abcam

ab190828

Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker

Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] (ab190828) is a rabbit monoclonal antibody detecting Hsp60 in **Western Blot, Flow Cytometry (Intra), IP, IHC-P, ICC/IF**. Suitable for **Human, Mouse, Rat**.

- Biophysical QC for unrivalled batch-batch consistency
- Over 10 publications

Lab Essentials | Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR18245-93
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.501 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat, Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/200
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/200

Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat, Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Human

Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target data

See full target information HSPD1

Function	Chaperonin implicated in mitochondrial protein import and macromolecular assembly. Together with Hsp10, facilitates the correct folding of imported proteins. May also prevent misfolding and promote the refolding and proper assembly of unfolded polypeptides generated under stress conditions in the mitochondrial matrix (PubMed:11422376, PubMed:1346131). The functional units of these chaperonins consist of heptameric rings of the large subunit Hsp60, which function as a back-to-back double ring. In a cyclic reaction, Hsp60 ring complexes bind one unfolded substrate protein per ring, followed by the binding of ATP and association with 2 heptameric rings of the co-chaperonin Hsp10. This leads to sequestration of the substrate protein in the inner cavity of Hsp60 where, for a certain period of time, it can fold undisturbed by other cell components. Synchronous hydrolysis of ATP in all Hsp60 subunits results in the dissociation of the chaperonin rings and the release of ADP and the folded substrate protein (Probable).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

What is this antibody validated in?
Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] (ab190828) is a rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody and is validated for use in Western Blot (WB), Flow Cytometry (Intra), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P), Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence (ICC/IF) in Human, Mouse, Rat samples.

What is the molecular weight of Hsp60?
Anti-Hsp60 [EPR18245-93] (ab190828) specifically detects a band for Hsp60 (UniProt: P63038) at a molecular weight of 61kDa.

Trusted by the scientific community
Anti-Hsp60 [EPR18245-93] (ab190828) was first used in a scientific publication in 2017 and has been cited over 10 times in peer-reviewed journals.

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

Trial sizes available!
Test your antibody or perform pre-screening before committing to a larger quantity. Sold in 20µl. Discover our selection of trial-size antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Hsp60 also known as HSPD1 and heat shock protein 60 is a significant chaperonin with a molecular weight of approximately 60 kDa. It resides predominantly in the mitochondria and functions to assist in the proper folding of proteins preventing their aggregation. Hsp60 is expressed mainly in cells with high metabolic activity. Its presence as a mitochondrial marker highlights its essential role in maintaining cellular homeostasis and function.
Biological function summary	The protein ensures mitochondrial protein stability by facilitating the refolding of misfolded proteins and cooperating with other chaperonins like Hsp10. Hsp60 participates in forming a complex with these proteins to create a conducive environment for protein folding. It plays a part in regulating mitochondrial homeostasis impacting cell survival and apoptosis processes.
Pathways	Hsp60 links to the ATP synthesis and apoptosis pathways showcasing its importance as a mitochondrial marker. It interacts with proteins like caspase-3 to modulate cell death mechanisms highlighting its influence beyond simple protein folding. In the ATP synthesis pathway it contributes indirectly to energy production by maintaining mitochondrial function.
Associated diseases and disorders	Hsp60 shows a connection to neurodegenerative diseases and cancer. Altered Hsp60 levels correlate with increased apoptosis in neurodegenerative conditions like Alzheimer's disease. Additionally in cancer interactions with proteins such as AKT suggest its potential role in cell proliferation and survival. Understanding its role could aid in the development of therapeutic interventions targeting mitochondrial dysfunction.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

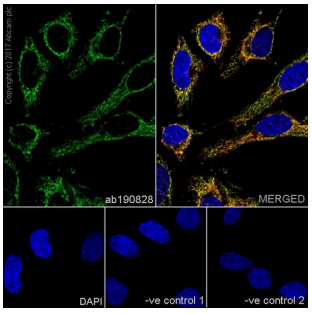
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

10 product images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

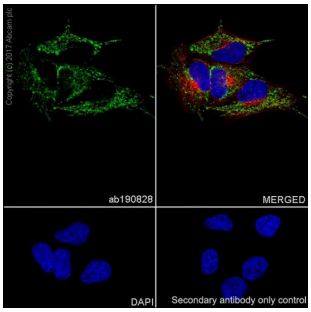
Hsp60 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Hsp60 with ab190828 at 1/200 dilution followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on HeLa cells. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). COX IV is detected with Anti-COX IV antibody [mAbcam33985] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab33985) at 1/1000 dilution and Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594) preadsorbed (ab150120) (red) at 1/1000 dilution.

The negative controls are as follows:-

-ve control 1: ab190828 at 1/200 dilution followed by Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594) preadsorbed (ab150120) at 1/1000 dilution.

-ve control 2: Anti-COX IV antibody [mAbcam33985] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab33985) at 1/1000 dilution followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) at 1/1000 dilution.

