abcam

ab305105

Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34]

Recombinant | RabMAb | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR25164-34
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.509 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

ChIP

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/100

Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/16000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/16000
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	Perform heat-mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse

Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Not recommended

Species	Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information PRDM2

Function	S-adenosyl-L-methionine-dependent histone methyltransferase that specifically methylates 'Lys-9' of histone H3. May function as a DNA-binding transcription factor. Binds to the macrophage-specific TPA-responsive element (MTE) of the HMOX1 (heme oxygenase 1) gene and may act as a transcriptional activator of this gene.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	RIZ1 also known as PRDM2 is a tumor suppressor gene coding for a protein with a mass of approximately 280 kDa. This protein functions mechanically as a histone methyltransferase specifically modifying histone H3 on lysine 9. The structural component of RIZ1 includes a PR domain and a SET domain essential for its methyltransferase activity. This protein gets expressed in various tissues particularly in the brain ovary testis and skeletal muscle.
Biological function summary	The RIZ1 protein plays a significant role in transcriptional regulation and cell cycle arrest. It forms complexes with other proteins allowing it to exert its regulatory functions effectively. These complexes enable RIZ1 to bind DNA and affect chromatin structure which is critical for the transcriptional silencing of genes involved in cell proliferation. By blocking cell cycle progression RIZ1 helps maintain genomic stability ensuring that cells do not grow uncontrollably.
Pathways	RIZ1 protein influences gene expression and cellular processes by interacting with key signaling pathways including the p53 pathway and the retinoblastoma (Rb) pathway. These pathways regulate cell cycle checkpoints and apoptosis where RIZ1 assists in enhancing the tumor suppressive activities of p53 or Rb. Additionally RIZ1 interacts with proteins like MDM2 and E2F to modulate these pathways reinforcing its role in controlling cellular proliferation and survival.
Associated diseases and disorders	RIZ1 shows strong associations with cancer notably breast cancer and hepatocellular carcinoma. Researchers have observed that RIZ1 expression levels are frequently reduced in these cancers. The interaction between RIZ1 and the retinoblastoma protein links it to these malignancies as loss or inactivation of RIZ1 mitigates its tumor-suppressive functions. This association suggests that therapies targeting pathways involving both RIZ1 and other proteins like p53 might prove beneficial in treating these cancers.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

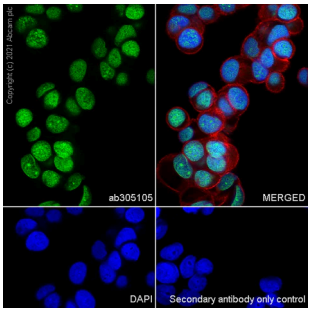
We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

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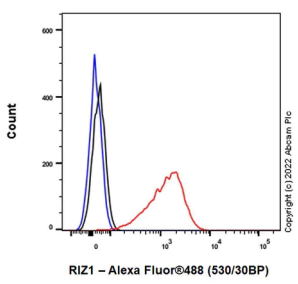
9 product images



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Riz1 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining of MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cellJ© using rabbit Anti-Riz1 antibody

Immunofluorescent analysis of 100% methanol-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeABilized MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cellJ© cells lABelling Riz1 with ab305105 at 1/100 (5.09 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 2ug/mL dilution (Green). Confocal image showing nuclear staining in MCF7 cell line.Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8). is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 2.5ug/ml dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue). Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 2ug/mL dilution.

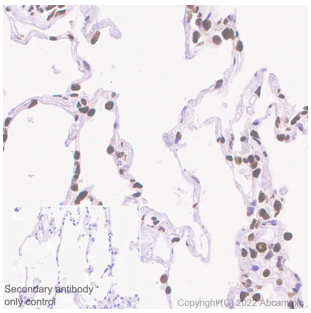


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Riz1 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining of MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) using rabbit Anti-Riz1 antibody

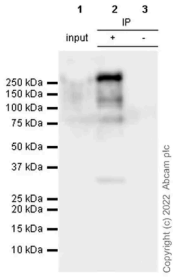
Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling Riz1 with ab305105 at 1/500 dilution (0.1ug) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody)

(Blue). A Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human lung tissue lABeling Riz1 with ab305105 at 1/16000 (0.032 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer). Nuclear staining on human lung. The section was incubated with ab305105 at 4ŸrC overnight. Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer). Heat mediated antigen retrieval using ab93684 (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0)



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Riz1 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate 10 ug with ab305105 at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab305105 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody (HRP) (ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution.
Lane 1: MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate 10 ug
Lane 2: ab305105 IP in MCF7 whole cell lysate
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab305105 in MCF7 whole cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 8 seconds

Lysate was freshly made and used for Western blotting immediately to minimize protein degradation.

