abcam

ab185234

Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932]

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR12932
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.825 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/250
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/160
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50 - 1/100
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target data

See full target information UBE2F

Function Accepts the ubiquitin-like protein NEDD8 from the UBA3-NAE1 E1 complex and catalyzes its covalent attachment to other proteins (PubMed:19250909, PubMed:23201271). Together with the E3 ubiquitin ligase RNF7/RBX2, specifically neddylates cullin-5 (CUL5) (PubMed:19250909, PubMed:23201271, PubMed:23300442). Does not neddylate CUL1, CUL2, CUL3, CUL4A or CUL4B (PubMed:19250909, PubMed:23201271). Mediates neddylation of the CUL9-RBX1 complex (PubMed:38605244). (Microbial infection) Following infection by HIV-1 virus, participates to HIV-1 Vif protein-mediated ubiquitination and degradation of APOBEC3G by mediating neddylation of cullin-5 (CUL5).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	NCE2/UBE2F also known simply as UBE2F acts as a ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme that is critical in the process of neddylation. The mass of UBE2F is approximately 21 kDa. It plays a mechanical role in transferring the activated NEDD8 protein to target substrates which include members of the Cullin-RING ligase complexes. Expression of UBE2F is observed in multiple human tissues with notable presence in the lungs and liver. Its activity ensures the proper modification of proteins that depend on neddylation for their function.
Biological function summary	UBE2F functions as an important component in cellular processes by participating in the neddylation pathway. It forms a complex with NEDD8-activating E1 enzymes facilitating the transfer of NEDD8 to specific E3 ligases primarily targeting cullins. Through neddylation UBE2F influences the activation of these ligases impacting protein degradation pathways cell cycle regulation and signal transduction. This

	functional role positions UBE2F as an important player in maintaining cellular homeostasis.
Pathways	UBE2F integrates into the neddylation and ubiquitination pathways. Neddylation specifically modulates ubiquitin-proteasome system where NEDD8 acts as a regulator of Cullin-RING E3 ligase activity. Through these interactions UBE2F contributes to the regulation of protein turnover alongside ubiquitin itself. Connections in these pathways often involve proteins like CUL5 which works synchronously with UBE2F to ensure proper cell cycle progression and stress response in cells.
Associated diseases and disorders	UBE2F has associations with cancer development such as lung cancer and neurodegenerative conditions like Parkinson's disease. Its role in cancer ties to abnormal neddylation activity where overactive maintenance of cullin function disrupts cell cycle control. In Parkinson’s UBE2F-related dysregulation affects protein homeostasis and neuronal health. Proteins linked to disorders like UbcH12 for cancer highlight UBE2F's involvement in complex cellular mechanisms that contribute to disease pathophysiology.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

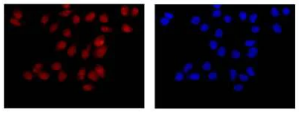
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

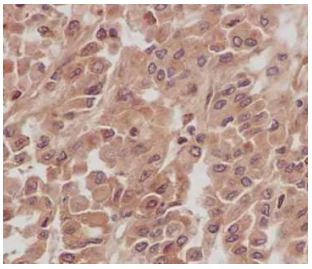
6 product images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234)

NCE2/UBE2F Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody

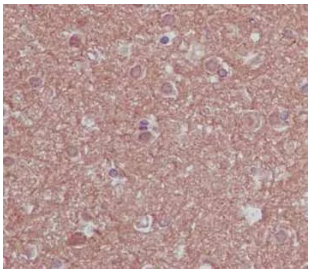
Immunofluorescent analysis of A375 cells (4% paraformaldehyde-fixed) labeling NCE2/UBE2F with ab185234 at 1/250 dilution followed by Goat anti rabbit IgG (AlexaFluor® 555) secondary at 1/200 dilution and counter-stained with DAPI (blue).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234)

NCE2/UBE2F Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody

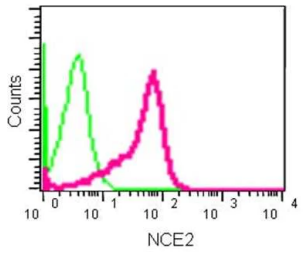
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human renal carcinoma labeling NCE2/UBE2F with ab185234 at 1/100 dilution followed by pre-diluted HRP-conjugated secondary antibody and counter-stained with Hematoxylin.
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with EDTA buffer pH 9 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234)

NCE2/UBE2F Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody

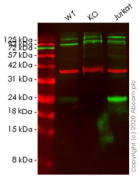
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain labeling NCE2/UBE2F with ab185234 at 1/100 dilution followed by pre-diluted HRP-conjugated secondary antibody and counter-stained with Hematoxylin.
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with EDTA buffer pH 9 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234)

NCE2/UBE2F Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of A375 cells (2% paraformaldehyde-fixed) labeling NCE2/UBE2F with ab185234at 1/160 dilution (red) or a rabbit IgG (negative) (green), followed by Goat anti rabbit IgG (FITC) secondary at 1/150 dilution.



Western blot - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234)

NCE2/UBE2F Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody

Lanes 1-3: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab185234 observed at 24 kDa. Red - loading control ab8245 observed at 36 kDa.

ab185234 Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] was shown to specifically react with NCE2/UBE2F in wild-type HeLa cells. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab265339 (knockout cell lysate ab257777) was used. Wild-type and NCE2/UBE2F knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab185234 and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HeLa cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Western blot - Human UBE2F (NCE2) knockout HeLa cell lysate (ab257777) at 20 µg

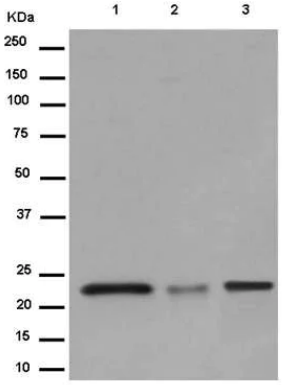
Lane 3:
Jurkat cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) at 1/10000 dilution

Predicted band size: 21 kDa

Observed band size: 24 kDa



Western blot - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234)

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-NCE2/UBE2F antibody [EPR12932] (ab185234) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Jurkat cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
A375 cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
NTERA2/D1 cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 21 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.