abcam

# ab282789

# PE Anti-CD73 antibody [EPR23048-139]

Recombinant | RabMAb

## Key facts

| | |
|---|---|
| **Isotype** | IgG |
| **Host species** | Rabbit |
| **Conjugation** | PE |
| **Excitation/Emission** | Ex: 480;565nm, Em: 578nm |
| **Storage buffer** | pH: 7.4 Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 1% BSA |
| **Form** | Liquid |
| **Clonality** | Monoclonal |
| **Immunogen** | The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information. |
| **Clone number** | EPR23048-139 |
| **Purification technique** | Affinity purification Protein A |
| **Concentration** | 0.5 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent<br>Batch concentration finder → |

## Reactivity data

## Flow Cyt

### Tested

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|---|---|
| **Species** | Human |
| **Dilution info** | 0.2 µg/mL |

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|---|---|
| **Notes** | - |

## Target data

See full target information NT5E

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|---|---|
| **Function** | Catalyzes the hydrolysis of nucleotide monophosphates, releasing inorganic phosphate and the corresponding nucleoside, with AMP being the preferred substrate (PubMed:21933152, PubMed:22997138, PubMed:23142347, PubMed:24887587, PubMed:34403084). Shows a preference for ribonucleotide monophosphates over their equivalent deoxyribose forms (PubMed:34403084). Other substrates include IMP, UMP, GMP, CMP, dAMP, dCMP, dTMP, NAD and NMN (PubMed:21933152, PubMed:22997138, PubMed:23142347, PubMed:24887587, PubMed:34403084). |

## Storage

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|---|---|
| **Shipped at conditions** | Blue Ice |
| **Appropriate short-term storage duration** | 1-2 weeks |
| **Appropriate short-term storage conditions** | +4°C |
| **Appropriate long-term storage conditions** | +4°C |
| **Aliquoting information** | Upon delivery aliquot |
| **Storage information** | Store in the dark |

## Notes

This antibody clone is manufactured by Abcam. If you require a custom buffer formulation or conjugation for your experiments, please contact orders@abcam.com.

**Patented technology**

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

**What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?**

This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

## Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

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|---|---|
| **Activity summary** | CD73 also known as ecto-5'-nucleotidase is an enzyme that functions at the cellular level. The CD73 protein hydrolyzes extracellular nucleotides into nucleosides by removing phosphate groups. It is a 70 kDa glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored molecule found on the surface of various cell types including endothelial cells lymphocytes and epithelial cells. Its presence is noted in a wide range of tissues across the human body highlighting its versatile role in cellular communication and metabolism. |
| **Biological function summary** | CD73 participates in the regulation of purinergic signaling through adenosine production. It acts in cooperation with other cell surface enzymes such as CD39 forming a functional complex that handles ATP breakdown to adenosine. This enzymatic activity modulates immune responses tissue protection and inflammation control. In addition to immune-related functions CD73 supports the maintenance of vascular integrity and proper cellular adhesion which is important in different physiological and pathological contexts. |
| **Pathways** | CD73 plays an important part in the adenosinergic pathway governing the conversion of AMP into adenosine. This activity impacts the signaling and function of the adenosine receptors on immune and non-immune cells. Another important pathway is the angiogenesis process where CD73 contributes by affecting endothelial cell migration and blood vessel development. Relationships with key proteins such as adenosine A2 receptors help facilitate these critical pathway activities. |
| **Associated diseases and disorders** | CD73's involvement with immunosuppression and tumor progression becomes significant. Elevated levels of CD73 are frequently observed in some cancers where it aids in creating a favorable tumor microenvironment through increased adenosine production. This situation assists tumor cells in evading immune detection. Additionally CD73 is linked to autoimmune diseases like multiple sclerosis where it contributes to modulated lymphocyte activity. Connections with proteins such as TGF-beta further illustrate its role in disease-related pathways creating potential targets for therapeutic interventions through the use of anti-CD73 antibodies. |

## Product promise

**Tested**

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

**Expected**

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

**Predicted**

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

**Not recommended**

We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

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We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

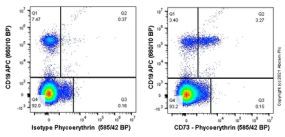
In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

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## 1 product image

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### Flow Cytometry - PE Anti-CD73 antibody [EPR23048-139] (ab282789)

CD73 Flow Cytometry staining using rabbit Anti-CD73 antibody

Flow cytometry staining of human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) with ab282789 (right) or Rabbit IgG (monoclonal) Phycoerythrin (ab209478) isotype (left). PBMCs were incubated for 30 min on ice in 1x PBS containing 10µg/ml human IgG and 10% normal goat serum to block FC receptors and non-specific protein-protein interaction followed by the antibody (ab282789) or Rabbit IgG (monoclonal) Phycoerythrin (ab209478) isotype (100 µl at 0.2µg/ml (1/2500)) for 30 min on ice. The cells were simultaneously stained with CD19.
Acquisition of >30000 events were collected using a 50 mW Yellow/Green laser (561nm) and 585/42 bandpass filter. Events were gated on live lymphocytes.

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Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.