abcam

ab202894

Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942]

Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894) is a rabbit monoclonal antibody detecting Aly/Ref in **Western Blot, Flow Cytometry (Intra), IP, IHC-P, ICC/IF**. Suitable for **Human, Mouse, Rat**.

- Biophysical QC for unrivalled batch-batch consistency

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR17942
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.654 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/40

Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/250
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/250
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/150
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target data

See full target information ALYREF

Function	Functions as an mRNA export adapter; component of the transcription/export (TREX) complex which is thought to couple mRNA transcription, processing and nuclear export, and specifically associates with spliced mRNA and not with unspliced pre-mRNA (PubMed:15833825, PubMed:15998806, PubMed:17190602). TREX is recruited to spliced mRNAs by a transcription-independent mechanism, binds to mRNA upstream of the exon-junction complex (EJC) and is recruited in a splicing- and cap-dependent manner to a region near the 5' end of the mRNA where it functions in mRNA export to the cytoplasm via the TAP/NXF1 pathway (PubMed:15833825, PubMed:15998806, PubMed:17190602). Involved in the nuclear export of intronless mRNA; proposed to be recruited to intronless mRNA by ATP-bound DDX39B (PubMed:17984224). Plays a key role in mRNP recognition and mRNA packaging by bridging the mRNP-bound EJC and the TREX core complex (PubMed:37020021). TREX recruitment occurs via an interaction between ALYREF/THOC4 and the cap-binding protein NCBP1 (PubMed:15833825, PubMed:15998806, PubMed:17190602, PubMed:37020021). Required for TREX complex assembly and for linking DDX39B to the cap-binding complex (CBC) (PubMed:15998806, PubMed:17984224, PubMed:37020021). Binds mRNA which is thought to be transferred to the NXF1-NXT1 heterodimer for export (TAP/NXF1 pathway) (PubMed:11675789, PubMed:11707413, PubMed:11979277, PubMed:15833825, PubMed:15998806, PubMed:17190602, PubMed:18364396, PubMed:22144908, PubMed:22893130, PubMed:23222130, PubMed:25662211). In conjunction with THOC5 functions in NXF1-NXT1 mediated nuclear export of HSP70 mRNA; both proteins enhance the RNA binding activity of NXF1 and are required for NXF1 localization to the nuclear rim (PubMed:19165146). Involved in mRNA export of C5-methylcytosine (m5C)-containing mRNAs: specifically recognizes and binds m5C mRNAs and mediates their nucleo-cytoplasmic shuttling (PubMed:28418038). Acts as a chaperone and promotes the dimerization of transcription factors containing basic leucine zipper (bZIP) domains and thereby promotes transcriptional activation (PubMed:10488337). Involved in transcription elongation and genome stability (PubMed:12438613). (Microbial infection) The TREX complex is essential for the export of Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpesvirus (KSHV) intronless mRNAs and infectious virus production; ALYREF/THOC4 mediates the recruitment of the TREX complex to the intronless viral mRNA.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C

Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

What is this antibody validated in?
Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894) is a rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody and is validated for use in Western Blot (WB), Flow Cytometry (Intra), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P), Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence (ICC/IF) in Human, Mouse, Rat samples.

What is the molecular weight of Aly/Ref?
Anti-Aly/Ref [EPR17942] (ab202894) specifically detects a band for Aly/Ref (UniProt: Q86V81) at a molecular weight of 27kDa.

Trusted by the scientific community
Anti-Aly/Ref [EPR17942] (ab202894) was first used in a scientific publication in 2015 and has been cited over 10 times in peer-reviewed journals.

Other related products
We have a range of other formats of antibody clone [EPR17942] also available for your convenience: ab202894, Carrier free - ab240364, PE - ab305874, APC - ab305875, HRP - ab305876, Alkaline Phosphatase - ab308738, Alexa Fluor® 488 - ab309694, Alexa Fluor® 647 - ab310060, Alexa Fluor® 594 - ab310452, Alexa Fluor® 555 - ab311981, Alexa Fluor® 568 - ab312456, Alexa Fluor® 750 - ab321354

