abcam

ab218624

Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker

Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) is a rabbit monoclonal antibody detecting Rab5 in **Western Blot, Flow Cytometry (Intra), IP, IHC-P, ICC/IF**. Suitable for **Human, Mouse, Rat**.

- KO validated for confirmed specificity
- Biophysical QC for unrivalled batch-batch consistency
- Over 10 publications

Lab Essentials | Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR21801
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Specificity	This antibody could cross-react with RAB5C, but affinity is very low.
Concentration	0.562 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Human

Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/4000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/4000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/4000

Notes	-

Target data

See full target information RAB5A

Function	The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different sets of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion. RAB5A is required for the fusion of plasma membranes and early endosomes and involved in early endocytic trafficking (PubMed:10818110, PubMed:14617813, PubMed:15378032, PubMed:16086013, PubMed:16410077, PubMed:17562788). Required for EEA1 recruitment to early endosomes (PubMed:16086013, PubMed:17562788). Recruits FERRY complex to early endosomes, where FERRY links early endosomes with a subgroup of mRNAs to enable mRNA intracellular distribution (PubMed:37267906). Recruits RABEP1/Rabaptin-5 effector to early endosomes, thereby promoting endocytic membrane fusion (By similarity). Required for EGF and transferrin endocytosis and trafficking through early endosomes (PubMed:16086013, PubMed:17562788). Contributes to the regulation of filopodia extension (PubMed:14978216). Required for the exosomal release of SDCBP, CD63, PDCD6IP and syndecan (PubMed:22660413). Regulates maturation of apoptotic cell-containing phagosomes, probably downstream of DYN2 and PIK3C3 (By similarity).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

What is this antibody validated in?

Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) is a rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody

and is validated for use in Western Blot (WB), Flow Cytometry (Intra), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P), Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence (ICC/IF) in Human, Mouse, Rat samples.

What is the molecular weight of Rab5?
Anti-Rab5 [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) specifically detects a band for Rab5 (UniProt: P20339) at a molecular weight of 24kDa.

Trusted by the scientific community
Anti-Rab5 [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) was first used in a scientific publication in 2018 and has been cited over 10 times in peer-reviewed journals.

Specificity confirmed
The specificity of Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) has been confirmed by Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence testing in RAB5A Knockout HAP1 cells.

Other related products
We have a range of other formats of antibody clone [EPR21801] also available for your convenience: ab218624, Carrier free - ab231095, Alexa Fluor® 488 - ab270094, PE - ab302987, APC - ab302988, HRP - ab302989, Alkaline Phosphatase - ab308673, Alexa Fluor® 647 - ab310008, Alexa Fluor® 594 - ab310375, Alexa Fluor® 555 - ab311900, Alexa Fluor® 568 - ab312371, Alexa Fluor® 750 - ab321399

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Trial sizes available!
Test your antibody or perform pre-screening before committing to a larger quantity. Sold in 20µl. Discover our selection of trial-size antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Rab5 also known as Ras-related protein Rab-5A is a small GTPase of approximately 24 kDa. It is part of the Rab family of proteins and functions as an endosomal marker in cells. Rab5 is ubiquitously expressed but shows enriched expression in tissues with a high rate of endocytosis like the brain and liver. This protein plays a significant role in early endosome fusion and trafficking acting as an essential regulator of vesicular transport processes within the cell.

Biological function summary	Rab5 regulates the early endocytic pathway by mediating vesicle docking and fusion processes. It is not a part of a large complex but interacts with a range of effector proteins that facilitate endosome maturation. Rab5's role as an endosomal marker makes it important for membrane trafficking receptor recycling and signal transduction. Researchers often identify Rab5 in cellular studies using endosome staining techniques or specific antibodies like Drosophila antibodies to visualize its function and distribution.
Pathways	The endocytic network heavily involves Rab5 particularly influencing the endocytosis and endosomal signaling pathways. It frequently interacts with proteins such as EEA1 (Early Endosome Antigen 1) and Rabaptin-5 which are critical for endosomal membrane fusion. This mechanistic involvement ensures the correct transfer and processing of endocytic vesicles facilitating the continual cycle of membrane and receptor turnover in cells.
Associated diseases and disorders	Rab5 dysfunction associates with neurological conditions such as Alzheimer's disease and cancer. Alterations in Rab5 levels or function can disrupt normal endosomal trafficking leading to amyloid beta peptide accumulation in Alzheimer's. Additionally Rab5's role in cancer relates to its regulation of growth factor receptors where its interaction with proteins like the PE marker influences tumor progression. Understanding Rab5 pathways and interactions paves the way for developing targeted therapeutics in these disorders.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

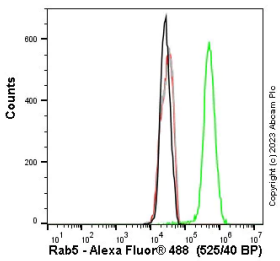
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

14 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

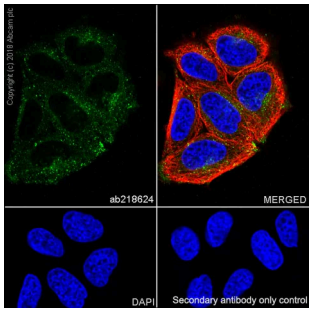
Flow cytometry overlay histogram showing wild-type Hap1 (green line) and Rab5A knockout Hap1 stained with ab218624 (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilised with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 15 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS containing 10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interaction followed by the antibody (ab218624) (1x 106 in 100µl at 0.2 µg/ml (1/10700)) for 30min at 22°C.

