abcam

ab283678

Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR24831-36
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.569 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/50
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/2000
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information Tgoln1

Function	May be involved in regulating membrane traffic to and from trans-Golgi network.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks

Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 also known by the acronym TGOLN2 or TGN46 is an integral membrane protein that plays a critical role in the sorting and trafficking of proteins. The protein has a molecular mass of about 46 kDa and resides primarily in the trans-Golgi network of eukaryotic cells. It is expressed in various tissues with prominent expression in cells featuring extensive secretory pathways such as liver and pancreatic cells. This positioning enables it to fulfill its role in mediating the transport of proteins from the Golgi apparatus to their specific cellular destinations.
Biological function summary	The protein is involved in maintaining the structure and function of the trans-Golgi network. TGOLN2 works as part of a complex network that includes multiple integral membrane proteins which regulate vesicular trafficking. Its ability to bind with other proteins facilitates the sorting and packaging of secretory proteins which are then dispatched through vesicles. By efficiently working with the cellular machinery TGOLN2 contributes to the proper processing and delivery of proteins essential for cellular function.
Pathways	TGOLN2 significantly integrates in the protein trafficking and glycosylation pathways within cells. It cooperates closely with Kinesin and Dynein motor proteins to move vesicles along cytoskeletal tracks to their correct location.

	TGOLN2 also interacts with adaptin protein complexes which are important for the selection of cargo proteins destined for delivery to specific compartments. This positioning in pathways makes TGOLN2 an essential factor in ensuring the precise cellular localization of proteins.
Associated diseases and disorders	Dysregulation of TGOLN2 expression has been linked to certain neurodegenerative disorders and cancers. Altered functioning in TGOLN2 may contribute to diseases like Alzheimer's by influencing the abnormal accumulation of amyloid precursor protein which TGOLN2 is known to interact with. Additionally cancer cells often show altered protein trafficking mechanisms where the disruption of TGOLN2 can impact tumor progression and metastasis. Understanding TGOLN2's interactions may provide insights into the pathogenesis of these conditions offering potential therapeutic avenues.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

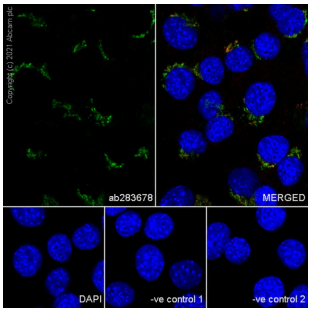
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

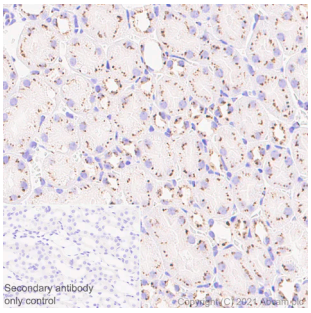
10 product images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 100% methanol-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized C2C12 cells labelling TGN38 with ab283678 at 1/50 (11.38 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution (Green). Confocal image showing co-locolization positive staining with Golgi marker in C2C12 cells is observed. ab169276 Anti-GM130 mouse polyclonal antibody - cis-Golgi Marker was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 5ug/ml dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue). Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution.

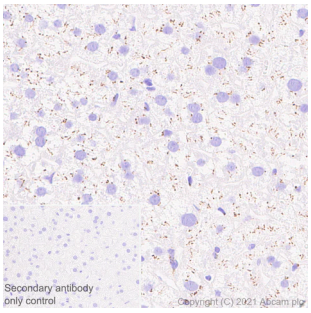


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse kidney tissue labelling TGN38 with ab283678 at 1/2000 (0.285 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Granular cytoplasmic staining in mouse kidney. The section was incubated with ab283678 for 30 mins at room temperature. The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin.
Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection).

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, epitope retrieval solution2) for 20 mins

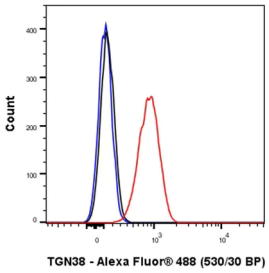


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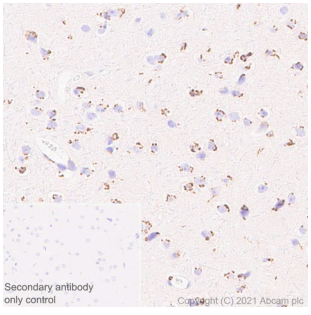
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Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

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Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized C2C12 (Mouse myoblasts myoblast) cells labelling TGN38 with ab283678 at 1/500 dilution (0.1ug) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). A Goat F(ab')2 Anti-Rabbit IgG(DyLight® 488, ab98507) at 1/500 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

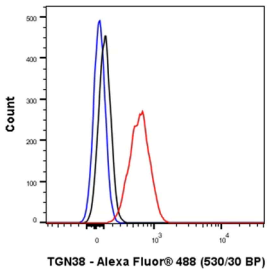


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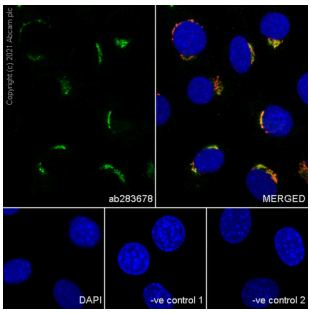
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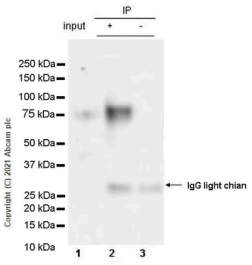
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Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

TGN38 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg C2C12 (mouse myoblasts myoblast), whole cell lysate 10 ug with ab283678 at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab283678 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution.
Lane 1: C2C12 (mouse myoblasts myoblast), whole cell lysate 10 ug

Lane 2: ab283678 IP in C2C12 whole cell lysate

Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab283678 in C2C12 whole cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

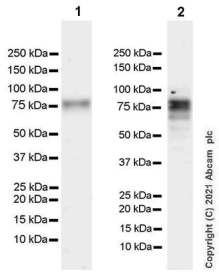
Exposure time: 49 seconds

This blot was developed using a higher sensitivity ECL substrate.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

Predicted band size: 38 kDa

Observed band size: 75 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST
Lane 1 of this blot was developed using a higher sensitivity ECL substrate.

The expression profiles/observed MW are consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID: 12494998).

Exposure time: 3 minutes

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

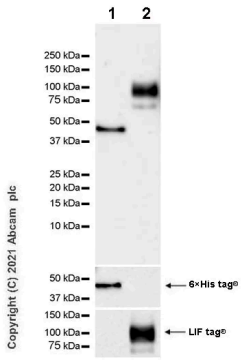
Lane 2:
C2C12 (mouse myoblasts myoblast), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 38 kDa

Observed band size: 85 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678)

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST
This antibody has cross-reaction with mouse TGN38B.

The recombinant proteins TGN38B and TGN38 were made in-house.

The sample loaded onto lane 1 was purified TGN38B recombinant protein expressed from an E.coli expression system.

The sample loaded onto lanes 2 was purified TGN38 recombinant protein expressed from a mammalian - HEK-293 expression system.

Exposure time: 81 seconds

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Trans-Golgi network integral membrane protein 1 antibody [EPR24831-36] (ab283678) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
His-tagged mouse TGN38B recombinant protein at 0.01 µg

Lane 2:
LIF-tagged mouse TGN38 recombinant protein at 0.01 µg

Secondary

Lane 1:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Lane 2:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 38 kDa

Observed band size: 50 kDa, 65-100 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.