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Untreated NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate (untreated membrane) at 20 µg

Lane 2:
NIH/3T3 treated with 200nM PMA for 30 minutes whole cell lysate (untreated membrane) at 20 µg

Lane 3:
Untreated NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate (alkaline phosphatase treated membrane) at 20 µg

Lane 4:
NIH/3T3 treated with 200nM PMA for 30 minutes whole cell lysate (alkaline phosphatase treated membrane) at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Observed band size: 58 kDa

Exposure time: 10s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.