The secondary antibody Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed was incubated at 1/4000 for 30min at 22°C

Isotype control antibody Recombinant Rabbit IgG, monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control was used at the same concentration and conditions as the primary antibody (wild-type Hap1 - black line, Rab5A knockout Hap1 - grey line). Unlabelled sample was also used as a control (this line is not shown for the purpose of simplicity).

Acquisition of >5000 events were collected using a 50 mW Blue laser (488nm) and 525/40 bandpass filter.

This antibody gave a positive signal in Hap1 Fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) / permeabilised with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 15 min under the same conditions.

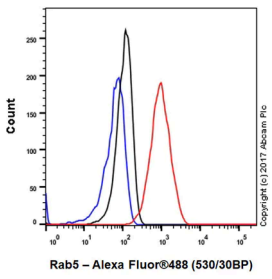


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilzed HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing granular cytoplasmic staining in HeLa cell line.
The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) (ab195889) (red) at 1/200 dilution.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution.

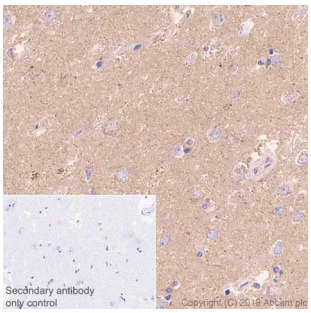


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 90% methanol permeabilized MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma cell line) cell line labelling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/50 dilution (red) compared with a Rabbit IgG, monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control (ab172730) (black) and an unlabeled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary

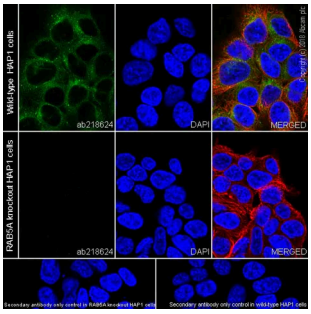
antibody) (blue). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human cerebrum tissue labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/4000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use. Cytoplasmic staining in human cerebrum is observed (PMID 7789520). Counterstained with hematoxylin. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use.

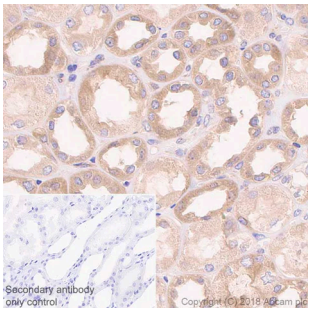


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

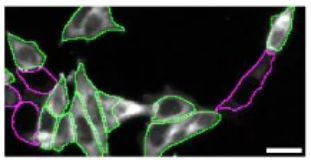
Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilzed wild-type and RAB5A KO HAP1 cells labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing no staining in RAB5A KO HAP1 cell line and granular cytoplasmic staining in parental HAP1 cell line.
The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) (ab195889) (red) at 1/200 dilution.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/4000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use. Cytoplasmic staining in human kidney is observed (PMID 7789520). Counterstained with hematoxylin. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use.

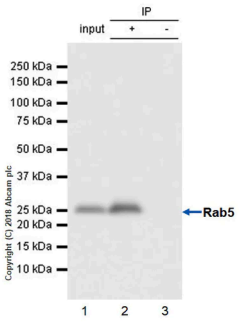


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining of Wild-type HAP1 cells using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

ab218624 was shown to react with RAB5A in wild-type HAP1 cells in immunocytochemistry with loss of signal observed in a RAB5A knockout cell line. Wild-type and knockout cells were mixed and pelleted at a 1:1 ratio on coverslips. The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (15 min) then permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 (10min) and then blocked with 1x PBS, 0.01% Triton X-100, 5% BSA, 5% NGS. The cells were then incubated with ab218624 overnight at 4°C followed by a further incubation at room temperature for 1h with a goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody to (Alexa Fluor® 555) at 0.5 µg/ml. Acquisition of the green (wild-type), red (antibody staining) and far-red (knockout) channels was performed. Representative grayscale images of the red channel are shown. Wild-type and knockout cells are outlined with yellow and magenta dashed line, respectively. Schematic representation of the mosaic strategy used is shown on the bottom-right panel. Image was acquired with a Zeiss(LSM-880).

