abcam

ab309498

Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Constituents: PBS
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Multiclonal
Immunogens	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Carrier free	Yes
Clone number	RM1049
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	1.001 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

WB

Tested

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-

Notes	-

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human, Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human, Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human, Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Human, Mouse
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information PYCARD

Function

Functions as a key mediator in apoptosis and inflammation (PubMed:11103777, PubMed:12646168, PubMed:15030775, PubMed:17349957, PubMed:17599095, PubMed:19158675, PubMed:19158676, PubMed:19234215, PubMed:19494289, PubMed:21487011, PubMed:24630722, PubMed:25847972, PubMed:30674671, PubMed:34678144, PubMed:36050480). Promotes caspase-mediated apoptosis involving predominantly caspase-8 and also caspase-9 in a probable cell type-specific manner (PubMed:11103777, PubMed:12646168). Involved in activation of the mitochondrial apoptotic pathway, promotes caspase-8-dependent proteolytic maturation of BID independently of FADD in certain cell types and also mediates mitochondrial translocation of BAX and activates BAX-dependent apoptosis coupled to activation of caspase-9, -2 and -3 (PubMed:14730312, PubMed:16964285). Involved in innate immune response by acting as an integral adapter in the assembly of various inflammasomes (NLRP1, NLRP2, NLRP3, NLRP6, AIM2 and probably IFI16) which recruit and activate caspase-1 leading to processing and secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines (PubMed:15030775, PubMed:16982856, PubMed:17349957, PubMed:17599095, PubMed:19158675, PubMed:19158676, PubMed:19234215, PubMed:21487011, PubMed:23530044, PubMed:24630722, PubMed:25847972, PubMed:29440442, PubMed:30674671, PubMed:33980849, PubMed:34678144, PubMed:34706239). Caspase-1-dependent inflammation leads to macrophage pyroptosis, a form of cell death (PubMed:24630722). The function as activating adapter in different types of inflammasomes is mediated by the pyrin and CARD domains and their homotypic interactions (PubMed:14499617, PubMed:19234215, PubMed:24630722). Clustered PYCARD nucleates the formation of caspase-1 filaments through the interaction of their respective CARD domains, acting as a platform for of caspase-1 polymerization (PubMed:24630722). In the NLRP1 and NLRC4 inflammasomes seems not be required but facilitates the processing of procaspase-1 (PubMed:17349957). In cooperation with NOD2 involved in an inflammasome

activated by bacterial muramyl dipeptide leading to caspase-1 activation (PubMed:16964285). May be involved in RIGI-triggered pro-inflammatory responses and inflammasome activation (PubMed:19915568). In collaboration with AIM2 which detects cytosolic double-stranded DNA may also be involved in a caspase-1-independent cell death that involves caspase-8 (PubMed:19158675, PubMed:19158676). In adaptive immunity may be involved in maturation of dendritic cells to stimulate T-cell immunity and in cytoskeletal rearrangements coupled to chemotaxis and antigen uptake may be involved in post-transcriptional regulation of the guanine nucleotide exchange factor DOCK2; the latter function is proposed to involve the nuclear form (PubMed:22732093). Also involved in transcriptional activation of cytokines and chemokines independent of the inflammasome; this function may involve AP-1, NF-kappa-B, MAPK and caspase-8 signaling pathways (PubMed:12486103, PubMed:16585594). For regulation of NF-kappa-B activating and inhibiting functions have been reported (PubMed:12486103). Modulates NF-kappa-B induction at the level of the IKK complex by inhibiting kinase activity of CHUK and IKBK (PubMed:12486103, PubMed:16585594). Proposed to compete with RIPK2 for association with CASP1 thereby down-regulating CASP1-mediated RIPK2-dependent NF-kappa-B activation and activating interleukin-1 beta processing (PubMed:16585594). Modulates host resistance to DNA virus infection, probably by inducing the cleavage of and inactivating CGAS in presence of cytoplasmic double-stranded DNA (PubMed:28314590). Isoform 2. May have a regulating effect on the function as inflammasome adapter. Isoform 3. Seems to inhibit inflammasome-mediated maturation of interleukin-1 beta.