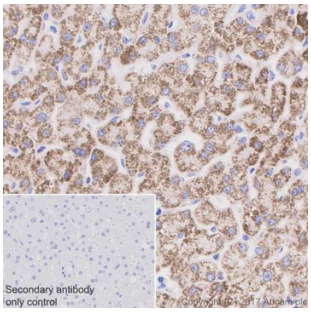


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Hsp60 with ab190828 at 1/200 dilution followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on HeLa cells. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) (ab195889) (red) at 1/200 dilution.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution.

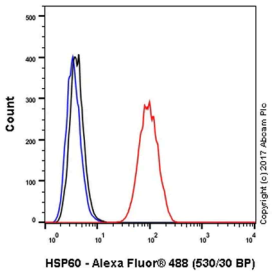


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue labeling Hsp60 with ab190828 at 1/2000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use. Granular and cytoplasmic staining on human liver (PMID: 18548335). Counter stained with hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use.

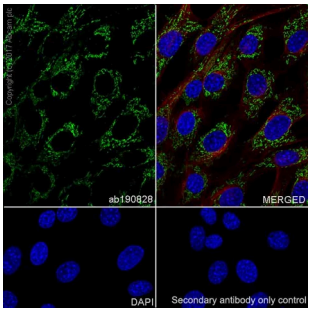
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 90% methanol permeabilized NIH/3T3 (mouse embyro fibroblast cell line) cell line labeling Hsp60 with ab190828 at 1/500 dilution (red) compared with a Rabbit IgG, monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control (ab172730) (black) and an unlabeled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (blue). Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluorr® 488) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



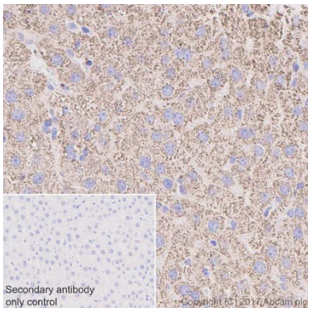
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized NIH/3T3 (mouse embyro fibroblast cell line) cells labeling Hsp60 with ab190828 at 1/200 dilution followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on NIH/3T3 cells.

The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) (ab195889) (red) at 1/200 dilution.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution.

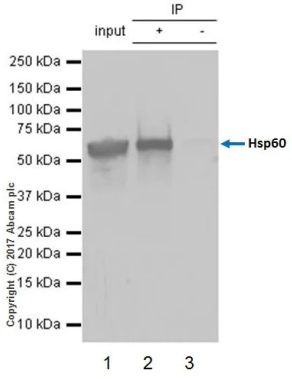


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat liver tissue labeling Hsp60 with ab190828 at 1/2000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use. Granular and cytoplasmic staining on rat liver (PMID: 18548335). Counter stained with hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg of NIH/3T3 (mouse embyro fibroblast cell line) cell lysate with ab190828 at 1/30 dilution. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab190828 at 1/5000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366), was used for detection at 1/10000 dilution.
Lane 1: NIH/3T3 cell lysate 10 µg (Input).

Lane 2: ab190828 IP in NIH/3T3 cell lysate .

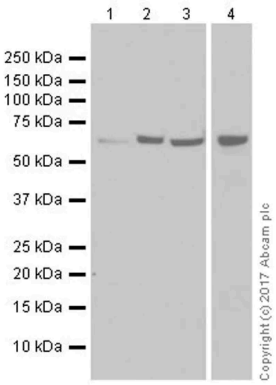
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab190828 in NIH/3T3 cell lysate .

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 1 second.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Predicted band size: 61 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Exposure time : Lanes 1,2 and 3: 3 minutes; Lane 4:1 minute.

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Human brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Human fetal heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 3:
Human fetal kidney lysate at 10 µg

Lane 4:
Human fetal spleen lysate at 10 µg

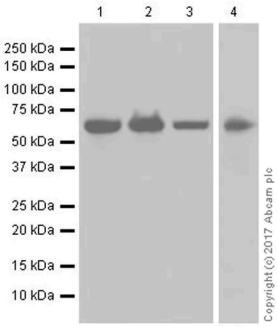
Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) at 1/4000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Predicted band size: 61 kDa

Observed band size: 61 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Exposure time : Lanes 1,2 and 3: 30 seconds; Lane 4:15 seconds.

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
NIH/3T3 (mouse embyro fibroblast cell line) cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
Neuro-2a (mouse neuroblastoma cell line) cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
C6 (rat glial tumor cell line) cell lysate at 20 µg

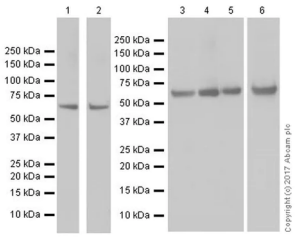
Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Predicted band size: 61 kDa

Observed band size: 61 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828)

Hsp60 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Hsp60 antibody

Exposure time : Lane 1: 30 seconds; Lane 2: 1 minute; Lanes 3,4 and 5: 10 seconds; Lane 6: 5 seconds.

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Hsp60 antibody [EPR18245-93] - Mitochondrial Marker (ab190828) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Mouse heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse spleen lysate at 10 µg

Lane 3:
Rat brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 4:
Rat heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 5:
Rat spleen lysate at 10 µg

Lane 6:
Rat liver lysate at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Predicted band size: 61 kDa

Observed band size: 61 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.