abcam

ab232513

Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Constituents: PBS
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Carrier free	Yes
Clone number	EP3000Y
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	1.026 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-

Notes	-

Expected

Species	Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat, Human
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Expected

Species	Rat

Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information PABPN1

Function

Involved in the 3'-end formation of mRNA precursors (pre-mRNA) by the addition of a poly(A) tail of 200-250 nt to the upstream cleavage product (By similarity). Stimulates poly(A) polymerase (PAPOLA) conferring processivity on the poly(A) tail elongation reaction and also controls the poly(A) tail length (By similarity). Increases the affinity of poly(A) polymerase for RNA (By similarity). Is also present at various stages of mRNA metabolism including nucleocytoplasmic trafficking and nonsense-mediated decay (NMD) of mRNA. Cooperates with SKIP to synergistically activate E-box-mediated transcription through MYOD1 and may regulate the expression of muscle-specific genes (PubMed:11371506). Binds to poly(A) and to poly(G) with high affinity (By similarity). May protect the poly(A) tail from degradation (By similarity). Subunit of the trimeric poly(A) tail exosome targeting (PAXT) complex, a complex that directs a subset of long and polyadenylated poly(A) RNAs for exosomal degradation. The RNA exosome is fundamental for the degradation of RNA in eukaryotic nuclei. Substrate targeting is facilitated by its cofactor MTREX, which links to RNA-binding protein adapters (PubMed:27871484).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	+4°C
Storage information	Do Not Freeze

Notes

ab232513 is the carrier-free version of ab75855.

Patented technology

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?

This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Conjugation ready

Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with 1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

Compatibility

This product is compatible with the Maxpar® Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar® is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	PABPN1 also known as polyadenylate-binding nuclear protein 1 is an RNA-binding protein that plays a fundamental role in the regulation of mRNA processing. It is a 31-kilodalton protein that binds to the poly(A) tail of pre-mRNA and stimulates the assembly of the polyadenylation complex thereby influencing the maturation and stability of mRNA transcripts. This protein is predominantly expressed in the nucleus of eukaryotic cells where it performs its important function in post-transcriptional regulation.
Biological function summary	PABPN1 is involved in controlling the polyadenylation process of pre-mRNA which is essential for producing mature mRNA molecules. PABPN1 operates within a multi-protein complex that includes enzymes like poly(A) polymerase and cleavage stimulation factor (CstF). By interacting with these proteins PABPN1 ensures the correct formation of the 3' end of mRNA influencing gene expression regulation and mRNA stability.
Pathways	PABPN1 participates in key cellular pathways such as mRNA processing and nuclear export of mRNA. It operates in concert with other proteins like PABPC1 which aids in the transition of mRNA from the nucleus to the cytoplasm. The protein maintains the balance of mRNA stability and translation efficiency which are critical aspects of efficient gene expression.

Associated diseases and disorders	PABPN1 mutations are linked to oculopharyngeal muscular dystrophy (OPMD) a genetic condition that leads to muscle weakness. Another related disorder involves its interaction with proteins like HSP70 where its dysfunction may contribute to disrupted protein homeostasis in affected tissues. Studying PABPN1's role in these diseases provides insight into the molecular mechanisms underlying these conditions and aids in the development of potential therapeutic strategies.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

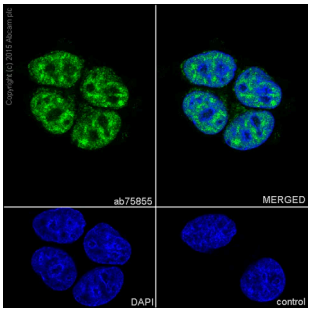
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

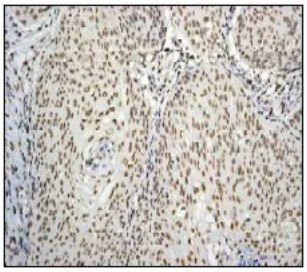
8 product images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF-7 cells labelling PABPN1 with unpurified ab75855 at 1/500. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. ab150077, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000) was used as the secondary antibody.
Control: PBS only.
Nuclear counter stain: DAPI.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).

