abcam

ab200061

Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958]

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR19958
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.538 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information BUB1B pT680

Function Essential component of the mitotic checkpoint. Required for normal mitosis progression. The mitotic checkpoint delays anaphase until all chromosomes are properly attached to the mitotic spindle. One of its checkpoint functions is to inhibit the activity of the anaphase-promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C) by blocking the binding of CDC20 to APC/C, independently of its kinase activity. The other is to monitor kinetochore activities that depend on the kinetochore motor CENPE. Required for kinetochore localization of CENPE. Negatively regulates PLK1 activity in interphase cells and suppresses centrosome amplification. Also implicated in triggering apoptosis in polyploid cells that exit aberrantly from mitotic arrest. May play a role for tumor suppression.

Storage

Shipped at conditions Conditional Ambient

Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	BubR1 also known as BUB1B is an important protein in the mitotic checkpoint complex with an approximate mass of 120 kDa. BubR1 ensures proper chromosome alignment and segregation during cell division by inhibiting the anaphase-promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C) until all chromosomes achieve proper attachment to the spindle. This protein localizes mainly to the kinetochores of chromosomes and is commonly expressed in dividing cells throughout the body.
Biological function summary	The spindle assembly checkpoint mechanism involves a complex in which BubR1 plays a central role. BubR1 along with other checkpoint proteins such as Bub1 and Mad2 forms a surveillance complex ensuring the correct attachment of microtubules to kinetochores. This action prevents premature progression to anaphase reducing the risk of aneuploidy and maintaining genomic stability.
Pathways	Mitotic checkpoint control critically involves BubR1 linking closely with several proteins including Mad2 and Cdc20. BubR1 integrates into the spindle checkpoint pathway a central player in regulating mitosis. Within this pathway BubR1 inhibits

	APC/CCdc20 activity preventing premature anaphase onset until all chromosomes are correctly oriented to divide. Interactions between these proteins ensure accurate mitotic progression and cellular replication fidelity.
Associated diseases and disorders	BubR1 function directly impacts cancer development and premature aging syndromes. Defective BubR1 activity can lead to chromosomal instability a characteristic of many cancers including colorectal cancer. Moreover reduced BubR1 expression links with premature aging syndromes such as mosaic variegated aneuploidy through its interaction with proteins such as p53 highlighting its role in genome integrity maintenance and cellular aging processes.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

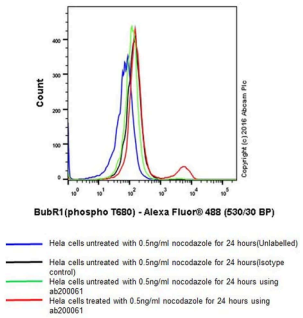
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

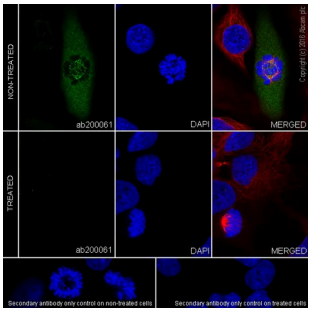
4 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958] (ab200061)

BubR1 (phospho T680) Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells, untreated or treated with 0.5 ng/ml nocodazole for 24 hours,labeling BubR1 (phospho T680)with ab200061 at 1/500 dilution compared with a Rabbit IgG,monoclonal [EPR25A]-Isotype control (ab172730) (black) and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (blue). Goat anti Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluorr® 488) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958] (ab200061)

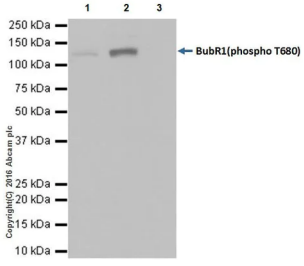
BubR1 (phospho T680) Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling BubR1 (phospho T680) with ab200061 at 1/100 dilution followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green).
Confocal image showing positive staining on M phase HeLa cells and LP treatment completely blocked the staining. (PMID:11792804).

The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

Tubulin is detected with ab195889 (Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594)) at 1/250 dilution (red).

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody secondary antibody is ab150077 at 1/1000 dilution.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958] (ab200061)

BubR1 (phospho T680) was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg of HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate treated with 0.5 µM nocodazole for 24 hours with ab200061 at 1/30 dilution. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab200061 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366), was used for detection at 1/10000 dilution.
Lane 1: HeLa whole cell lysate treated with 0.5 µM nocodazole for 24 hours 10µg (Input).

Lane 2: ab200061 IP in HeLa whole cell lysate treated with 0.5 µM nocodazole for 24 hours.

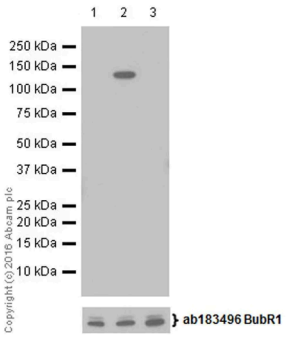
Lane 3: Rabbit IgG,monoclonal [EPR25A]-Isotype Control (ab172730) instead of ab200061 in HeLa whole cell lysate treated with 0.5 µM nocodazole for 24 hours.

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 3 seconds.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958] (ab200061)

Predicted band size: 119 kDa



Western blot - Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958] (ab200061)

BubR1 (phospho T680) Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-BubR1 (phospho T680) antibody [EPR19958] (ab200061) at 1/2000 dilution

Lane 1:
Untreated HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate treated with 0.5 µM nocodazole for 24 hours at 10 µg

Lane 3:
HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate treated with 0.5 µM nocodazole for 24 hours, then treated with FastAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase for 1 hour at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 119 kDa

Observed band size: 120 kDa

Exposure time: 3min

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.