abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-BDNF antibody ab6201

★★★★★ 1 Abreviews 44 References 5 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-BDNF antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to BDNF

Host species Rabbit

Specificity By dot blots, less than 0.1% cross-reactivity against mouse NGF, recombinant human NT3 or

NT4. Regarding use with brain lysates in WB: BDNF is very weakly expressed in whole brain (orders of magnitude lower), and extremely difficult to detect in BRAIN lysates. Thus, it cannot be compared to structural proteins or more common targets. It is recommended to use a positive

control or spiked lysate control to optimize WB conditions.

Tested applications Suitable for: Dot blot, ICC/IF, ELISA, Neutralising, WB, IHC-FoFr

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Horse, Human, Pig

Immunogen Recombinant full length protein (Human).

Positive control

Purchase matching WB positive control:

Recombinant Human/Murine/Rat BDNF protein (Active)>

IHC-Fr: rat dorsal root ganglion (using a ganglion from an animal perfused with 2% (2% not the usual 4%) formaldehyde, with the addition of 15% picric acid, will reveal BDNF in many small diameter neurons. WB: dorsal root ganglia is recommended as the best positive control, but if not

available, then both brain or spinal cord extracts can be used.

General notesThis antibody has proven particularly useful for western blot, immunohistochemistry and biological

inhibition. For immunohistochemistry, cell bodies are clearly stained as well as some nerve terminals in the dorsal horn of the rat spinal cord. The antiserum does not stain the finest nerve

terminals.

For BDNF, multiple WB bands are possible and expected. The human protein has 5 isoforms

(precursors: 28 – 37 kDa) and can be glycosylated (Uniprot:

http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/P23560). The mature form is expected at ~14 kDa (monomer) and

the dimer at ~28 kDa.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Add glycerol to a final volume of 50% for

extra stability and aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer Constituent: 0.0268% PBS

Purity Protein G purified

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Light chain type unknown

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab6201 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Dot blot		Use a concentration of 1 - 10 µg/ml.
ICC/IF		Use a concentration of 5 µg/ml.
ELISA		Use a concentration of 0.1 µg/ml.
Neutralising		Use a concentration of 2 - 10 µg/ml.
WB	★★★★★ (1)	Use a concentration of 1 - 10 µg/ml. WB analysis of BDNF can give multiple bands, especially when using tissue lysates, because of many BDNF binding proteins that can form SDS-stable complexes even after boiling. Even in reduced samples, BDNF forms easily dimers and multimers, thus six or more bands can be present (most prominent: 28kDa dimer, monomer: ~14kDa). ab6201 will react also with BDNF-proforms
IHC-FoFr		Use a concentration of 1 - 5 μ g/ml. PubMed: 18971468Using ABC or tyramide amplification may be required to enhance the signal.

Target

Function During development, promotes the survival and differentiation of selected neuronal populations of

the peripheral and central nervous systems. Participates in axonal growth, pathfinding and in the modulation of dendritic growth and morphology. Major regulator of synaptic transmission and plasticity at adult synapses in many regions of the CNS. The versatility of BDNF is emphasized by its contribution to a range of adaptive neuronal responses including long-term potentiation (LTP), long-term depression (LTD), certain forms of short-term synaptic plasticity, as well as homeostatic

regulation of intrinsic neuronal excitability.

Tissue specificity Brain. Highly expressed in hippocampus, amygdala, cerebral cortex and cerebellum. Also

expressed in heart, lung, skeletal muscle, testis, prostate and placenta.

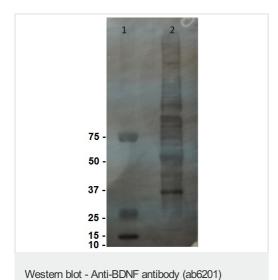
Involvement in diseaseBulimia nervosa 2

Congenital central hypoventilation syndrome

Sequence similarities Belongs to the NGF-beta family.

Post-translational The propeptide is N-glycosylated and glycosulfated.

Images



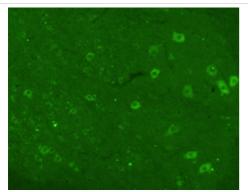
All lanes: Anti-BDNF antibody (ab6201)

Lane 1 : Purified rHBNDF at 0.05 μg **Lane 2 :** Mouse brian lysate at 15 μg

Observed band size: 14,28 kDa

ab6201 BDNF antibody immunostaining in the ventral horn of the spinal cord. Protocol: free floating, PFA/picric acid perfusion fixed rat coronal sections (30 microns) were incubated overnight in

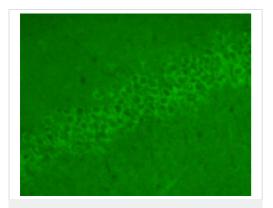
ab6201 (1/500) followed by 1 night of postfixation).



Immunofluorescence was visualised with TSA amplification.

Immunohistochemistry - Free Floating - Anti-BDNF antibody (ab6201)

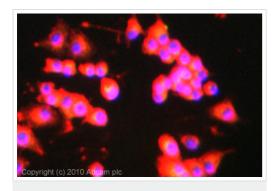
Sophie Pezet, King`s college London, United Kingdom



Immunohistochemistry - Free Floating - Anti-BDNF antibody (ab6201)

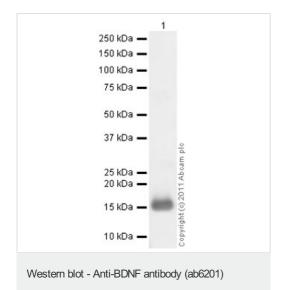
Sophie Pezet, King's college London, United Kingdom

ab6201 BDNF antibody immunostaining BDNF-containing hippocampal neurons. Protocol: PFA(only)-fixed free floating coronal rat brain sections (30 microns) were incubated for 3 days with ab6201 at 1/100 followed by direct immunofluorescence detection (alexa488; 1/1000). We recommend using an amplification IHC protocol following PFA/picric acid fixation of brain tissue for optimising BDNF detection using ab6201



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-BDNF antibody (ab6201)

ICC/IF image of ab6201 stained PC12 cells. The cells were 4% formaldehyde fixed (10 min) and then incubated in 1%BSA / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block non-specific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated with the antibody (ab6201, $5\mu g/ml$) overnight at +4°C. The secondary antibody (green) was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) used at a 1/1000 dilution for 1h. Alexa Fluor® 594 WGA was used to label plasma membranes (red) at a 1/200 dilution for 1h. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue) at a concentration of 1.43 μ M.



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