abcam

ab287965

Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free

Recombinant | RabMAb | Advanced Validation

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Constituents: PBS
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Carrier free	Yes
Clone number	EPR25417-73
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Specificity	Rat species is recommended based on WB result only.
Concentration	1.064 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

mIHC

Tested

Species	Mouse

Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Recombinant full length protein - Mouse, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Recombinant full length protein - Mouse, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Recombinant full length protein - Mouse, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Recombinant full length protein - Mouse, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat, Recombinant full length protein - Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Recombinant full length protein - Mouse, Human
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information Aurkb

Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase component of the chromosomal passenger complex (CPC), a complex that acts as a key regulator of mitosis (By similarity). The CPC complex has essential functions at the centromere in ensuring correct

chromosome alignment and segregation and is required for chromatin-induced microtubule stabilization and spindle assembly (By similarity). Involved in the bipolar attachment of spindle microtubules to kinetochores and is a key regulator for the onset of cytokinesis during mitosis (By similarity). Required for central/midzone spindle assembly and cleavage furrow formation (By similarity). Key component of the cytokinesis checkpoint, a process required to delay abscission to prevent both premature resolution of intercellular chromosome bridges and accumulation of DNA damage: phosphorylates CHMP4C, leading to retain abscission-competent VPS4 (VPS4A and/or VPS4B) at the midbody ring until abscission checkpoint signaling is terminated at late cytokinesis (By similarity). AURKB phosphorylates the CPC complex subunits BIRC5/survivin, CDCA8/borealin and INCENP (By similarity). Phosphorylation of INCENP leads to increased AURKB activity (By similarity). Other known AURKB substrates involved in centromeric functions and mitosis are CENPA, DES/desmin, GPAF, KIF2C, NSUN2, RACGAP1, SEPTIN1, VIM/vimentin, HASPIN, and histone H3 (By similarity). A positive feedback loop involving HASPIN and AURKB contributes to localization of CPC to centromeres (By similarity). Phosphorylation of VIM controls vimentin filament segregation in cytokinetic process, whereas histone H3 is phosphorylated at 'Ser-10' and 'Ser-28' during mitosis (H3S10ph and H3S28ph, respectively) (PubMed:11784863). AURKB is also required for kinetochore localization of BUB1 and SGO1 (By similarity). Phosphorylation of p53/TP53 negatively regulates its transcriptional activity (By similarity). Key regulator of active promoters in resting B- and T-lymphocytes: acts by mediating phosphorylation of H3S28ph at active promoters in resting B-cells, inhibiting RNF2/RING1B-mediated ubiquitination of histone H2A and enhancing binding and activity of the USP16 deubiquitinase at transcribed genes (PubMed:24034696). Acts as an inhibitor of CGAS during mitosis: catalyzes phosphorylation of the N-terminus of CGAS during the G2-M transition, blocking CGAS liquid phase separation and activation, and thereby preventing CGAS-induced autoimmunity (By similarity). Phosphorylates KRT5 during anaphase and telophase (PubMed:29518391). Phosphorylates ATXN10 which promotes phosphorylation of ATXN10 by PLK1 and may play a role in the regulation of cytokinesis and stimulating the proteasomal degradation of ATXN10 (By similarity).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	+4°C

Notes

ab287965 is the carrier-free version of ab287960.

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Conjugation ready
Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with 1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

Compatibility
This product is compatible with the Maxpar® Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar® is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Aurora B also known as Aurora kinase B or AURKB is a serine/threonine protein kinase with a molecular mass of approximately 39 kDa. This protein expresses across various cell types and tissues playing a critical role during cell division. It localizes to the centromeres during early mitosis and later associates with the central spindle and midbody. Aurora B is a component of the chromosomal passenger complex (CPC) which includes other proteins such as INCENP survivin and borealin essential for its function.
Biological function summary	Aurora B kinase functions to ensure proper chromosome alignment segregation and cytokinesis during mitosis and meiosis. It phosphorylates various substrates to facilitate processes like correction of kinetochore-microtubule attachments and regulation of the mitotic checkpoint. As a part of the CPC Aurora B acts in coordination with other proteins to control these cellular events ensuring that cells divide accurately and safely.
Pathways	Aurora B integrates into the cell cycle and mitotic pathways operating closely with the spindle assembly checkpoint. It interacts with proteins like CENP-A and CENP-E ensuring error-free chromosome segregation. Aurora B's activity within these pathways is critical for maintaining genomic stability and preventing aneuploidy a condition linked to improper chromosome number.
Associated diseases and disorders	Aurora B's malfunction associates with cancer and chromosomal instability. Overexpression or dysregulation of Aurora B kinase frequently occurs in several types of cancer contributing to tumorigenesis by promoting abnormal cell division. Proteins such as p53 a well-known tumor suppressor often become functionally compromised when Aurora B activity is altered further advancing disease

