abcam

ab76293

Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y]

Recombinant | RabMAb | KO Validated | 20ul selling size

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EP796Y
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Concentration	0.21 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IHC-P

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100 - 1/250
Notes	Use of HRP conjugated or polymerized HRP secondary antibody is recommended. Stronger signals have been found using the polymerized HRP secondary.

Not recommended

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	-
Notes	-

IP

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/5000
Notes	**For unpurified use at 1/1000 - 1/2000.**

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/5000
Notes	**For unpurified use at 1/1000 - 1/2000.**

Species	Human

Dilution info	1/5000
Notes	**For unpurified use at 1/1000 - 1/2000.**

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/100 - 1/250
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/20
Notes	For unpurified use at 1/100. ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information PAK2

Function	Serine/threonine protein kinase that plays a role in a variety of different signaling pathways including cytoskeleton regulation, cell motility, cell cycle progression,

apoptosis or proliferation (PubMed:12853446, PubMed:16617111, PubMed:19273597, PubMed:19923322, PubMed:33693784, PubMed:7744004, PubMed:9171063). Acts as a downstream effector of the small GTPases CDC42 and RAC1 (PubMed:7744004). Activation by the binding of active CDC42 and RAC1 results in a conformational change and a subsequent autophosphorylation on several serine and/or threonine residues (PubMed:7744004). Full-length PAK2 stimulates cell survival and cell growth (PubMed:7744004). Phosphorylates MAPK4 and MAPK6 and activates the downstream target MAPKAPK5, a regulator of F-actin polymerization and cell migration (PubMed:21317288). Phosphorylates JUN and plays an important role in EGF-induced cell proliferation (PubMed:21177766). Phosphorylates many other substrates including histone H4 to promote assembly of H3.3 and H4 into nucleosomes, BAD, ribosomal protein S6, or MBP (PubMed:21724829). Phosphorylates CASP7, thereby preventing its activity (PubMed:21555521, PubMed:27889207). Additionally, associates with ARHGEF7 and GIT1 to perform kinase-independent functions such as spindle orientation control during mitosis (PubMed:19273597, PubMed:19923322). On the other hand, apoptotic stimuli such as DNA damage lead to caspase-mediated cleavage of PAK2, generating PAK-2p34, an active p34 fragment that translocates to the nucleus and promotes cellular apoptosis involving the JNK signaling pathway (PubMed:12853446, PubMed:16617111, PubMed:9171063). Caspase-activated PAK2 phosphorylates MKNK1 and reduces cellular translation (PubMed:15234964).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient
Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

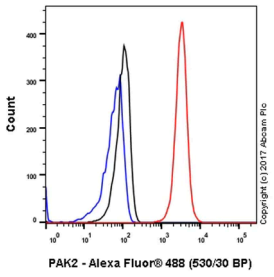
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

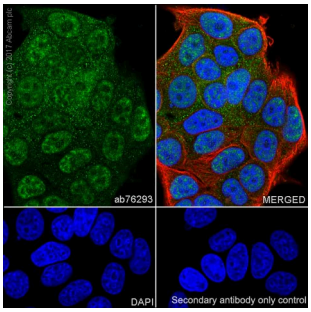
12 product images



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

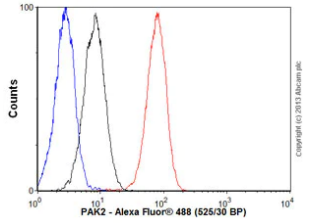
Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling PAK2 with purified ab76293 at 1/20 dilution (10 ug/ml) (red). Cells were fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 90% Methanol. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluorr® 488) secondary antibody was used at 1/2000 dilution. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black). Unlabeled control - Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

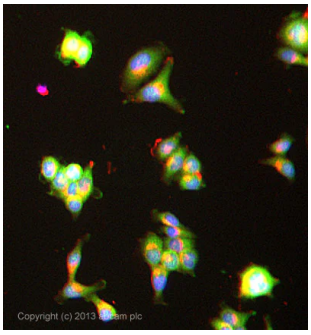
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling PAK2 with purified ab76293 at 1:100 dilution (2.0µg/ml). Cells were fixed in 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% tritonX-100. Cells were counterstained with ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) 1:200 (2.5 µg/ml). ab150077 Goat anti rabbit IgG(Alexa Fluor® 488) was used as the secondary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. DAPI nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

