abcam

ab271003

Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR24385-100
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.578 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Species	Human

Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/50
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information DIMT1

Function	Specifically dimethylates two adjacent adenosines in the loop of a conserved hairpin near the 3'-end of 18S rRNA in the 40S particle (PubMed:25851604). Involved in the pre-rRNA processing steps leading to small-subunit rRNA production independently of its RNA-modifying catalytic activity (PubMed:25851604). Part of the small subunit (SSU) processome, first precursor of the small eukaryotic ribosomal subunit. During the assembly of the SSU processome in the nucleolus, many ribosome biogenesis factors, an RNA chaperone and ribosomal proteins associate with the nascent pre-rRNA and work in concert to generate RNA folding, modifications, rearrangements and cleavage as well as targeted degradation of pre-ribosomal RNA by the RNA exosome (PubMed:34516797).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	DIMT1L also known as DIMT1 or Nsun5 is a 58 kDa protein involved in ribosomal RNA methylation. It functions as a methyltransferase introducing methyl groups at specific adenine residues in the small subunit ribosomal RNA (rRNA). The protein shows expression mainly in tissues with high rates of protein synthesis such as liver kidney and pancreas reflecting its role in ribosome biogenesis. Its widespread expression in proliferative tissues highlights its importance for cellular growth and division.
Biological function summary	The protein DIMT1L plays an important role in assembling the 40S ribosomal subunit a part of the eukaryotic 80S ribosome. As a methyltransferase this protein methylates adenine residues in rRNA influencing the ribosome's structural and functional integrity. It usually functions as a monomer not requiring large complexes to exert its effects. This methyltransferase activity is important for correct ribosome maturation which in turn affects protein synthesis capacity within cells.
Pathways	DIMT1L activity is integral to ribosome biogenesis and rRNA processing pathways. The protein interacts with components of the ribonucleoprotein complex to facilitate the final maturation steps of the 40S subunit. It associates with proteins like Nop14 which participate in similar rRNA processing pathways ensuring the fidelity of ribosome assembly. Its role in these pathways highlights the importance of ribosomal integrity for effective translation and overall cellular function.
Associated diseases and disorders	Research links DIMT1L to certain cancers and growth defects. Aberrations in its expression or function can lead to dysregulation in ribosome production contributing to tumorigenesis. The protein sometimes connects to pathways involving tumor suppressor proteins like p53 where disruption can accelerate cancer progression. Beyond cancer other proliferative disorders might arise from alterations in DIMT1L-mediated processes highlighting the need for further exploration into its mechanistic impacts on human health.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

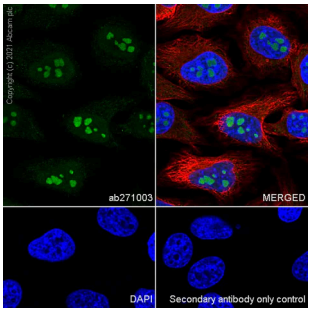
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

5 product images

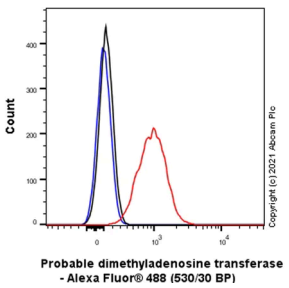


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003)

DIMT1L Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-DIMT1L antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa cells labelling DIMT1 with ab271003 at 1/100 (5.78 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150077 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) antibody at 1/1000 dilution (Green) Confocal image showing nucleolar staining in HeLa cell line.
ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).

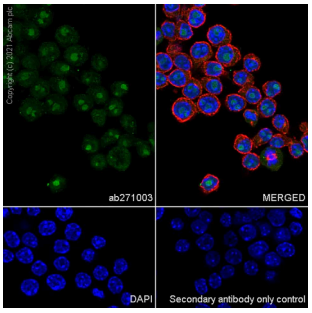
Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150077 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) at 1/1000 dilution.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003)

DIMT1L Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-DIMT1L antibody

Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 90% methanol-permeabilized HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma cell) cells labelling DIMT1 with ab271003 at 1/50 dilution (1ug) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.
Probable dimethyladenosine transferase is an alternative name for DIMT1L.

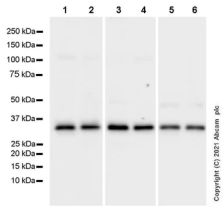


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003)

DIMT1L Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-DIMT1L antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized RAW 264.7 cells labelling DIMT1 with ab271003 at 1/100 (5.78 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150077 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) antibody at 1/1000 dilution (Green) Confocal image showing nucleolar staining in RAW 264.7 cell line.
ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150077 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) at 1/1000 dilution.



Western blot - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003)

DIMT1L Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-DIMT1L antibody

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
Exposure time: 26 seconds.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa (human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
HEK-293T (human embryonic kidney epithelial cell), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
K562 (human chronic myelogenous leukemia lymphoblast), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
Raji (human Burkitts lymphoma B lymphocyte), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 5:
NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

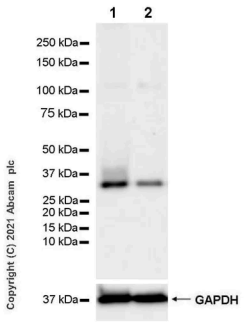
Lane 6:
WEHI-231 (mouse B cell lymphoma B lymphocyte), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 35 kDa

Observed band size: 35 kDa



Western blot - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003)

DIMT1L Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-DIMT1L antibody

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
Exposure time: 81 seconds.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-DIMT1L antibody [EPR24385-100] (ab271003) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa (human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell), transfected with scrambled siRNA control whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
HeLa transfected with siRNA specifically targeting DIMT1 whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 35 kDa

Observed band size: 35 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.