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Trial sizes available!
Test your antibody or perform pre-screening before committing to a larger quantity. Sold in 20µl. Discover our selection of trial-size antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Aly/Ref also known as THOC4 is a protein that plays an important role in mRNA processing and transport. It is a member of the TREX (transcription/export)

	complex having a molecular mass of approximately 27 kDa. Aly/Ref is primarily expressed in the nucleus where it binds to spliced mRNAs and ensures their export to the cytoplasm. Functionally Aly/Ref interacts with mRNA export adapters attaching to the cap-binding complex at the 5' end of mRNA facilitating its journey to the nuclear pore.
Biological function summary	Aly/Ref functions by forming tight associations with the TREX complex which includes other proteins like UAP56. It is responsible for coupling transcription with mRNA processing and export helping to maintain the integrity of gene expression. Aly/Ref directly influences the efficiency and accuracy of mRNA export impacting gene regulation by ensuring that only fully processed transcripts exit the nucleus. By doing so it helps coordinate the transcription and mRNA export processes.
Pathways	Aly/Ref associates with the mRNA surveillance pathway and the RNA export pathway. Aly/Ref works closely with proteins like EJC components which are involved in checking mRNA quality before export. This participation ensures that only correctly spliced mRNAs move from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where they translate into proteins. Aly/Ref also contributes to maintaining cellular homeostasis by regulating the amount of mRNA available for translation.
Associated diseases and disorders	Aly/Ref relates to cancer and neurological disorders. Changes in the expression or function of Aly/Ref can disrupt mRNA export leading to abnormal protein synthesis which is associated with cancer development. Furthermore Aly/Ref interacts with proteins such as NXF1 which are implicated in the onset of certain neurological disorders when mutated or misregulated revealing its broader impact on cellular health and disease progression.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

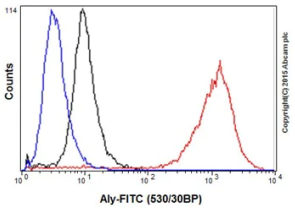
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

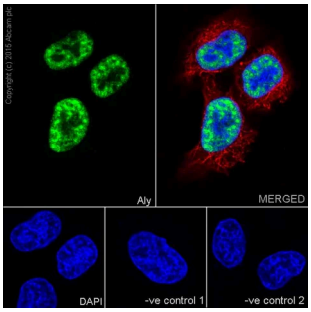
10 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Aly/Ref Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

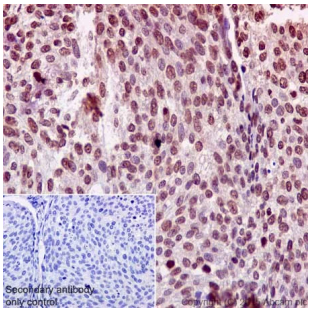
Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa (Human epithelial cells from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Aly/Ref with ab202894 at 1/150 dilution (red) compared with a rabbit monoclonal IgG isotype control (ab172730; black) and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody; blue). Goat anti rabbit IgG (FITC) at 1/500 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Aly/Ref Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (Human epithelial cells from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Aly/Ref with ab202894 at 1/250 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing nuclear staining on HeLa cell line. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with ab7291 (anti-Tubulin mouse mAb) at 1/1000 dilution and ab150120 (AlexaFluor®594 Goat anti-Mouse secondary) at 1/1000 dilution (red).
The negative controls are as follows:
-ve control 1: ab202894 at 1/250 dilution followed by ab150120 (AlexaFluor®594 Goat anti-Mouse secondary) at 1/1000 dilution.
-ve control 2: ab7291 (anti-Tubulin mouse mAb) at 1/1000 dilution followed by ab150077 (Alexa Fluor®488 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L) at 1/1000 dilution.



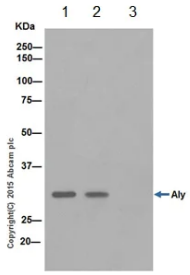
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Aly/Ref Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human cervix carcinoma tissue labeling Aly/Ref with ab202894 at 1/500 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) secondary antibody at 1/500 dilution. Nuclear and weakly cytoplasmic staining on Human cervix carcinoma tissue is observed. Counter stained with Hematoxylin.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)



Aly/Ref was immunoprecipitated from 1mg of HepG2 (Human liver hepatocellular carcinoma) whole cell lysate with ab202894 at 1/40 dilution. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab202894 at 1/5000 dilution. Anti-Rabbit IgG (HRP), specific to the non-reduced form of IgG, was used as secondary antibody at 1/1500 dilution.
Lane 1: HepG2 whole cell lysate 10 µg (Input). Lane 2: ab202894 IP in HepG2 whole cell lysate. Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab202894 in HepG2 whole cell lysate.