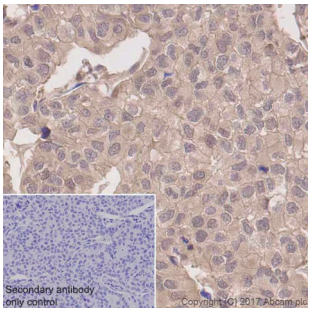
Overlay histogram showing HeLa cells stained with unpurified ab76293 (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab76293, 1/100 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H&L) (ab150077) at 1/2000 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal) (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control. Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20mW Argon ion laser (488nm) and 525/30 bandpass filter.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

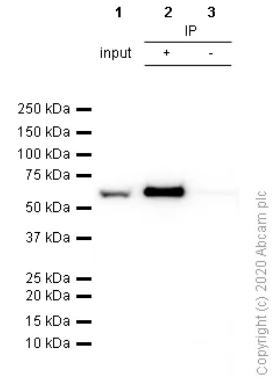
ICC/IF image of unpurified ab76293 stained T47D cells. The cells were 100% methanol fixed (5 min) and then incubated in 1%BSA / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block non-specific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated with the antibody (ab76293, 1µg/ml) overnight at +4°C. The secondary antibody (green) was ab96899, DyLight® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) used at a 1/250 dilution for 1h. Alexa Fluor® 594 WGA was used to label plasma membranes (red) at a 1/200 dilution for 1h. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue) at a concentration of 1.43µM.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human breast carcinoma tissue sections labeling PAK2 with Purified ab76293 at 1:100 dilution (2.02 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using ab93684 (Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0). Tissue was counterstained with Hematoxylin. ImmunoHistoProbe one step HRP Polymer (ready to use) secondary antibody was used at 1:0 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the negative control.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cell lysate 10 µg with ab76293 at 1/30 dilution (2µg in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab76293 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP)(ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution. Lane 1: HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cell lysate 10 µg
Lane 2: ab76293 IP in HeLa cell lysate

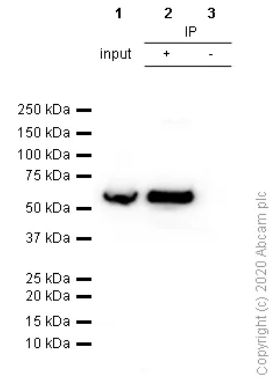
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab76293 in HeLa cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 7 seconds

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

Predicted band size: 58 kDa



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) cell lysate 10 µg with ab76293 at 1/30 dilution (2µg in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using ab76293 at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) was used at 1/5000 dilution. Lane 1: NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) cell lysate 10 µg
Lane 2: ab76293 IP in NIH/3T3 cell lysate

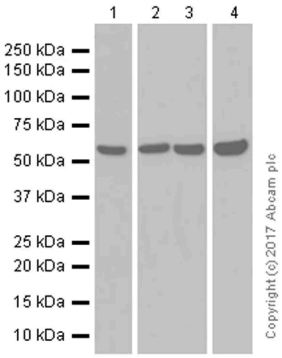
Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab76293 in HeLa cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 7 seconds

All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

Predicted band size: 58 kDa



Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysates at 20 µg

Lane 2:
NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysates at 20 µg

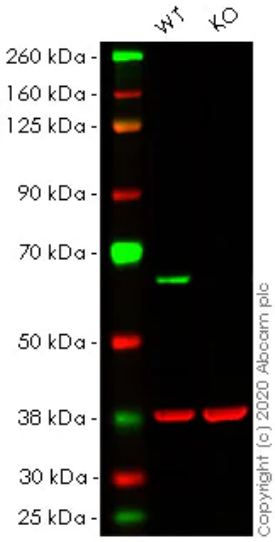
Lane 3:
RAW 264.7 (Mouse Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysates at 20 µg

Lane 4:
C6 (Rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysates at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Anti-Rabbit IgG (HRP), specific to the non-reduced form of IgG at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 58 kDa



Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

Lanes 1- 2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab76293 observed at 60 kDa. Red - Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) observed at 37 kDa.
ab76293 was shown to react with PAK2 in wild-type HeLa cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab264814 (knockout cell lysate ab257573) was used. Wild-type HeLa and PAK2 knockout HeLa cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room temperature in 0.1% TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. ab76293 and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) were incubated overnight at 4°C at a 1 in 1000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye®800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye®680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HeLa cell lysate at 20 µg

