abcam

ab289964

Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR25283-14
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.56 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-Fr

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information Gp6

Function	Collagen receptor involved in collagen-induced platelet adhesion and activation (PubMed:16139873, PubMed:24368846). Plays a key role in platelet procoagulant activity and subsequent thrombin and fibrin formation. This procoagulant function may contribute to arterial and venous thrombus formation. The signaling pathway involves the FcR gamma-chain, the Src kinases (likely FYN or LYN) and SYK, the adapter protein LAT and leads to the activation of PLCG2.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient

Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	GPVI or glycoprotein VI functions mechanically as a collagen receptor on the surface of platelets. With a molecular mass around 62 kDa it is expressed mainly on megakaryocytes and platelets. GPVI plays an important role in platelet adhesion and activation by binding to collagen exposed at sites of vascular injury. This interaction initiates a cascade of platelet activation essential for normal hemostasis.
Biological function summary	The target participates in the formation of platelet activation complexes. GPVI partners with the Fc receptor γ-chain to transmit activation signals upon collagen binding. This process results in platelet shape change granule secretion and aggregation which are all critical steps for clot formation. By interacting with collagen GPVI ensures that platelets can effectively respond to vascular damage particularly in arterial vessels where high shear forces prevail.
Pathways	The glycoprotein VI contributes significantly to the immune and coagulation pathways. It activates the enzyme Syk kinase following collagen binding which

	further triggers the downstream signaling pathways like the MAPK pathway leading to platelet activation. GPVI works closely with other receptors like integrin α2β1 and the glycoprotein Ib/V/IX complex reinforcing platelet-collagen interactions and stabilizing the platelet plug formation during thrombus growth.
Associated diseases and disorders	Glycoprotein VI shows relevance in cardiovascular diseases and immune thrombocytopenia. Abnormal GPVI function or expression can exacerbate conditions such as myocardial infarction by promoting excessive platelet activation and thrombosis. Conversely reduced GPVI levels relate to bleeding disorders due to impaired platelet function. Studies have also linked GPVI to autoimmune conditions where antibodies may target it similar to responses in immune thrombocytopenia.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

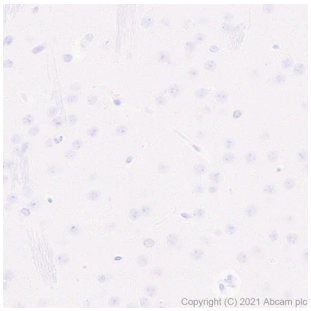
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

8 product images

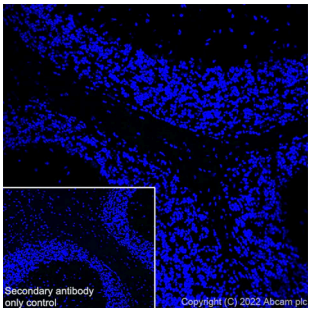


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

GPVI Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse cerebrum tissue labelling GPVI with ab289964 at 1/500 dilution, followed by a ready to use Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer). **Negative control:** no staining on mouse cerebrum PMID 10961879). The section was incubated with ab289964 at 4°C overnight. Counterstained with Hematoxylin.
Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer).

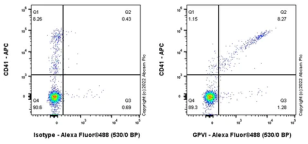
Heat mediated antigen retrieval using ab93678 (citrate buffer, pH 6.0).



Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections) - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

GPVI Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections) staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

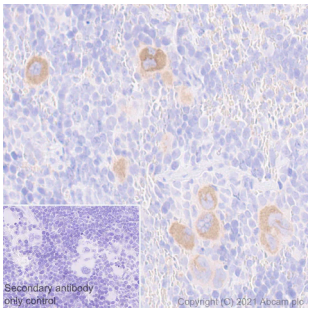
Immunohistochemical analysis of 4% PFA-fixed, 0.2% Triton X-100 permeabilized frozen Mouse cerebellum (fresh) tissue labeling GPVI with ab289964 at 1/100 dilution followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 dilution (Green). **Negative control** (PMID: 10961879). No staining on mouse cerebellum is observed. The nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).
Secondary antibody control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 dilution.



Flow Cytometry - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

GPVI Flow Cytometry staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

Flow cytometric analysis of Mouse blood cells cells labelling GPVI with ab289964 at 1/500 dilution (0.1µg)(Right) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) isotype control (Left). Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) was used as secondary antibody at 1/2000 dilution. Cells were stained with rabbit IgG or ab289964. Then stained with anti-CD41 conjµgated to APC. Gated on viable cells.

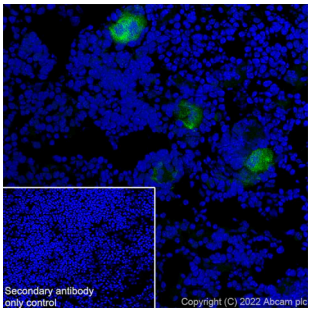


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

GPVI Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse spleen tissue labelling GPVI with ab289964 at 1/500 dilution followed by a ready to use Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer). Cytoplasmic staining on megakaryocytes and platelets of mouse spleen. The section was incubated with ab289964 at 4°C overnight. Counterstained with Hematoxylin.
Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer).

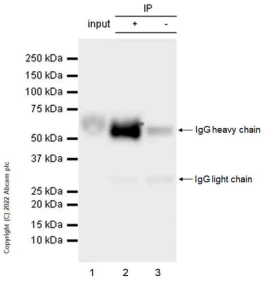
Heat mediated antigen retrieval using ab93678 (citrate buffer, pH 6.0).



Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections) - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

GPVI Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections) staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

Immunohistochemical analysis of 4% PFA-fixed, 0.2% Triton X-100 permeabilized frozen Mouse spleen (fresh) tissue labeling GPVI with ab289964 at 1/100 dilution followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 dilution (Green). Positive staining in megakaryocytes of mouse spleen is observed. The nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue).
Secondary antibody control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 dilution.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

GPVI was immunoprecipitated from Mouse platelet lysate with ab289964 at 1/30 dilution (2µg in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab289964 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution.
Lane 1: Mouse platelet lysate 10 µg

Lane 2: ab289964 IP in Mouse platelet lysate

Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab289964 in mouse platelet lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 15 seconds

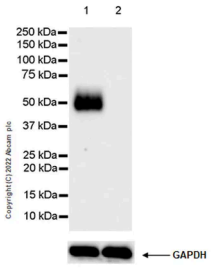
The expression profile/ molecµlar weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID: 23112346, PMID: 9295288).

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)

Predicted band size: 37 kDa

Observed band size: 58 kDa

Western blot - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)



GPVI Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
The expression profile/ molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID: 23112346, 16014566).

Negative control: cerebellum. (PMID: 10961879).

Exposure time: 70 seconds.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Mouse platelet lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse cerebellum tissue lysate at 20 µg

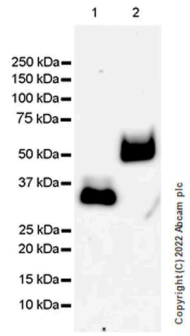
Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 37 kDa

Observed band size: 58 kDa

Western blot - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964)



GPVI Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-GPVI antibody

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
The expression profile/ molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID:Â 23112346, PMID:Â 16014566).

Exposure time: 114 seconds.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-GPVI antibody [EPR25283-14] (ab289964) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Mouse platelet treated with PNGase F lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse platelet lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ab97051) at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 37 kDa

Observed band size: 34 kDa, 58 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.