abcam

ab256814

Anti-MASP1 antibody [EPR22680-36] - BSA and Azide free

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Constituents: PBS
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Carrier free	Yes
Clone number	EPR22680-36
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A

Reactivity data

IP

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Predicted

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information Masp1

Function	Precursor of a serum protease that activates the complement pathway of the complement system, a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the adaptive immune system. Isoform MASP-1. Serine protease that activates the lectin pathway of the complement system, a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the adaptive immune system (PubMed:18424734, PubMed:31399515). The lectin complement system is activated following association of lectins, such as MBL2, FCN1, FCN2 or FCN3, to carbohydrates on the pathogen surface. Following autoproteolytic processing in response to lectin-binding to pathogen carbohydrates, catalyzes cleavage and activation of MASP2, the next component of the lectin complement pathway (By similarity). Isoform MASP-3. Serine protease that activates the alternative pathway of the complement system, a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the adaptive immune system (PubMed:31399515, PubMed:36988282). The alternative complement pathway acts as an amplification loop that enhances other complement pathways (PubMed:31399515, PubMed:36988282). Isoform MASP-3 specifically catalyzes cleavage and activation of factor D (CFD), the protease that initiates the alternative complement pathway (PubMed:31399515, PubMed:36988282).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	+4°C
Storage information	Do Not Freeze

Notes

ab256814 is the carrier-free version of ab255814.

Patented technology

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For

details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Conjugation ready
Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with 1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

Compatibility
This product is compatible with the Maxpar® Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar® is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	The MASP1 protein also known as mannan-binding lectin serine protease 1 or MASP-1 is a serine protease with a mass of approximately 76 kDa. It is mainly expressed in the liver and is secreted into the blood. MASP1 is an important component of the lectin pathway of the complement system. This protein is an enzyme that circulates in the blood in an inactive form and becomes active when it binds to pathogen surfaces linked to mannose-binding lectins or ficolins.
Biological function summary	MASP1 plays a vital role in the innate immune system by activating the complement cascade. MASP1 works as part of a complex made up of pattern recognition molecules and other proteases. On binding to pathogens the complex undergoes conformational changes that activate MASP1. This activation leads to the cleavage of downstream substrates including MASP-2 and complement component C4 triggering a series of enzymatic reactions that enhance the pathogen clearance by opsonization and lysis.
Pathways	MASP1 is heavily involved in the lectin pathway one of the three activation pathways of the complement system. It shares functional ties with MASP-2 which continues the cascade after MASP1 activates the pathway. While the lectin pathway runs parallel to the classical pathway it is distinguished by the nature of its initiating molecules that recognize carbohydrate patterns on pathogen surfaces without needing antibodies. MASP1's role is critical in facilitating the initial steps of this process which eventually leads to the activation of the terminal complement pathway components.

Associated diseases and disorders	MASP1 shows connections to immune-related conditions such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and infectious diseases. Its dysregulation or deficiency can impact the complement system leading to immune complex diseases like SLE due to the failure in clearing immune complexes effectively. Furthermore MASP1's association with MASP-2 also makes it relevant in studies focused on lectin pathway deficiencies that result in increased susceptibility to infections highlighting its significance in maintaining host immunity.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

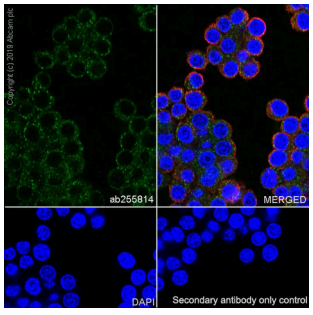
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

2 product images



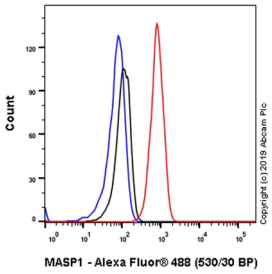
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-MASP1 antibody [EPR22680-36] - BSA and Azide free (ab256814)

MASP1 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-MASP1 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized RAW 264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) cells labeling MASP1 with ab255814 at a 1/50 dilution, followed by ab150077 AlexaFluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit secondary antibody at a 1/1000 dilution (Green). Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining in RAW 264.7 cells is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 dilution (Red). The nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is ab150077 AlexaFluor® 488 Goat anti-Rabbit secondary at 1/1000 dilution.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab255814).



Flow Cytometry - Anti-MASP1 antibody [EPR22680-36] - BSA and Azide free (ab256814)

MASP1 Flow Cytometry staining using rabbit Anti-MASP1 antibody

Flow cytometric analysis of RAW 264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) cells labeling MASP1 with ab255814 at a 1/50 dilution (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) isotype control (Black) and an unlabeled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) at a 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Gated on viable cells.
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab255814).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.