abcam

ab208670

Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257]

Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) is a rabbit monoclonal antibody detecting Myeloperoxidase in **Western Blot, Flow Cytometry (Intra), IHC-P, ICC/IF**. Suitable for **Human, Mouse, Rat**.

- Biophysical QC for unrivalled batch-batch consistency
- Over 250 publications

Rat version of this clone also available as ab300650. Same clone, same staining pattern, different species antibody backbone.
Learn more about chimeric antibodies

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR20257
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Specificity	This antibody is specific to Myeloperoxidase heavy chain.
Concentration	0.5265 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Mouse

Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target data

See full target information MPO

Function	Part of the host defense system of polymorphonuclear leukocytes. It is responsible for microbicidal activity against a wide range of organisms. In the stimulated PMN,

MPO catalyzes the production of hypohalous acids, primarily hypochlorous acid in physiologic situations, and other toxic intermediates that greatly enhance PMN microbicidal activity (PubMed:9922160). Mediates the proteolytic cleavage of alpha-1-microglobulin to form t-alpha-1-microglobulin, which potently inhibits oxidation of low-density lipoprotein particles and limits vascular damage (PubMed:25698971).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) was developed by Abcam using patented rabbit monoclonal antibody technology and is validated for use in Flow Cyt (Intra), ICC/IF, IHC-P and WB.

Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) was first used in a scientific publication in 2018 and has been cited over 162 times in peer reviewed journals. It's performance in IHC and Western Blot in mouse samples is trusted by the scientific community.

Abcam's high quality manufacturing and validation processes ensure Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) has high sensitivity and specificity alongside high lot-to-lot consistency and reproducibility.

Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) has 5 independent reviews from customers.

Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) specifically detects Myeloperoxidase (UniProt ID: P05164; Molecular weight: 79kDa) and is sold in 100 µL and 1 mL selling sizes.

Conjugation-ready, carrier free format available for antibody clone EPR20257 - ab221847.

Antibody clone EPR20257 is also available pre-conjugated to a variety of labels for your convenience - Alexa Fluor® 488, Biotin (ab225474, ab322301).

- Recombinant format for unrivalled batch-batch consistency: no need for same-lot requests

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Myeloperoxidase also called MPO is an enzyme that plays a critical role in the body's immune response. This protein has a mass of approximately 150 kDa and exists as a dimer composed of heavy and light polypeptide chains. Myeloperoxidase is prominently expressed in neutrophils and monocytes which are types of white blood cells important for combating infections. The enzyme catalyzes the production of hypochlorous acid and other reactive substances by utilizing hydrogen peroxide and chloride ions. These reactive substances help in neutralizing pathogens during the immune response.
Biological function summary	The generation of reactive oxygen species by myeloperoxidase is essential for microbicidal activity. Myeloperoxidase functions as part of the antimicrobial system in the phagosome which is the intracellular compartment where pathogens are degraded. This enzyme works in conjunction with other components of the immune system such as NADPH oxidase. By generating hypochlorous acid MPO contributes to the oxidative burst a rapid release of reactive oxygen species during the response to pathogens.
Pathways	Myeloperoxidase integrates into the immune defense and inflammatory pathways. In particular it is associated with the neutrophil degranulation pathway where it releases its enzymatic contents to fight off microbes. MPO also interacts with proteins involved in oxidative stress processes such as superoxide dismutase which moderates levels of reactive oxygen species in cells. These interactions ensure balance in the immune response preventing excessive tissue damage during inflammation.
Associated diseases and disorders	Dysregulated MPO activity can contribute to the development of diseases. For instance myeloperoxidase is linked with atherosclerosis a cardiovascular condition where inflammation and oxidative stress lead to plaque formation in the arteries. It also associates with vasculitis an autoimmune disorder causing inflammation of blood vessels. Both disorders can relate to the inflammatory pathways that involve MPO and proteins like C-reactive protein which serves as a marker of inflammation. Understanding MPO's role in these conditions is important for effective therapeutic interventions.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

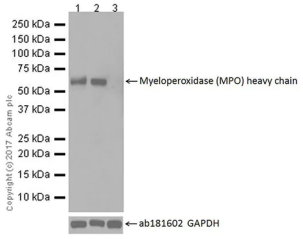
We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

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10 product images



Western blot - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature. PMID: 3029127 PMID: 2154223.

