abcam

ab275947

FITC Anti-CD23 antibody [EBVCS-5]

Anti-CD23 antibody [EBVCS-5] conjugated to FITC - suitable for flow cytometry, and reacts with human samples. Clone [EBVCS-5] is a mouse monoclonal antibody cited in 11 publications.

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Key facts

Isotype	IgG1
Host species	Mouse
Conjugation	FITC
Excitation/Emission	Ex: 495nm, Em: 519nm
Storage buffer	pH: 7.4 Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	Cell preparation containing FCER2 protein. The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information. Database link P06734
Clone number	EBVCS-5
Purification technique	Size-exclusion chromatography
Light chain type	kappa

Reactivity data

Flow Cyt

Tested

Species	Human

Dilution info	-
Notes	4 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 10^6 cells in a suspension

Target data

See full target information FCER2

Function	Low-affinity receptor for immunoglobulin E (IgE) and CR2/CD21. Has essential roles in the regulation of IgE production and in the differentiation of B cells. On B cells, initiates IgE-dependent antigen uptake and presentation to T cells (PubMed:2167225). On macrophages, upon IgE binding and antigen cross-linking induces intracellular killing of parasites through activation of L-Arginine-nitric oxide pathway (PubMed:7544003).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	+4°C
Storage information	Do Not Freeze, Store in the dark

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	CD23 also known as Fc epsilon receptor II (FcεRII) or BU38 is a type II integral membrane protein with a molecular mass of approximately 45 kDa. It is expressed mainly on B cells but also appears on various other cell types such as macrophages eosinophils and Langerhans cells. CD23 expression occurs in both soluble and membrane-bound forms. The protein consists of a lectin-like extracellular domain a short transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic tail.
Biological function summary	CD23 facilitates several immune functions including the regulation of immunoglobulin E (IgE) production and its receptor-mediated endocytosis. It has a role in cell adhesion growth and differentiation. CD23 exists independently localizing primarily to the surface of CD23-positive cells. Furthermore this protein influences the release and activity of various cytokines impacting both innate and adaptive immunity.
Pathways	CD23 plays central roles in IgE-mediated immune responses and allergic reactions. It is importantly involved in the synthesis and regulation of IgE connecting it to the IgE signaling pathway and immune system pathways. CD23 interacts with IgE and

	its receptors which include the high-affinity receptor FcεRI forming an interface between the antigen and immune effector functions. Additionally CD23 participates in pathways that involve immune response modulation and inflammation prevention.
Associated diseases and disorders	CD23 is most notably associated with allergic diseases such as asthma and allergic rhinitis due to its role in IgE regulation. It is also linked to chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) in which CD23 serves as a marker for disease progression. In CLL interactions involving CD23 and related proteins such as BCMA and BAFF have been studied to better understand the disorder and its treatment. Anti-CD23 antibodies have been used as both diagnostic tools and therapeutic agents to target CD23-positive cells in these diseases.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

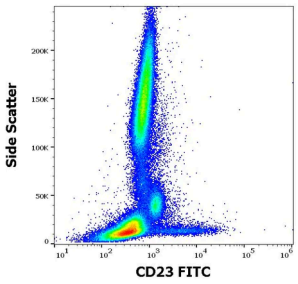
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

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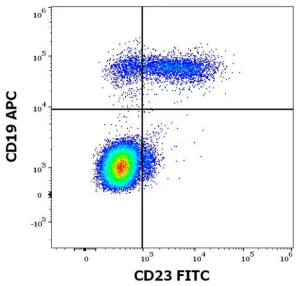
3 product images



Flow Cytometry - FITC Anti-CD23 antibody [EBVCS-5] (ab275947)

CD23 Flow Cytometry staining using mouse Anti-CD23 antibody

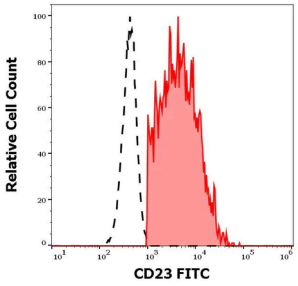
Flow cytometry surface staining pattern of human peripheral whole blood stained using ab275947 (4 µl reagent / 100 µl of peripheral whole blood).



Flow Cytometry - FITC Anti-CD23 antibody [EBVCS-5] (ab275947)

CD23 Flow Cytometry staining using mouse Anti-CD23 antibody

Flow cytometry multicolor surface staining of human lymphocytes stained using ab275947 (4 µl reagent / 100 µl of peripheral whole blood) and anti-human CD19 (LT19) APC antibody (10 µl reagent / 100 µl of peripheral whole blood).



Flow Cytometry - FITC Anti-CD23 antibody [EBVCS-5] (ab275947)

CD23 Flow Cytometry staining using mouse Anti-CD23 antibody

Separation of human CD23 positive B cells (red-filled) from CD23 negative CD19 negative lymphocytes (black-dashed) in flow cytometry analysis (surface staining) of human peripheral whole blood stained using ab275947 (4 µl reagent / 100 µl of peripheral whole blood).

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