abcam

ab250617

Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free

Recombinant | RabMAb | Advanced Validation | KO Validated

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Constituents: PBS
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Carrier free	Yes
Clone number	EPR13501-73
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	1.028 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

ChIC/CUT&RUN-seq

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-

Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target data

See full target information ARID1A

Function

Involved in transcriptional activation and repression of select genes by chromatin remodeling (alteration of DNA-nucleosome topology). Component of SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling complexes that carry out key enzymatic activities, changing chromatin structure by altering DNA-histone contacts within a nucleosome in an ATP-dependent manner. Binds DNA non-specifically. Belongs to the neural progenitors-specific chromatin remodeling complex (npBAF complex) and the neuron-specific chromatin remodeling complex (nBAF complex). During neural development a switch from a stem/progenitor to a postmitotic chromatin remodeling mechanism occurs as neurons exit the cell cycle and become committed to their adult state. The transition from proliferating neural stem/progenitor cells to postmitotic neurons requires a switch in subunit composition of the npBAF and nBAF complexes. As neural progenitors exit mitosis and differentiate into neurons, npBAF complexes which contain ACTL6A/BAF53A

and PHF10/BAF45A, are exchanged for homologous alternative ACTL6B/BAF53B and DPF1/BAF45B or DPF3/BAF45C subunits in neuron-specific complexes (nBAF). The npBAF complex is essential for the self-renewal/proliferative capacity of the multipotent neural stem cells. The nBAF complex along with CREST plays a role regulating the activity of genes essential for dendrite growth (By similarity).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	+4°C
Storage information	Do Not Freeze

Notes

ab250617 is the carrier-free version of ab182561.

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Conjugation ready
Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with 1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

Compatibility
This product is compatible with the Maxpar® Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar® is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	ARID1A also known as BAF250A is a protein encoded by the ARID1A gene and forms part of the SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling complex. The molecular weight of ARID1A is approximately 270 kDa. This protein is expressed in many tissues but higher expression is noted in the liver kidney and placenta. ARID1A contains an ARID (A-T Rich Interaction Domain) which allows it to bind DNA influencing transcription regulation significantly.
Biological function summary	ARID1A impacts cellular functions through its role in the SWI/SNF complex. This complex modulates chromatin structure and is integral to DNA accessibility which in turn controls gene expression. ARID1A's involvement helps in regulating transcription factors and affects processes such as cell growth and differentiation. Its function is necessary for maintaining proper cell proliferation and apoptosis balance.
Pathways	ARID1A plays a central role in transcriptional regulation and cell cycle control. It shows interaction with the tumor suppressor protein p53 and is implicated in the PI3K/AKT signaling pathway. ARID1A's function in these pathways affects cellular responses to DNA damage and growth signals linking it closely to important cellular fate decisions.
Associated diseases and disorders	Mutations or loss of function in ARID1A has been strongly associated with various cancers including ovarian and endometrial cancers. In these contexts ARID1A dysfunction often occurs alongside other proteins such as p53 contributing to tumorigenesis by deregulating tumor suppressive pathways. It also holds a potential connection to neurodevelopmental disorders due to its role in chromatin remodeling and gene expression.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

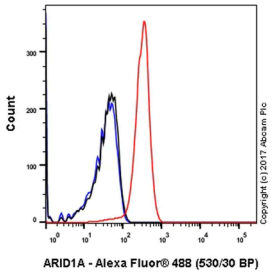
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

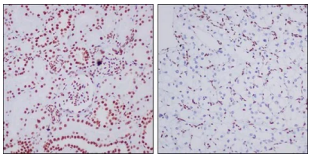
11 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of SH-SY5Y (human neuroblastoma) cells labeling ARID1A with purified ab92512 at 1/500 dilution (10ug/ml) (red). Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilised with 90% methanol. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (1/2000 dilution) was used as the secondary antibody. Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black) was used as the isotype control, cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue) were used as the unlabeled control.

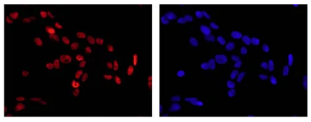


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human kidney tissue (left image) labeling ARID1A using ab182561 at 1/1000 dilution. Right image: human clear cell carcinoma of kidney with ARID1A mutation. A Ready to use HRP Polymer for Rabbit IgG (prediluted) was used as secondary. Counterstain: Hematoxylin.

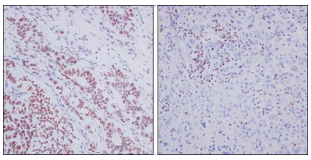
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with EDTA buffer pH 9 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunofluorescent analysis of SH-SY5Y cells labeling ARID1A with ab182561 at 1/500 and Goat anti rabbit IgG(Alexa Fluor®555) at 1/200. Image at the right stained with DAPI.

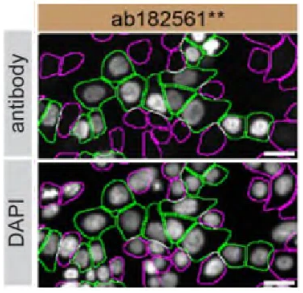


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human adenocarcinoma of endometrium without ARID1A mutation (left image) labeling ARID1A using ab182561 at 1/1000 dilution. Right image: human adenocarcinoma of endometrium with ARID1A mutation. A Ready to use HRP Polymer for Rabbit IgG (prediluted) was used as secondary. Counterstain: Hematoxylin.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with EDTA buffer pH 9 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