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Blue Ice
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	+4°C

Notes

What are recombinant multiclonals?
Recombinant multiclonals are a mixture of recombinant antibodies co-expressed from a library of heavy and light chains. They offer several advantages including:

- The sensitivity of polyclonal antibodies by recognising multiple epitopes
- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

View our range of recombinant multiclonal antibodies.

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For

details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

Conjugation ready
Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with 1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

Compatibility
This product is compatible with the Maxpar® Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar® is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

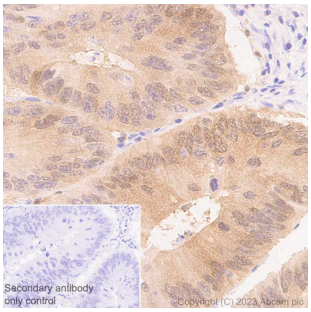
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

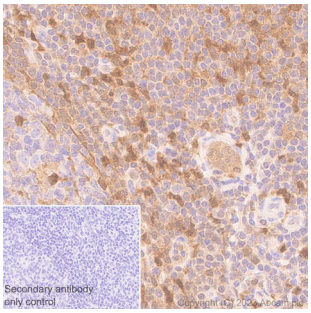
Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

20 product images



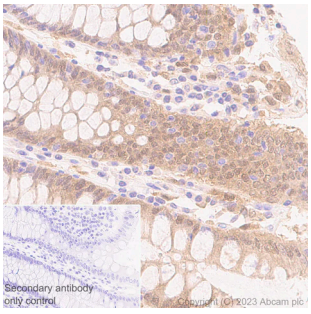
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Positive staining on human colon cancer.The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



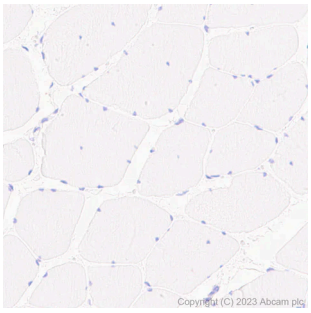
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This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Positive staining on human tonsil.The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



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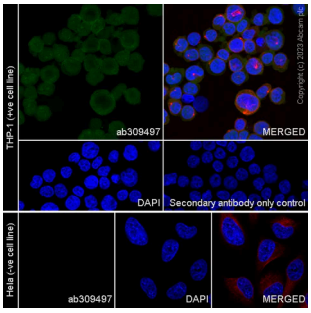


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

TMS1/ASC Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining of Human skeletal muscl using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

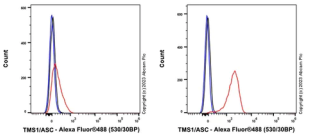
This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human skeletal muscl tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800

(Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Low expression tissue: No staining on human skeletal muscle.The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



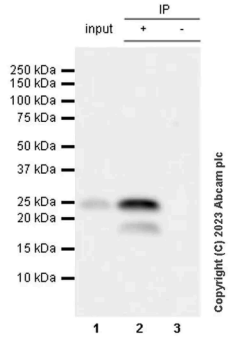
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte) cells labelling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/500 (0.996 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 2ug/ml dilution (Green). Confocal image showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining in THP-1 cell line. Negative control: Hela (PMID: 10567338).Image was taken with a confocal microscope(Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8). is observed. ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 2.5ug/ml dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue). Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 2ug/ml dilution.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Flow cytometric analysis of Hela (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell, Left) / THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte, Right) cells labelling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/5000 dilution (0.01 ug)/Red compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Negative control: Hela (PMID: 10567338).



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

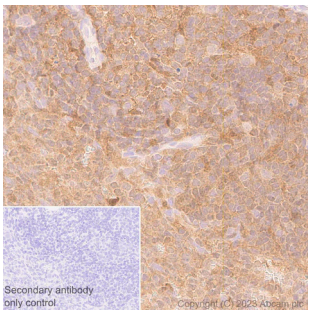
This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. TMS1/ASC was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte) whole cell lysate with ab309497 at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab309497 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution. Lane 1: THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte) whole cell lysate Lane 2: ab309497 IP in THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte) whole cell lysate Lane 3:Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab309497 in THP-1 whole cell lysate Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST. Exposure time: 10 seconds TMS1/ASC has four isoforms. 24-kDa ASC and 17-kDa ASC-b are observed after immunoprecipitation. The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID:20482797).
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] (ab309497) at 1/30 dilution