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate 10 µg

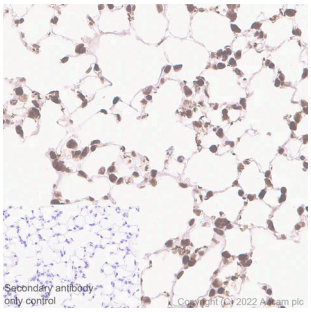
Lane 2:
MCF7 whole cell lysate

Secondary

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) at 1/5000 dilution

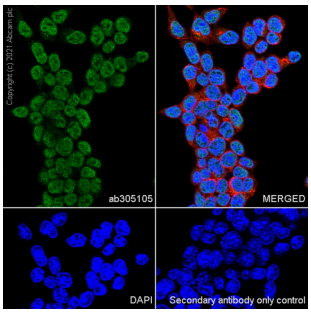
Observed band size: 260 kDa

Exposure time: 8s



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

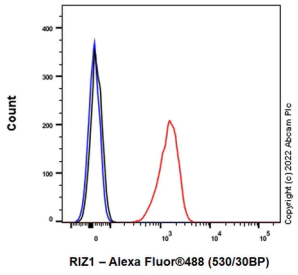
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse lung tissue lABeling Riz1 with ab305105 at 1/16000 (0.032 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer). Nuclear staining on mouse lung. The section was incubated with ab305105 at 4ŸrC overnight. Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (HRP polymer). Heat mediated antigen retrieval using ab93684 (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0)



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Riz1 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining of F9 (mouse embryonal carcinoma epithelial cell) using rabbit Anti-Riz1 antibody

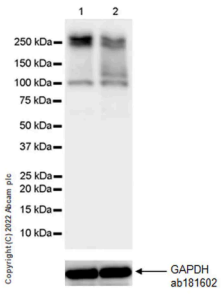
Immunofluorescent analysis of 100% methanol-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeABilized F9 (mouse embryonal carcinoma epithelial cell) cells lABelling Riz1 with ab305105 at 1/100 (5.09 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 2ug/mL dilution (Green). Confocal image showing nuclear staining in F9 cell line.Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8). is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 2.5ug/ml dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue). Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-RABbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 2ug/mL dilution.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Riz1 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining of F9 (mouse embryonal carcinoma epithelial cell) using rabbit Anti-Riz1 antibody

Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized F9 (mouse embryonal carcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling Riz1 with ab305105 at 1/500 dilution (0.1ug) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). A Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Western blot - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBSTThe identity of the lower MW band at approximately 100 kDa is unknown. Exposure time: 10 seconds
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) transfected with scrambled siRNA control, whole cell lysate 10 µg

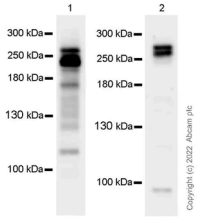
Lane 2:
HeLa transfected with siRNA specifically targeti PR domain zinc fier protein 2, whole cell lysate 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Observed band size: 260 kDa

Exposure time: 10s



Western blot - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105)

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
Lysates were freshly made and used for Western blotting immediately to minimize protein degradation.

This blot was developed using a high sensitivity ECL substrate. The high-sensitivity ECL substrate used allows for the detection of proteins in the mid-femtogram range.

The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID: 33585202).

Exposure time:

Lane 1: 26 seconds

Lane 2: 70 seconds

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Riz1 antibody [EPR25164-34] (ab305105) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
F9 (mouse embryonal carcinoma epithelial cell), whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Observed band size: 260 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.