abcam

ab196515

Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-CD19 antibody [EPR5906]

Anti-CD19 antibody [EPR5906] - Alexa Fluor® 647 conjugated (ab196515) is a rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody detecting CD19 in **ICC/IF**. Suitable for **Human**.

- Biophysical QC for unrivalled batch-batch consistency

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Conjugation	Alexa Fluor® 647
Excitation/Emission	Ex: 650nm, Em: 665nm
Storage buffer	pH: 7.4 Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR5906
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50 - 1/100
Notes	This product gave a positive signal in Raji cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and 80% methanol (5 min).

Not recommended

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	This product gave a positive signal in Raji cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and 80% methanol (5 min).

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	This product gave a positive signal in Raji cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and 80% methanol (5 min).

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Expected

Species	Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Expected

Species	Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information CD19

Function	Functions as a coreceptor for the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) on B-lymphocytes (PubMed:29523808). Decreases the threshold for activation of downstream signaling pathways and for triggering B-cell responses to antigens (PubMed:1373518, PubMed:16672701, PubMed:2463100). Activates signaling pathways that lead to the activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and the mobilization of intracellular Ca(2+) stores (PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701, PubMed:9317126, PubMed:9382888). Is not required for early steps during B cell differentiation in the blood marrow (PubMed:9317126). Required for normal differentiation of B-1 cells (By similarity). Required for normal B cell differentiation and proliferation in response to antigen challenges (PubMed:1373518, PubMed:2463100). Required for normal levels of serum immunoglobulins, and for production of high-affinity antibodies in response to antigen challenge (PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701, PubMed:9317126).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle, Stable for 12 months at -20°C, Store in the dark

Notes

What is this antibody validated in?
Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-CD19 antibody [EPR5906] (ab196515) is a rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody and is validated for use in Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence (ICC/IF) in Human samples.

Related products
Antibody clone EPR5906 is also available pre-conjugated to a variety of labels for your convenience – Anti-CD19 Alexa Fluor® 647 [EPR5906] (ab196515).

Other related products
We have a range of other formats of antibody clone [EPR5906] also available for your convenience: ab134114, HRP - ab195896, Alexa Fluor® 488 - ab196468, Alexa Fluor® 647 - ab196515, Carrier free - ab215382, Carrier free - ab271904, Alexa Fluor® 555 - ab274888, APC - ab317484, PE - ab322525

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

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Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	CD19 is a transmembrane protein also known as B4 or B-lymphocyte antigen CD19 with an approximate molecular weight of 95 kDa. It is expressed on the surface of B cells throughout their development from pro-B cells to mature B cells. CD19 functions mechanically as a coreceptor enhancing the sensitivity of B cell receptor (BCR) signaling. This protein plays a significant role in promoting the activation and proliferation of B cells by lowering the threshold for antigen receptor engagement.

Biological function summary	CD19 acts as an essential player in B cell signaling. CD19 integrates signals from the BCR with other coreceptors acting as a signaling hub. It participates in forming a signaling complex that includes proteins like CD21 and CD81 which further amplifies BCR-mediated signaling. This complex plays a critical role in B cell activation differentiation and survival ensuring that immune responses are efficiently mounted against pathogens.
Pathways	The CD19 protein fits into key immune response pathways such as the BCR signaling pathway and the PI3K-Akt signaling pathway. CD19 collaborates with other proteins like CD21 CD81 and PI3K within these pathways. Its interaction in the PI3K-Akt pathway for instance supports critical processes including B cell activation and homeostasis contributing to the adaptive immune response.
Associated diseases and disorders	CD19 is connected to B cell malignancies and autoimmune diseases. B cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) often shows aberrant CD19 expression making it a valuable target for therapeutic interventions like anti-CD19 monoclonal antibodies. Additionally overexpression or mutations of CD19 may contribute to autoimmune diseases by disrupting normal B cell regulation. CD19's connection with proteins like CD22 and CD20 in these pathological contexts highlights its relevance in developing targeted therapies.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

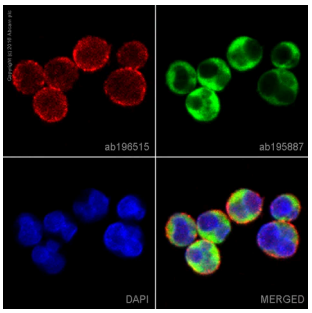
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

1 product image



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-CD19 antibody [EPR5906] (ab196515)

CD19 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-CD19 antibody

ab196515 staining CD19 in Raji cells. The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then incubated in 1%BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block non-specific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab196515 at 1/50 dilution (shown in red) and ab195887, Mouse monoclonal to alpha Tubulin (Alexa Fluor® 488), at 1/250 dilution (shown in green). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).
Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).

This product also gave a positive signal under the same testing conditions in Raji cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.