abcam

ab92390

Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813]

Recombinant | RabMAb

Key facts

Isotype	IgG
Host species	Rabbit
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 - 7.4 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
Form	Liquid
Clonality	Monoclonal
Immunogen	The exact immunogen used to generate this antibody is proprietary information.
Clone number	EPR3813
Purification technique	Affinity purification Protein A
Specificity	This antibody is predicted to not cross react with Pumilio 1.
Concentration	0.238 mg/mL The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent Batch concentration finder →

Reactivity data

IP

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/10 - 1/20
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

WB

Tested

Species	Mouse
Dilution info	1/5000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

Species	Rat
Dilution info	1/5000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/5000 - 1/10000
Notes	-

ICC/IF

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/50
Notes	**For unpurified use at 1/100 - 1/250.**

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Flow Cyt (Intra)

Tested

Species	Human
Dilution info	1/30
Notes	-

Expected

Species	Mouse, Rat
Dilution info	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Notes	-

Target data

See full target information PUM2

Function

Sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that acts as a post-transcriptional repressor by binding the 3'-UTR of mRNA targets. Binds to an RNA consensus sequence, the Pumilio Response Element (PRE), 5'-UGUANAUA-3', that is related to the Nanos Response Element (NRE) (, PubMed:21397187). Mediates post-transcriptional repression of transcripts via different mechanisms: acts via direct recruitment of the CCR4-POP2-NOT deadenylase leading to translational inhibition and mRNA degradation (PubMed:22955276). Also mediates deadenylation-independent repression by promoting accessibility of miRNAs (PubMed:18776931, PubMed:22345517). Acts as a post-transcriptional repressor of E2F3 mRNAs by binding to its 3'-UTR and facilitating miRNA regulation (PubMed:22345517). Plays a role in cytoplasmic sensing of viral infection (PubMed:25340845). Represses a program of genes necessary to maintain genomic stability such as key mitotic, DNA repair and DNA replication factors. Its ability to repress those target mRNAs is regulated by the lncRNA NORAD (non-coding RNA activated by DNA damage) which, due to its high abundance and multitude of PUMILIO binding sites, is able to sequester a significant fraction of PUM1 and PUM2 in the cytoplasm (PubMed:26724866). May regulate DCUN1D3 mRNA levels (PubMed:25349211). May support proliferation and self-renewal of stem cells. Binds specifically to miRNA MIR199A precursor, with PUM1, regulates miRNA MIR199A expression at a postranscriptional level (PubMed:28431233).

Storage

Shipped at conditions	Conditional Ambient

Appropriate short-term storage duration	1-2 weeks
Appropriate short-term storage conditions	+4°C
Appropriate long-term storage conditions	-20°C
Aliquoting information	Upon delivery aliquot
Storage information	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle

Notes

Patented technology
Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb® patents.

What are the advantages of a recombinant monoclonal antibody?
This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free batch production

For more information, read more on recombinant antibodies.

Supplementary info

This supplementary information is collated from multiple sources and compiled automatically.

Activity summary	Pumilio 2 also known as PUM2 is a member of the PUF family of RNA-binding proteins. It has an approximate mass of 120 kDa. PUM2 is expressed in a variety of tissues including the brain testis and ovary. The protein primarily interacts with the 3'-untranslated regions (3' UTRs) of target mRNAs influencing their stability and translation. PUM2 acts by binding to specific sequences which mediates post-transcriptional regulation of gene expression.
Biological function summary	The regulation of mRNA stability and translation by PUM2 contributes to critical cellular processes such as development and differentiation. PUM2's involvement is observed within the context of RNA-protein complexes where it functions as an important regulator of mRNA fate. Its activity allows cells to tailor protein production according to specific needs such as maintaining stem cell pluripotency or guiding germ cell development.
Pathways	PUM2 participates in the regulation of mRNA translation and degradation aligning with pathways like the RNA processing and cell cycle pathways. In these pathways PUM2 collaborates with elements like the DCP1-DCP2 decapping complex to

	influence mRNA longevity and turnover. It also interacts with proteins such as NANOS enabling fine-tuned control over cell cycle progression and differentiation.
Associated diseases and disorders	Altered expression of PUM2 has ties to neurological conditions like intellectual disability and infertility-related disorders. Mutations or misregulation in PUM2 expression can disrupt normal neural function with impacts linked to proteins like FMRP which is associated with fragile X syndrome. In reproductive diseases PUM2 regulation of specific mRNAs influences germline stem cell maintenance connecting its role to fertility issues.