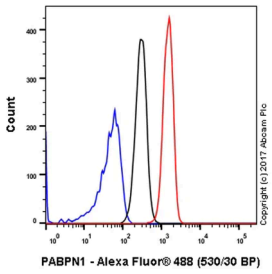


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

Unpurified ab75855, at 1/100 dilution, staining PABPN1 in squamous cell cervical carcinoma, by Immunohistochemistry using formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).

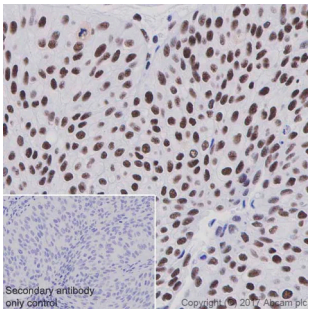
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

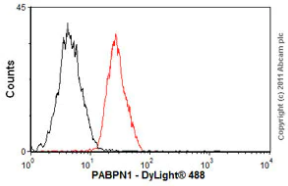
Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling PABPN1 with purified ab75855 at 1/40 dilution (10 ug/ml) (red). Cells were fixed with 80% Methanol and permeabilized with 0.1% Tween-20. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor®488) secondary antibody was used at 1/2000 dilution. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black). Unlabeled control - Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue).
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

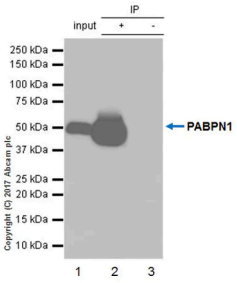
Immunohistochemical (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human bladder carcinoma tissue sections labeling PABPN1 with Purified ab75855 at 1:1000 dilution (0.41 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using ab93684 (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0). Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. ImmunoHistoProbe one step HRP Polymer (ready to use) secondary antibody was used at 1:0 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

Overlay histogram showing MCF-7 cells stained with unpurified ab75855 (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab75855, 1µg/1x10^6 cells) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was DyLight® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (ab96899) at 1/500 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal) (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >5,000 events was performed.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).

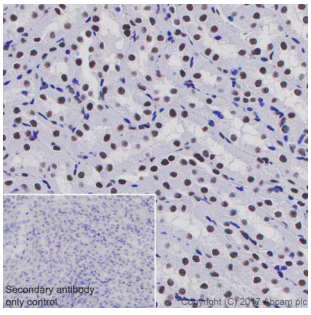


Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

ab75855 (purified) at 1:30 dilution (5ug) immunoprecipitating PABPN1 in MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate.
Lane 1 (input): MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate 10ug
Lane 2 (+): ab75855 & MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate
Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab75855 in MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate
For western blotting, VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) was used for detection at 1:10,000 dilution.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] (ab75855)

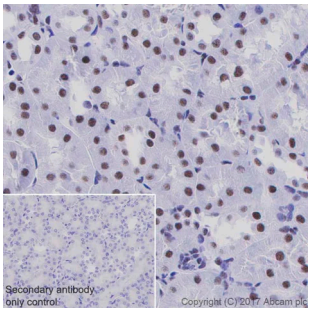
Predicted band size: 33 kDa



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of mouse kidney tissue sections labeling PABPN1 with Purified ab75855 at 1:1000 dilution (0.41 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using ab93684 (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0). Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. ImmunoHistoProbe one step HRP Polymer (ready to use) secondary antibody was used at 1:0 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-PABPN1 antibody [EP3000Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232513)

PABPN1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-PABPN1 antibody

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of rat kidney tissue sections labeling PABPN1 with Purified ab75855 at 1:1000 dilution (0.41 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using ab93684 (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0). Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. ImmunoHistoProbe one step HRP Polymer (ready to use) secondary antibody was used at 1:0 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab75855).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.