progression. Aurora B also holds implications in other disorders marked by faulty cell cycle regulation emphasizing its potential as a therapeutic target.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

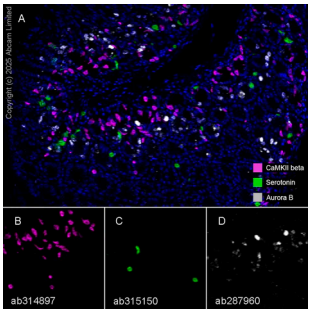
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

12 product images



Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Multiplex immunohistochemistry staining of Mouse stomach using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

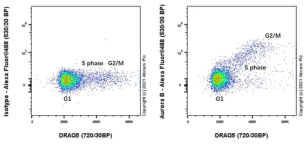
This data was developed using ab287965, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Multiplex immunohistochemistry analysis of formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded mouse stomach tissue staining CaMKII beta with ab314897 at 1/5000 dilution, ab315150 anti-Serotonin used at 1/5000 dilution and ab287960 anti-Aurora B used at a 1/300 dilution. Opal Polymer HRP Ms + Rb was used as a secondary antibody, and DAPI was used for a nuclear counter stain. Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, epitope retrieval solution2) for 20 mins.

Panel A: merged staining of anti-CaMKII beta (magenta; Opal™690), anti-Serotonin (green; Opal™520) and anti-Aurora B (gray; Opal™570) on mouse stomach.
Panel B: anti-CaMKII beta staining endocrine cells in mouse stomach.
Panel C: anti-Serotonin staining enterochromaffin cells in mouse stomach.

Panel D: anti-Aurora B staining proliferating cells in mouse stomach.
Nuclear DNA was labeled with DAPI (shown in blue).

The section was incubated in three rounds of staining: in the order of ab314897, ab315150 and ab287960 for 30 mins at room temperature. Each round was followed by a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system.

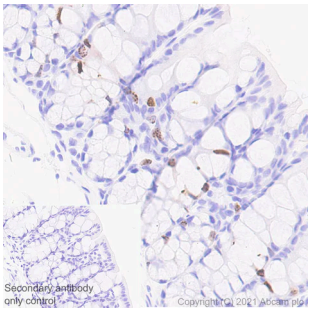
The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument with an Opal™ 4-color kit. Image acquisition was performed with Leica SP8 confocal microscope.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) cells labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/500 dilution (0.1ug) (Right) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Left) isotype control. A Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Cells were co-stained with DRAQ5 to differentiate cell cycle phase.



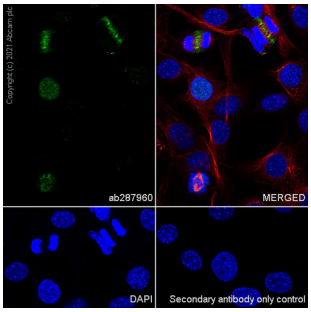
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse colon tissue labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/300 (1.803 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) . Nuclear staining on mouse colon. The section was incubated with ab287960 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) .

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, epitope retrieval solution2) for 20 mins



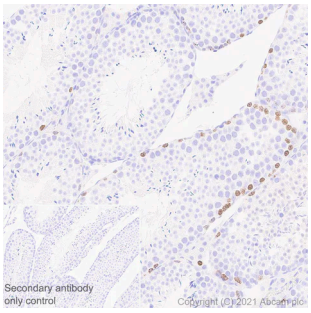
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized NIH/3T3 cells labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/50 (10.82 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution (Green). Confocal image showing positive staining in NIH/3T3 cells in M phase is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 (2.5ug/ml) dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution.