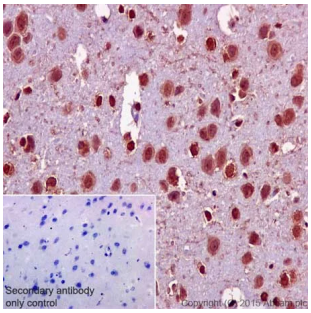
Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 8 seconds.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Predicted band size: 27 kDa

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

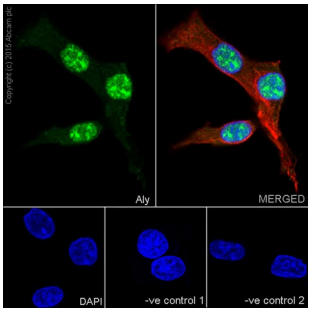


Aly/Ref Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse cerebral cortex tissue labeling Aly/Ref with ab202894 at 1/500 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) secondary antibody at 1/500 dilution. Nuclear and weakly cytoplasmic staining on mouse cerebral cortex tissue is observed. Counter stained with Hematoxylin.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

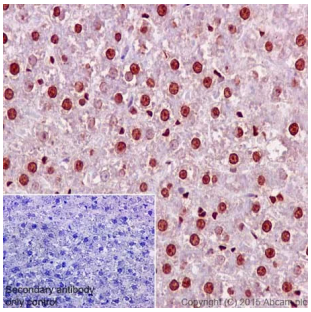
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)



Aly/Ref Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized C6 (Rat glial tumor cells) cells labeling Aly/Ref with ab202894 at 1/250 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing nuclear and weakly cytoplasmic staining on C6 cell line. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with ab7291 (anti-Tubulin mouse mAb) at 1/1000 dilution and ab150120 (AlexaFluor®594 Goat anti-Mouse secondary) at 1/1000 dilution (red).
The negative controls are as follows:
-ve control 1: ab202894 at 1/250 dilution followed by ab150120 (AlexaFluor®594 Goat anti-Mouse secondary) at 1/1000 dilution.
-ve control 2: ab7291 (anti-Tubulin mouse mAb) at 1/1000 dilution followed by ab150077 (Alexa Fluor®488 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L) at 1/1000 dilution.

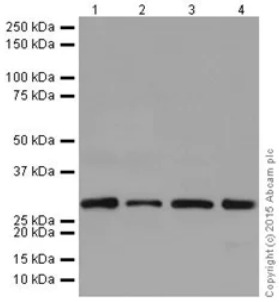


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Aly/Ref Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat liver tissue labeling Aly/Ref with ab202894 at 1/500 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) secondary antibody at 1/500 dilution. Nuclear and weakly cytoplasmic staining on rat liver tissue is observed. Counter stained with Hematoxylin.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Western blot - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1:
PC-3 (Human prostate cancer cell line) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
HepG2 (Human liver hepatocellular carcinoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
HeLa (Human epithelial cells from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
HEK293 (Human epithelial cells from embryonic kidney) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

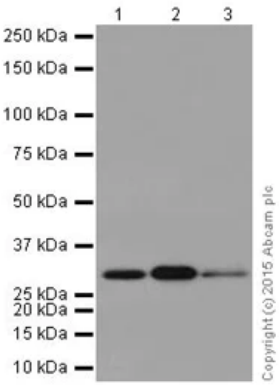
Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 27 kDa

Observed band size: 27 kDa

Exposure time: 5s



Western blot - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Aly/Ref Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894) at 1/2000 dilution

Lane 1:
Human fetal brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Human fetal heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 3:
Human fetal kidney lysate at 10 µg

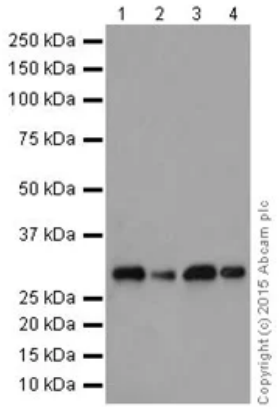
Secondary

All lanes:
Anti-Rabbit IgG (HRP), specific to the non-reduced form of IgG at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 27 kDa

Observed band size: 27 kDa

Exposure time: 15s



Western blot - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894)

Aly/Ref Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Aly/Ref antibody

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Aly/Ref antibody [EPR17942] (ab202894) at 1/2000 dilution

Lane 1:
Mouse brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 3:
Rat brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 4:
Rat heart lysate at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 27 kDa

Observed band size: 27 kDa

Exposure time: 15s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.