abcam

ab236876

Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR21911-55
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.506 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/500

Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information BATF

Function	AP-1 family transcription factor that controls the differentiation of lineage-specific cells in the immune system: specifically mediates the differentiation of T-helper 17 cells (Th17), follicular T-helper cells (TfH), CD8(+) dendritic cells and class-switch recombination (CSR) in B-cells. Acts via the formation of a heterodimer with JUNB that recognizes and binds DNA sequence 5'-TGA[CG]TCA-3'. The BATF-JUNB heterodimer also forms a complex with IRF4 (or IRF8) in immune cells, leading to recognition of AICE sequence (5'-TGAnTCA/GAAA-3'), an immune-specific regulatory element, followed by cooperative binding of BATF and IRF4 (or IRF8) and activation of genes. Controls differentiation of T-helper cells producing interleukin-17 (Th17 cells) by binding to Th17-associated gene promoters: regulates expression of the transcription factor RORC itself and RORC target genes such as IL17 (IL17A or IL17B). Also involved in differentiation of follicular T-helper cells (TfH) by directing expression of BCL6 and MAF. In B-cells, involved in class-switch recombination (CSR) by controlling the expression of both AICDA and of germline transcripts of the intervening heavy-chain region and constant heavy-chain region (I(H)-C(H)). Following infection, can participate in CD8(+) dendritic cell differentiation via interaction with IRF4 and IRF8 to mediate cooperative gene activation. Regulates effector CD8(+) T-cell differentiation by regulating expression of SIRT1. Following DNA damage, part of a differentiation checkpoint that limits self-renewal of hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs): up-regulated by STAT3, leading to differentiation of HSCs, thereby restricting self-renewal of HSCs (By similarity).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C

Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

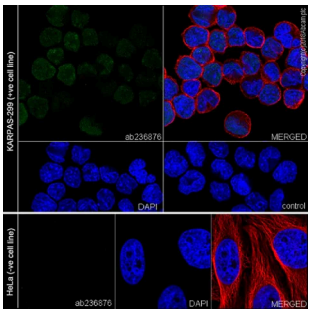
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

4 product images



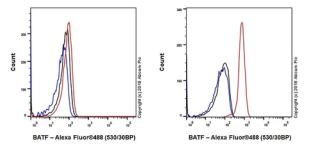
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55] (ab236876)

BATF Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-BATF antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized KARPAS-299 (human anaplastic large cell lymphoma) cells labeling BATF with ab236876 at 1/100 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green).
Confocal image showing nuclear staining in KARPAS-299 cell line is observed.

Counterstained with ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) at a 1/200 dilution (red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). The control is KARPAS-299 cell line stained incubated with secondary antibody only (ab150077 AlexaFluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit secondary).

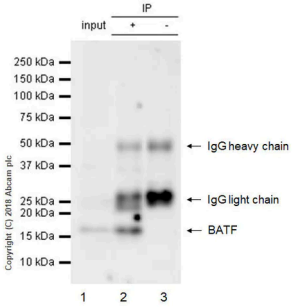
Negative control: HeLa cell line（PMID: 8570175).



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55] (ab236876)

BATF Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-BATF antibody

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 90% methanol permeabilized HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cell line (left) and KARPAS-299 (human anaplastic large cell lymphoma) cell line (right)labeling BATF with ab236876 at 1/500 dilution (red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG - Isotype control (ab172730) (black) and an unlabeled control (cellsincubated withsecondary antibody only) (blue). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077), at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.
Negative control: HeLa (PMID: 8570175).



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55] (ab236876)

BATF was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg KARPAS-299 (human anaplastic large cell lymphoma) whole cell lysate with ab236876 at 1/30 dilution. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab236876 at 1/500 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366), was used for detection at 1/1000 dilution.

Lane 1: KARPAS-299 (human anaplastic large cell lymphoma) whole cell lysate 10 µg (Input).
Lane 2: ab236876 IP in KARPAS-299 whole cell lysate (+).
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab236876 in KARPAS-299 whole cell lysate (-).

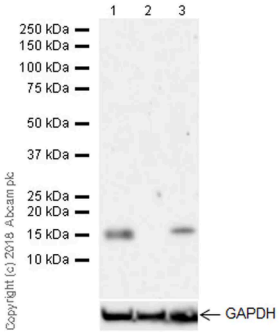
Blocking/Dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 30 seconds.

We used a high sensitivity ECL substrate to develop this blot.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55] (ab236876)

Predicted band size: 14 kDa



Western blot - Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55] (ab236876)

BATF Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-BATF antibody

Blocking/diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
Negative control: HeLa (PMID:8570175).

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-BATF antibody [EPR21911-55] (ab236876) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
KARPAS-299 (human anaplastic large cell lymphoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
A20 (Mouse reticulum sarcoma B lymphocyte cell line) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 14 kDa

Exposure time: 3min

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.