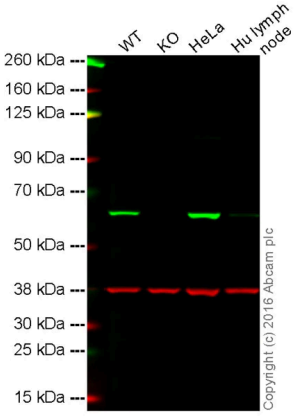
Lane 2:
Western blot - Human PAK2 knockout HeLa cell lysate (ab257573) at 10 µg

Lane 2:
Western blot - Human PAK2 knockout HeLa cell line (ab264814) at 20 µg

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 50 kDa, 58 kDa

Observed band size: 50 kDa, 60 kDa



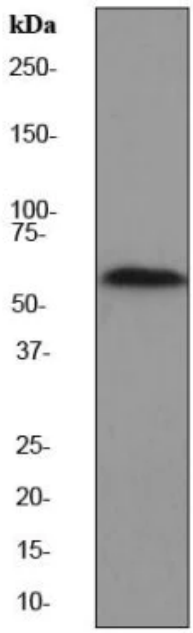
Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

Lane 1: Wild-type HAP1 cell lysate (20 µg)
Lane 2: PAK2 knockout HAP1 cell lysate (20 µg)
Lane 3: HeLa cell lysate (20 µg)
Lane 4: Human lymph node tissue lysate (20 µg)
Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab76293 observed at 60 kDa. Red - loading control, ab8245, observed at 37 kDa.
Unpurified ab76293 was shown to specifically react with PAK2 when PAK2 knockout samples were used. Wild-type and PAK2 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab76293 and ab8245 (loading control to GAPDH) were diluted 1/1000 and 1/10000 respectively and incubated overnight at 4°C. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1/10000 dilution for 1 h at room temperature before imaging.

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

Predicted band size: 58 kDa



Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293) at 1/2000 dilution

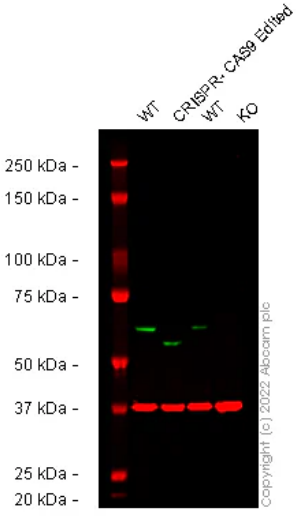
All lanes:
HeLa cell lysate at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
HRP labelled goat anti-rabbit at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 58 kDa

Observed band size: 61 kDa



Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293)

PAK2 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-PAK2 antibody

False colour image of Western blot: Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] staining at 1/5000 dilution, shown in green; Mouse anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] (ab8245) loading control staining at 1/20000 dilution, shown in red. In Western blot, ab76293 was shown to bind specifically to PAK2. A band was observed at 65 kDa in wild-type HEK-293T cell lysates with no signal observed at this size in PAK2 CRISPR-Cas9 edited cell line ab282648 (CRISPR-Cas9 edited cell lysate ab283047). The band observed in the CRISPR-Cas9 edited lysate lane below 65 kDa is likely to represent a truncated form of PAK2. This has not been investigated further and the functional properties of the gene product have not been determined. To generate this image, wild-type and PAK2 CRISPR-Cas9 edited HEK-293T cell lysates were analysed. First, samples were run on an SDS-PAGE gel then transferred onto a nitrocellulose membrane. Membranes were blocked in 3 % milk in TBS-0.1 % Tween® 20 (TBS-T) before incubation with primary antibodies overnight at 4 °C. Blots were washed four times in TBS-T, incubated with secondary antibodies for 1 h at room temperature, washed again four times then imaged. Secondary antibodies used were Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L 800CW and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L 680RD at 1/20000 dilution.
All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-PAK2 antibody [EP796Y] (ab76293) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1:
Wild-type HEK-293T cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 2:
Western blot - Human PAK2 knockout HEK-293T cell lysate (ab283047) at 20 µg

Lane 3:
Wild-type HeLa ab255552 cell lysate at 20 µg

Lane 4:
PAK2 knockout HeLa ab260287 cell lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L 800CW and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L 680RD at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 58 kDa

Observed band size: 65 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.