Product promise

Tested

We have tested this species and application combination and it works. It is covered by our product promise.

Expected

We have not tested this specific species and application combination in-house, but expect it will work. It is covered by our product promise.

Predicted

This species and application combination has not been tested, but we predict it will work based on strong homology. However, this combination is not covered by our product promise.

Not recommended

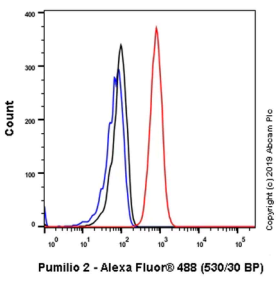
We do not recommend this combination. It is not covered by our product promise.

We are dedicated to supporting your work with high quality reagents and we are here for you every step of the way should you need us.

In the unlikely event of one of our products not working as expected, you are covered by our product promise.

Full details and terms and conditions can be found here:
Terms & Conditions.

5 product images

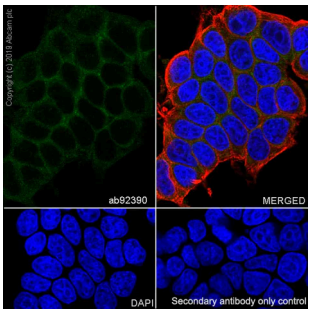


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390)

Pumilio 2 Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) staining using rabbit Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody

Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling Pumilio 2 with purified ab92390 at 1/30 dilution (10µg/ml) (red). Cells were fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilised with 90% Methanol. A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluorr® 488, ab150077) secondary antibody was used at 1/2000. Isotype control - Rabbit monoclonal IgG

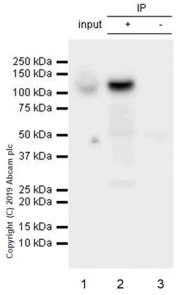
(Black). Unlabeled control - Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390)

Pumilio 2 Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence staining using rabbit Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody

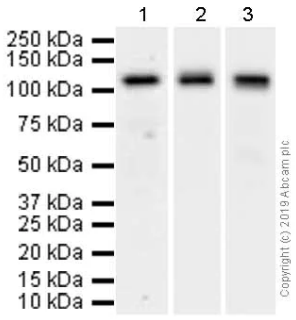
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling Pumilio 2 with purified ab92390 at 1/50 dilution (4.8 µg/ml). Cells were fixed in 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% tritonX-100. Cells were counterstained with ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) at 1/200 (2.5 µg/ml) dilution. Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1000 (2 µg/ml) dilution. DAPI (blue) was used as nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390)

ab92390 (purified) at 1/20 dilution (1ug) immunoprecipitating Pumilio 2 in HeLa whole cell lysates.
Lane 1: HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysates 10ug
Lane 2 (+): ab92390 & HeLa whole cell lysates
Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab92390 in HeLa whole cell lysates
For western blotting, VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (ab131366) was used at 1/1000 dilution.
Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.
All lanes:
Immunoprecipitation - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390)

Predicted band size: 114 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390)

Pumilio 2 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysates at 15 µg

Lane 2:
Mouse brain lysates at 15 µg

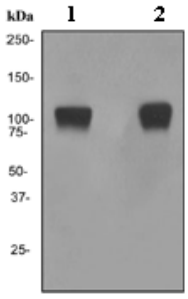
Lane 3:
Rat brain lysates at 15 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
Western blot - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 114 kDa

Observed band size: 114 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390)

Pumilio 2 Western blot staining using rabbit Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody

All lanes:
Western blot - Anti-Pumilio 2 antibody [EPR3813] (ab92390) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1:
HeLa cell lysate at 10 µg

Lane 2:
293T cell lysate at 10 µg

Secondary

All lanes:
HRP labelled goat anti-rabbit at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 114 kDa

Observed band size: 114 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.