abcam

ab309344

Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259]

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR26003-259
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.55 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Species	Mouse

Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/1000
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/500
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Human, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IHC-P

Not recommended

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information Pelo

Function	Component of the Pelota-HBS1L complex, a complex that recognizes stalled ribosomes and triggers the No-Go Decay (NGD) pathway. In the Pelota-HBS1L complex, PELO recognizes ribosomes stalled at the 3' end of an mRNA and engages stalled ribosomes by destabilizing mRNA in the mRNA channel. Following mRNA extraction from stalled ribosomes by the SKI complex, the Pelota-HBS1L complex promotes recruitment of ABCE1, which drives the disassembly of stalled ribosomes, followed by degradation of damaged mRNAs as part of the NGD

pathway. As part of the PINK1-regulated signaling, upon mitochondrial damage is recruited to the ribosome/mRNA-ribonucleoprotein complex associated to mitochondrial outer membrane thereby enabling the recruitment of autophagy receptors and induction of mitophagy.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	PELO also known as Pelota Homolog is a protein with a molecular mass of approximately 44 kDa. It acts as a ribosome-associated protein involved in no-go decay (NGD) a quality control mechanism that resolves stalled ribosomes. PELO helps target and degrade mRNA whose translation is impaired. You can find expression of PELO in various human tissues with predominant activity observed in the heart liver and skeletal muscle.

Biological function summary	PELO contributes to the maintenance of cellular homeostasis by ensuring proper protein synthesis. It acts as part of a surveillance complex that detects and rectifies errors in mRNA translation. This function associates PELO with other factors like HBS1L which help facilitate ribosomal recycling under stress or erroneous conditions. This modulatory role is critical in mitigating potentially harmful effects of translation errors on cellular function.
Pathways	PELO operates within the major ribosome quality control pathway focusing on detecting stalled ribosomes and reclaiming their components for future use. This pathway links PELO with proteins such as HBS1L and ABCE1. These interactions highlight the fine regulatory mechanisms that exist to preserve fidelity and efficiency of translation processes in cells.
Associated diseases and disorders	PELO exhibits connections with genetic translation-related abnormalities and neurodegenerative disorders. Abnormalities in PELO function correlate with diseases like Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease which impacts myelin formation in the central nervous system. The connection of PELO with other proteins involved in translation fidelity highlights its potential influence in disorders related to protein synthesis errors.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

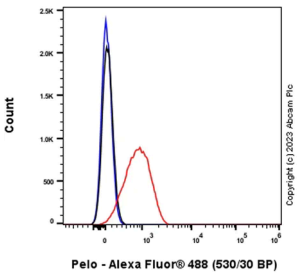
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

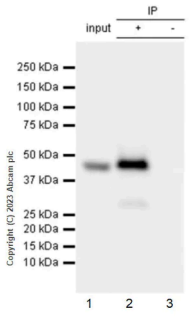
Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

7 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling Pelo with ab309344 at 1/500 dilution (0.1 ug)/Red (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) / Left isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). A Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

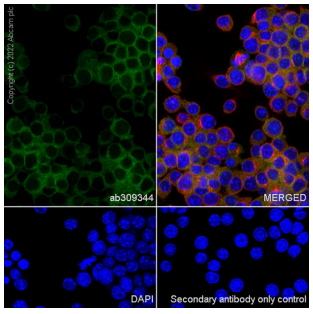
Pelo was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate with ab309344 at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab309344 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution. Lane 1: HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate Lane 2: ab309344 IP in HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate Lane 3:Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab309344 in HeLa whole cell lysate Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST. Exposure time: 3 seconds Lysates were freshly made and used for Western blotting immediately to minimize protein degradation.
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344) at 1/30 dilution

All lanes:
HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate

Secondary

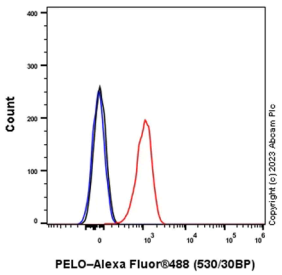
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) at 1/5000 dilution

Exposure time: 3s



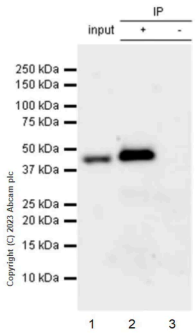
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized RAW 264.7 (mouse abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) cells labelling Pelo with ab309344 at 1/500 (0.94 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 2 ug/ml dilution (Green). Confocal image showing mainly cytoplasmic staining in RAW 264.7 cell line.Image was taken with a confocal microscope(Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8). is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 2.5ug/ml dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue). Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 2 ug/ml dilution.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

Flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized RAW 264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) cells labelling Pelo with ab309344 at 1/500 dilution (0.1 ug)/Red (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) / Left isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). A Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

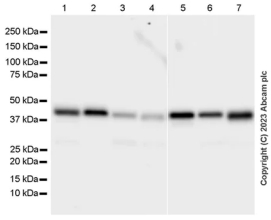
Pelo was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg RAW264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate with ab309344 at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab309344 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution. Lane 1: RAW264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate Lane 2: ab309344 IP in RAW264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate Lane 3:Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab309344 in RAW264.7 whole cell lysate Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST. Exposure time: 15 seconds Lysates were freshly made and used for Western blotting immediately to minimize protein degradation.
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344) at 1/30 dilution

All lanes:
RAW264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate

Secondary

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) at 1/5000 dilution

Exposure time: 15s



Western blot - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST The band beneath the target band (45 kDa) is likely to be degraded target fragment. Exposure time: 15 seconds
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Mouse liver tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse testis tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
Human liver tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
Rat liver tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 5:

NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 6:
HepG2 (human hepatocellar carcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

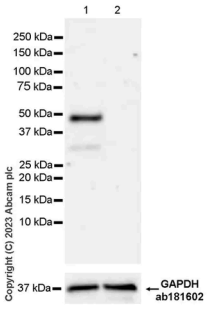
Lane 7:
HeLa (human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Observed band size: 45 kDa

Exposure time: 15s



Western blot - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344)

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All the lysates were kindly provided by Dr. Jiahuai Han, School of Life Sciences, Xiamen University.

The band beneath the target band (45 kDa) is likely to be degraded target fragment.

In Western blot, anti-GAPDH antibody (ab181602) loading control staining at 1/200000 dilution.

This blot was developed using a high sensitivity ECL substrate. The high-sensitivity ECL substrate used allows for the detection of proteins in the mid-femtogram range.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Pelo antibody [EPR26003-259] (ab309344) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
RAW264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
PELO knockout RAW264.7 whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/100000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Observed band size: 45 kDa

Exposure time: 114s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.