All lanes:
THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte) whole cell lysate

Secondary

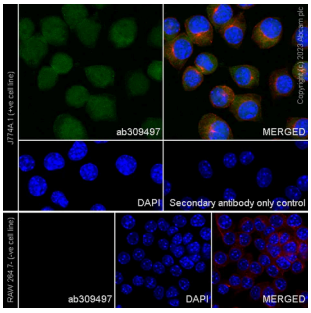
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) at 1/5000 dilution

Exposure time: 10s



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

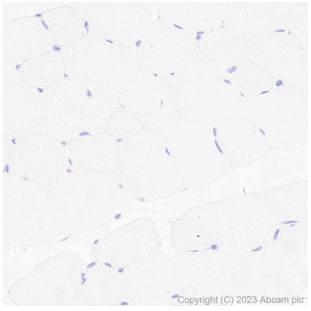
This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat spleen tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Positive staining on rat spleen.The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

TMS1/ASC Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining of J774A.1 (mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% TritonX-100 permeabilized J774A.1 (mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) cells labelling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) dilution, followed by ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed antibody at 1/1000 2ug/ml dilution (Green). Confocal image showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining in J774A.1 cell line. Negative control: RAW 264.7 (PMID: 28766178). Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8). ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin mouse monoclonal antibody - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) was used to counterstain tubulin at 1/200 2.5ug/ml dilution (Red). The Nuclear counterstain was DAPI (Blue). Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is ab150081 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) preadsorbed at 1/1000 2ug/ml dilution.

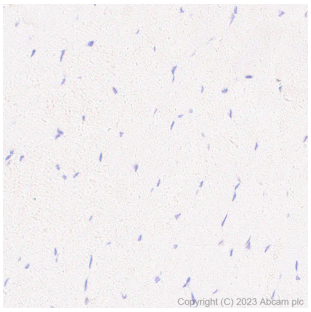


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

TMS1/ASC Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining of Mouse skeletal muscl using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse skeletal muscl tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Low expression tissue: No staining on mouse skeletal muscle (PMID: 32659370).The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800

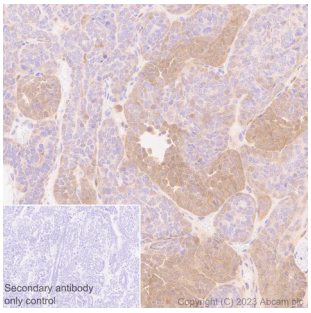
(Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

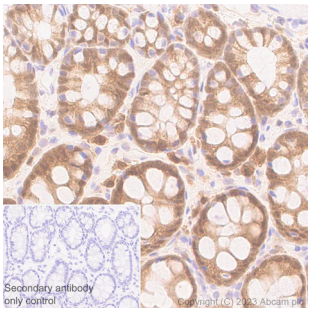
TMS1/ASC Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining of Rat skeletal muscle using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat skeletal muscle tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Low expression tissue: No staining on rat skeletal muscle.The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



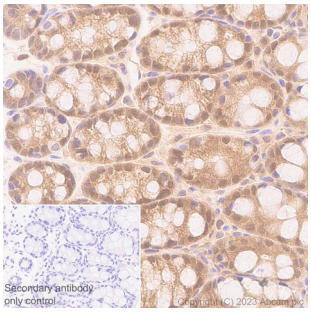
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This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse head and neck tissue labeling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/1000 (0.498 ug/ml) followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Positive staining on mouse head and neck squamous cell cancer.The section was incubated with ab309497 for 30 mins at room temperature.The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument Counterstained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Secondary antibody is a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0, Epitope Retrieval Solution2) for 20 mins



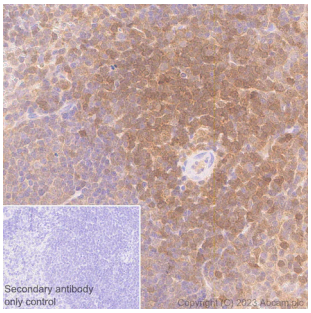
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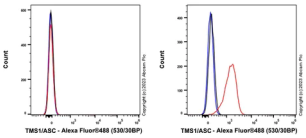
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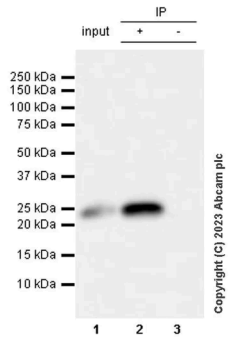
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Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Flow cytometric analysis of RAW 264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage, Left) / J774A.1(mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage, Right) cells labelling TMS1/ASC with ab309497 at 1/500 dilution (0.1 ug)/Red compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue). Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150081) at 1/5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Negative control: RAW 264.7 (PMID: 28766178)



