abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody ab58575

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Overview

Product name Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526)

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: IHC-P, WB, ELISA

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse, Human

Immunogen A synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acids surrounding the Tyr^{525/526}

phosphorylation site of human Syk.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at 4°C (up to 6 months). Store at -20°C.

Storage buffer pH: 7.50

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium azide Constituents: 2% Sucrose, PBS

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Purification notes Protein G and immunoaffinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody.

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guaranteeOur Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab58575 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		1/100 - 1/500. Detects a band of approximately 72 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 72 kDa).

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ELISA		1/1000.

Target

Function

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase which mediates signal transduction downstream of a variety of transmembrane receptors including classical immunoreceptors like the B-cell receptor (BCR). Regulates several biological processes including innate and adaptive immunity, cell adhesion, osteoclast maturation, platelet activation and vascular development. Assembles into signaling complexes with activated receptors at the plasma membrane via interaction between its SH2 domains and the receptor tyrosine-phosphorylated ITAM domains. The association with the receptor can also be indirect and mediated by adapter proteins containing ITAM or partial hemITAM domains. The phosphorylation of the ITAM domains is generally mediated by SRC subfamily kinases upon engagement of the receptor. More rarely signal transduction via SYK could be ITAM-independent. Direct downstream effectors phosphorylated by SYK include VAV1, PLCG1, PI-3-kinase, LCP2 and BLNK. Initially identified as essential in B-cell receptor (BCR) signaling, it is necessary for the maturation of B-cells most probably at the pro-B to pre-B transition. Activated upon BCR engagement, it phosphorylates and activates BLNK an adapter linking the activated BCR to downstream signaling adapters and effectors. It also phosphorylates and activates PLCG1 and the PKC signaling pathway. It also phosphorylates BTK and regulates its activity in B-cell antigen receptor (BCR)-coupled signaling. In addition to its function downstream of BCR plays also a role in T-cell receptor signaling. Plays also a crucial role in the innate immune response to fungal, bacterial and viral pathogens. It is for instance activated by the membrane lectin CLEC7A. Upon stimulation by fungal proteins, CLEC7A together with SYK activates immune cells inducing the production of ROS. Also activates the inflammasome and NFkappa-B-mediated transcription of chemokines and cytokines in presence of pathogens. Regulates neutrophil degranulation and phagocytosis through activation of the MAPK signaling cascade. Also mediates the activation of dendritic cells by cell necrosis stimuli. Also involved in mast cells activation. Also functions downstream of receptors mediating cell adhesion. Relays for instance, integrin-mediated neutrophils and macrophages activation and P-selectin receptor/SELPG-mediated recruitment of leukocytes to inflammatory loci. Plays also a role in nonimmune processes. It is for instance involved in vascular development where it may regulate blood and lymphatic vascular separation. It is also required for osteoclast development and function. Functions in the activation of platelets by collagen, mediating PLCG2 phosphorylation and activation. May be coupled to the collagen receptor by the ITAM domain-containing FCER1G. Also activated by the membrane lectin CLEC1B that is required for activation of platelets by PDPN/podoplanin. Involved in platelet adhesion being activated by ITGB3 engaged by fibrinogen.

Tissue specificity

Widely expressed in hematopoietic cells (at protein level). Within the B-cells compartment it is for instance expressed for pro-B-cells to plasma cells.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. SYK/ZAP-70 subfamily. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Contains 2 SH2 domains.

Domain

The SH2 domains mediate the interaction of SYK with the phosphorylated ITAM domains of transmembrane proteins. Some proteins like CLEC1B have a partial ITAM domain (also called hemITAM) containing a single YxxL motif. The interaction with SYK requires CLEC1B homodimerization.

Post-translational

Ubiquitinated by CBLB after BCR activation; which promotes proteasomal degradation.

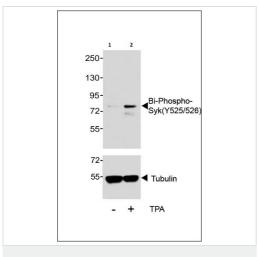
modifications

Autophosphorylated. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by LYN following receptors engagement. Phosphorylation on Tyr-323 creates a binding site for CBL, an adapter protein that serves as a negative regulator of BCR-stimulated calcium ion signaling. Phosphorylation at Tyr-348 creates a binding site for VAV1. Phosphorylation on Tyr-348 and Tyr-352 enhances the phosphorylation and activation of phospholipase C-gamma and the early phase of calcium ion mobilization via a phosphoinositide 3-kinase-independent pathway (By similarity). Phosphorylation on Ser-297 is very common, it peaks 5 minutes after BCR stimulation, and creates a binding site for YWHAG. Phosphorylation at Tyr-630 creates a binding site for BLNK. Dephosphorylated by PTPN6.

Cellular localization

Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cytosol.

Images



Western blot - Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody (ab58575) **All lanes :** Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody (ab58575) at 1/1000 dilution

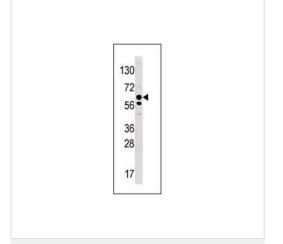
Lane 1: Untreated Raji cell lysate

Lane 2: Raji cell line treated with TPA, 200nM, 30min

Secondary

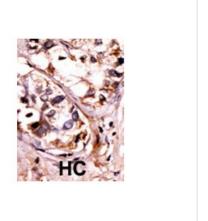
All lanes: Goat anti Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/10000 dilution

Predicted band size: 72 kDa



Western blot - Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody (ab58575) Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody (ab58575) + Mouse liver tissue lysate at 35 $\mu g/ml$

Predicted band size: 72 kDa



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Syk (phospho Y525 + Y526) antibody (ab58575)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

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