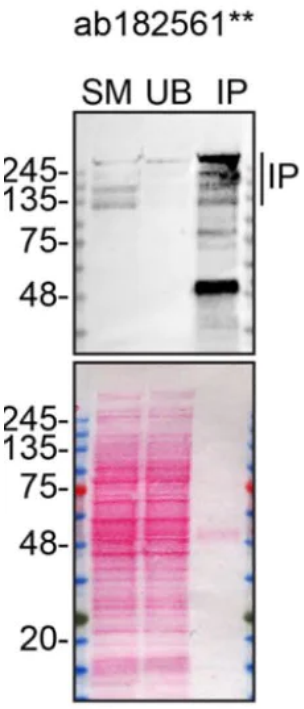
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

ab182561 was shown to react with ARID1A in wild-type HAP1 cells in immunocytochemistry with loss of signal observed in a ARID1A knockout cell line. Wild-type and knockout cells were mixed and pelleted at a 1:1 ratio on coverslips. The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (15 min) then permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 (10min) and then blocked with 1x PBS, 0.01% Triton X-100, 5% BSA, 5% NGS. The cells were then incubated with ab182561 at 1/250 dilution overnight at 4°C followed by a further incubation at room temperature for 1h with a goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody to (Alexa Fluor® 555) at 0.5 µg/ml. Acquisition of the green (wild-type), red (antibody staining) and far-red (knockout) channels was performed. Representative grayscale images of the red channel are shown. Wild-type and knockout cells are outlined with yellow and magenta dashed line, respectively. Schematic representation of the mosaic strategy used is shown on the bottom-right panel. Image was acquired with a Zeiss(LSM-880).

This data was provided by YCharOS Inc., an open science company with the mission of characterizing commercially available antibody reagents for all human proteins. Abcam and YCharOS are working together to help address the reproducibility crisis by enabling the life science community to better evaluate commercially available antibodies.

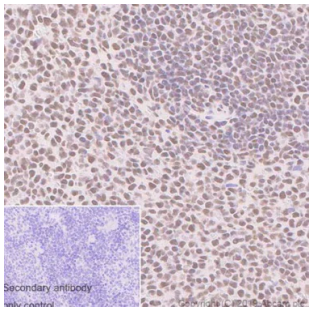


Immunoprecipitation - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

Immunoprecipitation of ARID1A in HAP1 cells. Lysates were prepared and immunoprecipitation was performed using 2 µg of ab182561 pre-coupled to Protein A beads. Samples were then washed and processed for western blot.

This data was provided by YCharOS Inc., an open science company with the mission of characterizing commercially available antibody reagents for all human proteins. Abcam and YCharOS are working together to help address the reproducibility crisis by enabling the life science community to better evaluate commercially available antibodies.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining of Rat spleen using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

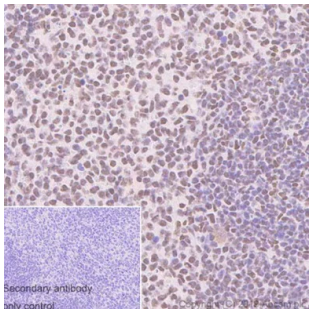
This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat spleen tissue labeling ARID1A with ab182561 at 1/4000 dilution followed by a Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer) - ready to use.

Positive staining on mouse spleen.

The primary antibody was incubated at 4°C overnight.

Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining of Mouse spleen using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

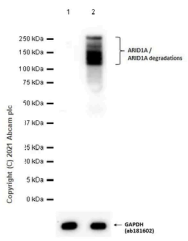
This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse spleen tissue labeling ARID1A with ab182561 at 1/4000 dilution followed by a Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer) - ready to use.

Positive staining on mouse spleen.

The primary antibody was incubated at 4°C overnight.

Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Western blot - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST ARID1A has many mutations which typically generate truncated proteins that are highly prone to degradation. (PMID: 21614196, PMID: 29486633, PMID: 34429326).
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] (ab182561) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
ARID1 knockout HAP1 (Human chronic myelogenous leukemia near-haploid cell line) treated with 10uM MG-132 for 6 hours whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Wild-type HAP1 (Human chronic myelogenous leukemia-haploid cell line) treated with 10uM MG-132 for 6 hours whole cell lysate at 20 µg

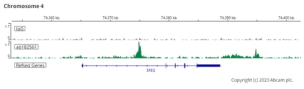
Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 242 kDa

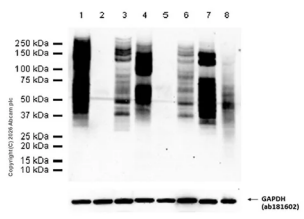
Observed band size: 130-270 kDa

Exposure time: 10s



ChIC/CUT&RUN sequencing - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ChIC/CUT&RUN was performed using a pAG-MNAse at a final concentration of 700 ng/mL, 2.5 x 10^5 HCT116 cells and 5µg of ab182561 [EPR13501-73]. The resulting DNA was sequenced on the Illumina NovaSeq 6000 to a depth of 10 million reads. The negative IgG control ab172730 is also shown. Additional screenshots of mapped reads can be found in the Protocol booklet in the Product Protocol section. The University of Geneva owns patents relevant to ChIC (Chromatin Immuno-Cleavage) methods. This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.



Western blot - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab250617)

ARID1A Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-ARID1A antibody

This data was developed using ab182561, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

In Western blot, Anti-GAPDH antibody [EPR16891] - Loading Control (ab181602) staining at 1/1000,000 dilution.

This antibody failed to work in kidney tissues from mice and rats. ARID1A has many mutations which typically generate truncated proteins that are highly prone to degradation. (PMID: 21614196, PMID:29486633, PMID: 34429326).
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-ARID1A antibody [EPR13501-73] (ab182561) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Mouse spleen tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse kidney tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
Mouse brain tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
Rat spleen tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 5:
Rat kidney tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 6:
Rat brain tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 7:
NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 8:
C6 (rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Observed band size: 50-270 kDa, 36 kDa

Exposure time: 180s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.