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. TMS1/ASC was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg J774A.1 (mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) whole cell lysate with ab309497 at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab309497 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP secondary antibody(HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution. Lane 1: J774A.1 (mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) whole cell lysate Lane 2: ab309497 IP in J774A.1 (mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) whole cell lysate Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab309497 in J774A.1 whole cell lysate Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST. Exposure time: 10 seconds

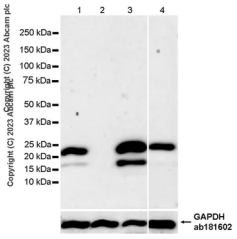
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] (ab309497) at 1/30 dilution

All lanes:
J774A.1 (mouse reticulum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) whole cell lysate

Secondary

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) at 1/5000 dilution

Exposure time: 10s



Western blot - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

TMS1/ASC Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST Low expression: HeLa (PMID: 10567338). TMS1/ASC has four isoforms. 24-kDa ASC, 17-kDa ASC-b and 12-kDa ASC-c are observed. The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID:20482797). In Western blot, anti-GAPDH antibody (ab181602) loading control staining at 1/200000 dilution. Exposure time: 125 seconds
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] (ab309497) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Parental HAP1 whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
TMS1/ASC knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
THP-1 (human monocytic leukemia monocyte) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

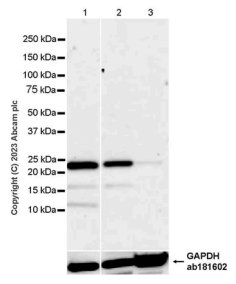
Lane 4:
HeLa (human cervical adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Observed band size: 12 kDa, 17 kDa, 24 kDa

Exposure time: 125s



Western blot - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

TMS1/ASC Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST Low expression tissue: skeletal muscle (PMID:32659370). TMS1/ASC has four isoforms. 24-kDa ASC, 17-kDa ASC-b and 12-kDa ASC-c are observed. The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been

described in the literature (PMID:20482797). In Western blot, anti-GAPDH antibody (ab181602) loading control staining at 1/200000 dilution. Exposure time: 125 seconds
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] (ab309497) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Human spleen tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Human colon tissue lysate at 20 µg

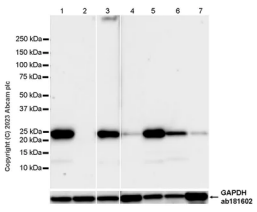
Lane 3:
Human skeletal muscle tissue lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (HRP) with minimal cross-reactivity with human IgG at 1/2000 dilution

Observed band size: 12 kDa, 17 kDa, 24 kDa

Exposure time: 125s



Western blot - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] - BSA and Azide free (ab309498)

TMS1/ASC Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody

This data was developed using ab309497, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST Negative control: RAW 264.7 (PMID:28766178). Low expression tissue: skeletal muscle (PMID:32659370) TMS1/ASC has four isoforms. 24-kDa ASC, 17-kDa ASC-b and 12-kDa ASC-c are observed. The molecular weight observed is consistent with what has been described in the literature (PMID:20482797). In Western blot, anti-GAPDH antibody (ab181602) loading control staining at 1/200000 dilution. Exposure time: 26 seconds
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-TMS1/ASC antibody [RM1049] (ab309497) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
J774A.1 (mouse reticum cell sarcoma monocyte/macrophage) whole cell lysate 20 at 20 µg

Lane 2:
RAW 264.7 (mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 3:
Mouse spleen tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
Mouse skeletal muscle at 20 µg

Lane 5:
Rat spleen tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 6:
Rat colon tissue lysate at 20 µg

Lane 7:
Rat skeletal muscle at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Observed band size: 12 kDa, 17 kDa, 24 kDa

Exposure time: 26s

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.