These data were provided by YCharOS Inc., an open science company with the mission of characterizing commercially available antibody reagents for all human proteins. Abcam and YCharOS are working together to help address the reproducibility crisis by enabling the life science community to better evaluate commercially available antibodies.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma cell line) whole cell lysate with ab218624 at 1/30 dilution. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab218624 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) was used for detection at 1/5000 dilution.
Lane 1: MCF7 whole cell lysate 10 µg (input).

Lane 2: ab218624 IP in MCF7 whole cell lysate.

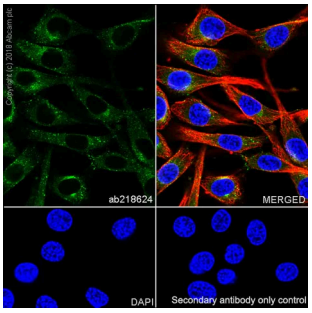
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab218624 in MCF7 whole cell lysate.

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 1 second.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Predicted band size: 24 kDa

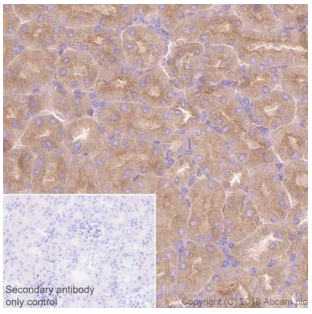


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilzed NIH/3T3 (mouse embryo fibroblast cell line) cells labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing granular cytoplasmic staining in NIH/3T3 cell line.
The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) (ab195889) (red) at 1/200 dilution.

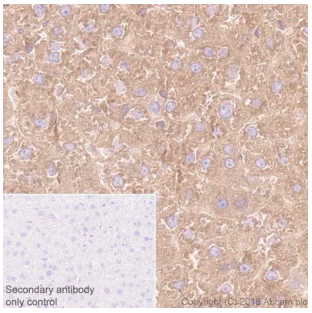
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

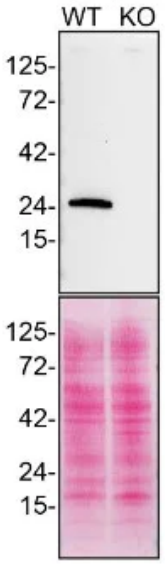
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney tissue labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/4000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use. Cytoplasmic staining in mouse kidney is observed (PMID 7789520). Counterstained with hematoxylin. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat liver tissue labeling Rab5 with ab218624 at 1/4000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use. Cytoplasmic staining in rat liver is observed (PMID 7789520). Counterstained with hematoxylin. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) Ready to use.



Western blot - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

ab218624 was shown to react with RAB5A in wild-type HAP1 cells in Western blot with loss of signal observed in a RAB5A knockout cell line. Wild-type HAP1 and RAB5A knockout cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membranes were blocked in 5% milk in TBST for 1 hr before incubation with ab218624 overnight at 4 °C at a 1000 dilution. Blots were incubated with secondary antibodies at 0.2ug/mL before imaging.

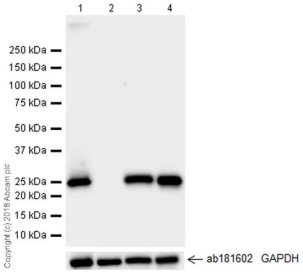
These data were provided by YCharOS Inc., an open science company with the mission of characterizing commercially available antibody reagents for all human proteins. Abcam and YCharOS are working together to help address the reproducibility crisis by enabling the life science community to better evaluate commercially available antibodies.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HAP1 lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
RAB5A Knockout HAP1 lysate at 20 µg

Observed band size: 24 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Rab5 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Rab5 antibody

ab218624 was shown to specifically react with Rab5 in wild-type HAP1 cells as signal was lost in Rab5 knockout cells. Wild-type and Rab5 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab218624 and ab181602 (Human anti-GAPDH loading control) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1/1000 dilution and 1/200000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) secondary antibody at 1/100,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging. The blot was developed on a BIO-RAD® ChemiDoc™ MP instrumentusing the ECL technique.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild type HAP1 whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Rab5 knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma cell line) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

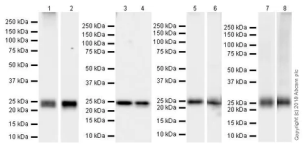
Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 24 kDa

Observed band size: 25 kDa

Exposure time: 15s



Western blot - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624)

Exposure time : Lane 1: 5 seconds; Lanes 2/8: 15 seconds; Lanes 3/4: 6 seconds; Lanes 5/7: 3 seconds; Lane 6: 26 seconds.

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Rab5 antibody [EPR21801] - Early Endosome Marker (ab218624) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Neuro-2a (mouse neuroblastoma cell line) whole cell lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Human fetal brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 3:
Human fetal heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 4:
Human fetal spleen lysate at 10 µg

Lane 5:
Rat brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 6:
Rat heart lysate at 10 µg

Lane 7:
Mouse brain lysate at 10 µg

Lane 8:
Mouse heart lysate at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 24 kDa

Observed band size: 25 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.