Negative control: HeLa PMID 12040446.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Human fetal spleen lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Rat spleen lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

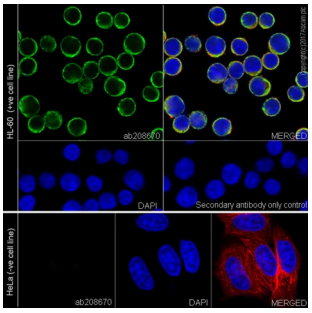
All lanes:

Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 83 kDa

Observed band size: 59 kDa

Exposure time: 10s



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Myeloperoxidase Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

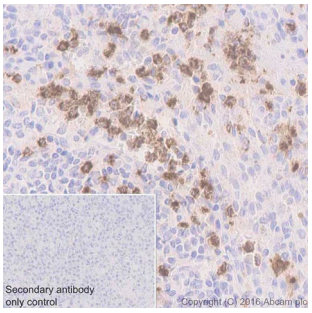
Immunofluorescent analysis of 100% methanol-fixed HL-60 (Human promyelocytic leukemia cell line) and HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at 1/100 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green).
Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on HL-60 cell line.

Negative control: HeLa (PMID: 12040446).

The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue).

Tubulin is detected with ab195889 (Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594)) at 1/200 dilution (red).

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) at 1/1000 dilution.



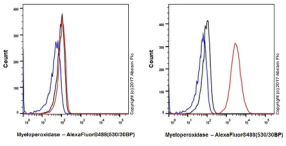
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human spleen tissue labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.
Cytoplasmic staining on neutrophils of human spleen is observed [PMID: 19566938].

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

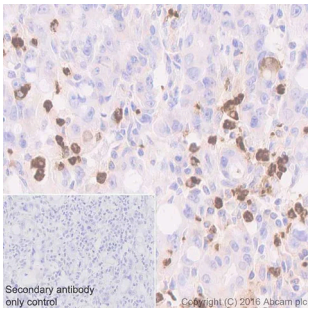


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Myeloperoxidase Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed 90% methanol permeabilized HeLa cells (left panel) and HL-60cells (right panel) labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at

1/500 dilution, compared with a Rabbit IgG, monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control (ab172730; black) and unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary and secondary antibodies; blue). Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.
Negative control: HeLa (PMID: 12040446).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

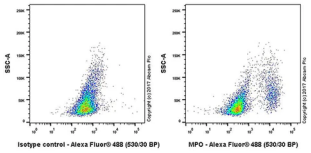
Myeloperoxidase Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human stomach cancer tissue labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.
Cytoplasmic staining on neutrophils of human stomach cancer is observed [PMID: 19566938].

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

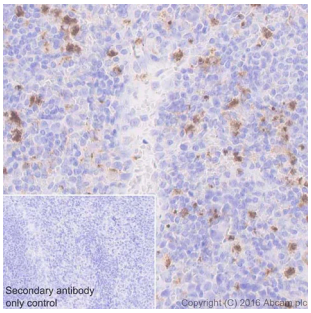
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Myeloperoxidase Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed 90% methanol permeabilized Mouse PBMC cells labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at 1/500 dilution (right), compared with a rabbit monoclonal IgG isotype control (ab172730; left). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Mouse peripheral blood mononuclear cells stained intracellularly with ab208670 (Right) and isotype control (Left). Only monocytes and granulocytes (larger SSC population) result in positive signal while the lymphocyte population remains unchanged.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

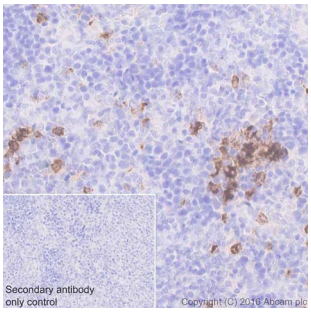
Myeloperoxidase Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse spleen tissue labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.
Cytoplasmic staining on neutrophils of mouse spleen is observed [PMID: 19566938].

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

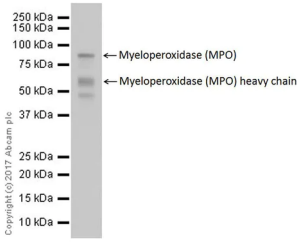
Myeloperoxidase Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat spleen tissue labeling Myeloperoxidase with ab208670 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.
Cytoplasmic staining on neutrophils of rat spleen is observed [PMID: 19566938].

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/500 dilution.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Western blot - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Myeloperoxidase Western blot staining of HL-60 (Human promyelocytic leukemia cell line) whole cell lysate using rabbit Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature. PMID: 2154223 PMID: 8384653.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) at 1/20000 dilution

All lanes:
HL-60 (Human promyelocytic leukemia cell line) whole cell lysate at 10 µg

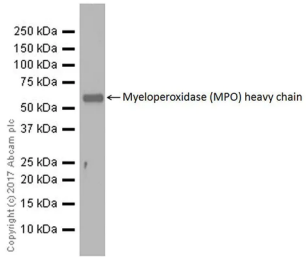
Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 83 kDa

Observed band size: 39 kDa, 59 kDa, 89 kDa

Exposure time: 1s



Western blot - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670)

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature. PMID: 3029127 PMID: 2154223.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Myeloperoxidase antibody [EPR20257] (ab208670) at 1/5000 dilution

All lanes:
Mouse spleen lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 83 kDa

Observed band size: 59 kDa

Exposure time: 10s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.