abcam

ab185235

Anti-RRP4 antibody [EPR13606(B)] - C-terminal

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR13606(B)
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.928 - 0.954 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/180
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Predicted

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50 - 1/100
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information EXOSC2

Function	Non-catalytic component of the RNA exosome complex which has 3'->5' exoribonuclease activity and participates in a multitude of cellular RNA processing and degradation events. In the nucleus, the RNA exosome complex is involved in proper maturation of stable RNA species such as rRNA, snRNA and snoRNA, in the elimination of RNA processing by-products and non-coding 'pervasive' transcripts, such as antisense RNA species and promoter-upstream transcripts (PROMPTs), and of mRNAs with processing defects, thereby limiting or excluding their export to the cytoplasm. The RNA exosome may be involved in Ig class switch recombination (CSR) and/or Ig variable region somatic hypermutation (SHM) by targeting AICDA deamination activity to transcribed dsDNA substrates. In the cytoplasm, the RNA exosome complex is involved in general mRNA turnover and specifically degrades inherently unstable mRNAs containing AU-rich elements (AREs) within their 3' untranslated regions, and in RNA surveillance pathways, preventing translation of aberrant mRNAs. It seems to be involved in degradation of histone mRNA. The catalytic inactive RNA exosome core complex of 9 subunits (Exo-9) is proposed to play a pivotal role in the binding and presentation of RNA for ribonucleolysis, and to serve as a scaffold for the association with catalytic subunits and accessory proteins or complexes. EXOSC2 as peripheral part of the Exo-9 complex stabilizes the hexameric ring of RNase PH-domain subunits through contacts with EXOSC4 and EXOSC7.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	RRP4 also known as RRP4 homolog is a component of the exosome complex a multi-protein complex involved in RNA processing. RRP4 plays an important mechanical role in RNA degradation and it is essential for maintaining RNA stability by facilitating the 3' to 5' exonucleolytic trimming of RNA molecules. This protein has a molecular mass of approximately 26 kDa and is widely expressed in the nucleus and cytoplasm where it participates in various RNA processing tasks.
Biological function summary	RRP4 performs an important role in RNA metabolism and is a vital constituent of the exosome complex which is responsible for RNA processing degradation and surveillance. The exosome complex acts in RNA quality control targeting malformed RNAs for degradation. RRP4 contributes to rRNA processing and maturation by forming stable interactions within the nucleolus. This activity ensures the accuracy and functionality of ribosomal RNA supporting the cell's protein synthesis machinery.
Pathways	RRP4 plays a critical function in the RNA processing pathways and is involved in rRNA and mRNA turnover. RRP4 interconnects with pathways involving exosome components like RRP6 and DIS3 which also contribute to RNA decay. Processing of rRNA by mechanisms involving RRP4 ensures the quality of ribosome assembly which is essential for translation and cellular homeostasis.
Associated diseases and disorders	Improper function of the exosome complex including RRP4 associates with neurological conditions such as pontocerebellar hypoplasia and certain forms of cancer. RRP4 alongside proteins like RRP6 and DIS3 can accumulate mutations affecting exosome functionality. This can lead to disrupted RNA processing and accumulation of faulty RNA products contributing to disease pathogenesis. Understanding these interactions is vital for developing therapeutic approaches targeting such conditions.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

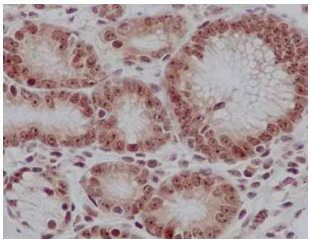
We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

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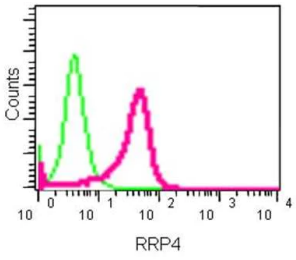
3 product images



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-RRP4 antibody [EPR13606(B)] - C-terminal (ab185235)

RRP4 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-RRP4 antibody

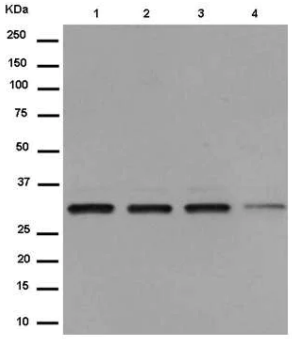
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human stomach tissue labeling RRP4 with ab185235 at 1/100 dilution followed by pre-diluted HRP-conjugated secondary antibody and counter-stained with Hematoxylin.
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with EDTA buffer pH 9 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-RRP4 antibody [EPR13606(B)] - C-terminal (ab185235)

RRP4 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-RRP4 antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells (2% paraformaldehyde-fixed)labeling RRP4 with ab185235at 1/180 dilution (red) or a rabbit IgG (negative) (green), followed by Goat anti rabbit IgG (FITC) secondary at 1/150 dilution.



Western blot - Anti-RRP4 antibody [EPR13606(B)] - C-terminal (ab185235)

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-RRP4 antibody [EPR13606(B)] - C-terminal (ab185235) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
HepG2 cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:

HeLa cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
293 cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
Jurkat cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 33 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.