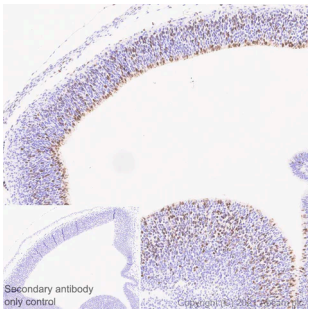
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse testis tissue labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/300 (1.803 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) . Nuclear staining on mouse testis. The section was incubated with ab287960 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) .

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, epitope retrieval solution2) for 20 mins



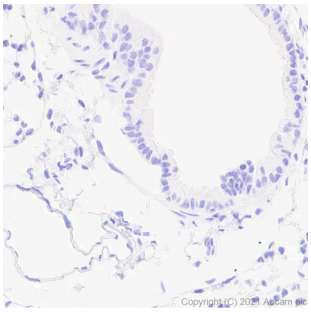
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse embryo 12.5 dpc tissue labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/300 (1.803 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) . Nuclear staining on mouse embryo 12.5 dpc . The section was incubated with ab287960 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond☒ Polymer Refine Detection) .

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, epitope retrieval solution2) for 20 mins



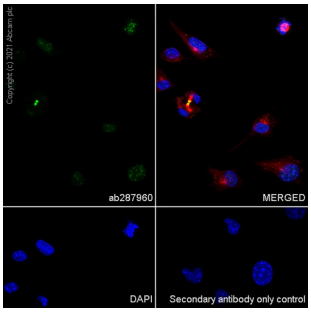
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse lung tissue labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/300 (1.803 ug/ml) dilution followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) . Negative control: no staining on mouse lung. The section was incubated with ab287960 for 30 mins at room temperature. The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument. Counterstained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection) .

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, epitope retrieval solution2) for 20 mins

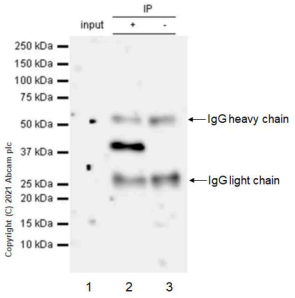


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized L-929 cells labelling Aurora B with ab287960 at 1/50 (10.82 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution (Green). Confocal image showing positive staining in L-929 cells in M phase is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 (2.5ug/ml) dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).

Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 (2 ug/ml) dilution.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Aurora B was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate 10 ug with anti aurora b antibody epr2541773 immunoprecipitation nih3t3.jpg at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using anti aurora b antibody epr2541773 immunoprecipitation NIH/3T3 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution.

Lane 1: NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate 10 ug

Lane 2: ab287960 IP in NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate

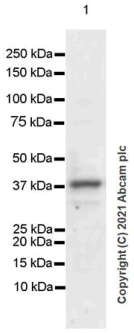
Lane 3:Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab287960 in NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 3 minutes

This blot was developed using a higher sensitivity ECL substrate.
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] (ab287960)

Predicted band size: 39 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Western blot staining of C6 (rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysate using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST

This blot was developed using a higher sensitivity ECL substrate.

Exposure time: 3 minutes

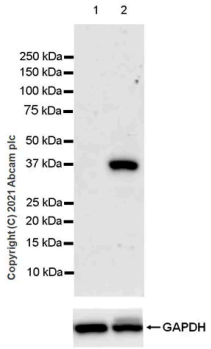
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] (ab287960) at 1/1000 dilution

All lanes:
C6 (rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 39 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

Aurora B Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Aurora B antibody

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST

Exposure time: 3 minutes

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] (ab287960) at 1/1000 dilution

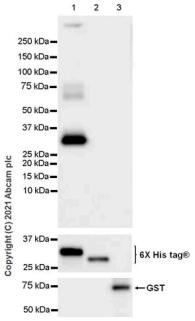
Lane 1:
L-929 (mouse connective tissue fibroblast) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
L-929 treated with 100ng/ml nocodazole for 20 hours whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 39 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] - BSA and Azide free (ab287965)

This data was developed using ab287960, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST

Exposure time: 5.5 seconds

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Aurora B antibody [EPR25417-73] (ab287960) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
His-tagged mouse Aurora B recombinant protein (aa13-261) 10ng

Lane 2:
His-tagged mouse Aurora C recombinant protein (aa5-237) 10ng

Lane 3:
GST-tagged mouse Aurora A recombinant protein (fl-length) 10ng

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 39 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.